BBC MORLD SECOND EDITION Student's Book and eBook **STARTER** Pearson 10-25 <A1/A1

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5

VOCABULARY

The alphabet | Spelling words/names | Numbers | Colours | Classroom objects | Classroom language

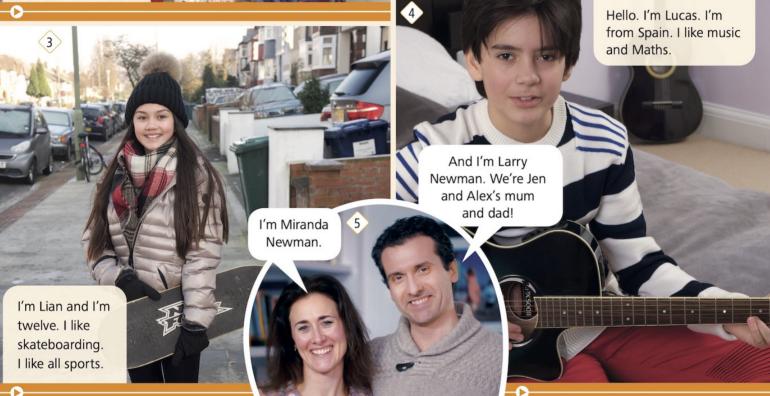
GRAMMAR

I'm ... | I like / He/She likes ... | This is ...

Get started!







0.1 How do you spell that?

- 1 () 1 () 0.2 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Who is twelve?
- Look at the photos and read. Complete the sentences.
 - 1 Jen likes cupcakes.
 - 2 Alex likes computers and _____
 - 3 Lian likes all ______.
 - 4 Lucas likes _____ and Maths.

- 3 Play a game! Stand in a line. Ask and answer.
 - A: I'm Mario. What's your name?
 - B: I'm Ella. What's your name?
 - C: My name's David. ...
- 4 (1) 0.3 (1) 0.4 Listen and do the Alphabet Rap.







D

E, F, G,

Say the alphabet, say it with me!

H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P,



is funny, as you can see.

R, S, T, U and V,

Four more letters and we're free.

W, X, Y and – shh ...



is sleepy, so are we!

5 Complete the words with the letters below. Say the letters.

tfgxls



1 *g* irl



2 bo __



3 andwich



4 able



5 ion



6 ish

6 ◀) 0.5 Listen and tick (✓) the letters you hear.

Work in pairs. Say the alphabet. Stop when the teacher tells you. Your partner says what comes next.



- 8 **4)** 0.6 Listen and complete the names. In pairs, compare your answers.
 - 1 HAILEY
 - 2 B _ T _ Y
 - 3 _ E _ _ A L
 - 4 I L A
- Work in pairs. Ask for your partner's name. Write it down.
 - A: What's your name?
 - B: Vicky.
 - A: How do you spell that?
 - B: V-I-C-K-Y. Vicky.



The Terrific Two - Meet Dug and Kit



1 • 0.7 Listen and read. Look at the picture. Choose the correct option.

Dug / Kit is a superhero.

2 4) 0.8 In pairs, listen and point. Say who they are.

Coco Granny Kit Roberto Superdug Wonder Will



3 (1) 0.9 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY Numbers 1–12 5 five 9 nine 1 one 2 two 6 six 10 ten 7 seven 11 eleven 3 three 4 four 8 eight 12 twelve

4 Complete the numbers.



5

W	rite the answer in words.		
1	$six + six = \underline{twelve}$	5	two – one =
2	ten – one =	6	two + six =
3	two + three =	7	five + two =
4	twelve – nine =	8	twelve – one =

6 (1) 0.10 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY Numbers 13–20

thirteen	17	seventeen
fourteen	18	eighteen
fifteen	19	nineteen
sixteen	20	twenty
	fourteen fifteen	fourteen 18 fifteen 19

7 Choose the correct number.

1	four	4/14
2	fifteen	5 / 15
3	thirteen	3 / 13
4	eight	8 / 18
5	twenty	2/20
6	seven	7 / 17

8 • 0.11 Listen and write the number.

a <u>20</u>	e
b	f
c	g
d	h

9 4) 0.12 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY	Colours

black blue green red white

10 Look at Exercise 4. Write the numbers which are this colour.

red	1, 8	yellow	
blue		black	
green	·		

11 Play a game! Student A, listen to Student B and guess. Then change roles.

A: What's your favourite colour?

B: Not white, not yellow, not green, not blue, not black.

A: It's red!

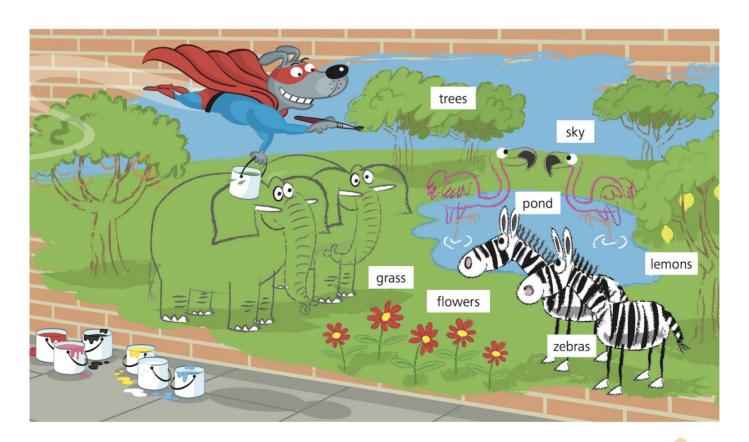
12 Look at the picture below. Match 1–5 with a–e.

1	The flowers are	a	blue.
2	The zebras are	b	yellow.
3	The sky is	c	red.
4	The lemons are	d	green.
5	The trees are	е	black and white.

13 Play a game! Finish the sentences.

A: The trees are ... B: ... red. C: No! They're green. The pond is ... D: ... blue!

E: Yes! The zebras are ...





1 0.13 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with objects A-F in Alex's bag.



book notebook pen pencil ruler sandwich

WATCH OUT!

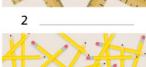
a pencil six pencils a sandwich two sandwiches

Look at the pictures. How many things can you see?



six notebooks





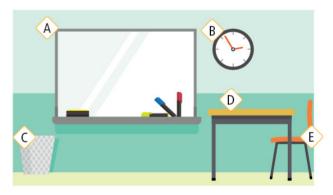


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3 4) 0.14 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with objects A-E in the picture.

VOCABULARY Classroom objects

bin board chair clock desk

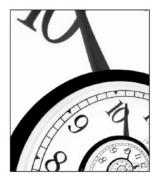


D

4 Find objects from the Vocabulary box in Exercise 3 in your classroom and point at them.

WATCH OUT!

It's a board. They're desks. 5 In pairs, guess what these objects are. Then go to page 140 and check.





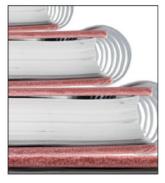
It's a

2









5

6

6 4) 0.15 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Classroom language

Open your books. Close your books.

Listen (to the story). Look (at the photo).

Read (the text).

Write (your name).

Sit down.

Stand up.

Work in pairs.

Can you help me, please?

Can you repeat that, please?

What's ... in English?

7 Read the expressions in the Speaking box again. Who usually says them: a teacher or a student?

WATCH OUT!

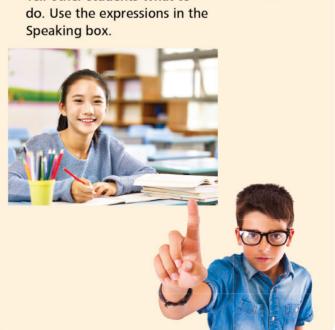
Can you help me, please? Stand up, please!

8 4) 0.16 Match 1-4 with a-d. Listen and check. In pairs, act out the dialogues.



- Can you repeat that, please?
- 2 Can you help me, Miss?
- How do we say this word in English? 3
- What does 'amazing' mean?
- a We say 'elephant'.
- b It means 'really good'.
- c Yes, Maria. How can I help you?
- d Yes, Thomas. Giraffe. Giraffe. OK?

9 Play a game! Be a teacher. Tell other students what to



Family and friends

VOCABULARY

Family | Countries and nationalities | Places | Art

GRAMMARto be affirmative | to be negative | my, your | possessive 's























1.1

Vocabulary

Family

1 Read the words below. What do they mean?

brother dad daughter grandad granny mum sister son

2 • 1.1 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY Family

mother mum father dad parents grandfather grandad grandmother granny son daughter brother sister aunt uncle cousin

3 Complete the table with family words from the Vocabulary box.

He	She
father	mother grandmother
son	
uncle	sister
	cousin

4 Match 1–4 with a–d.

1	father	a	grandad
2	grandmother	b	dad
3	mother	c	granny
4	grandfather	d	mum



WATCH OUT!

Paul = Mark's father Evita = Rosa's daughter

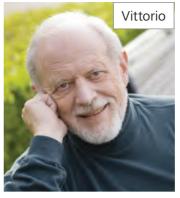
5 Look at the family tree on page 12 and write the names.

1	Mark's grandfather	<u>Vittorio</u>
2	Mark's sister	
3	Mark's aunt	
4	Mark's cousins	
5	Mark's grandmother	

6 Look at the family tree on page 12 again. Complete each sentence with one of the names below.

	C	Colin's Julia's	Mark's
	Р	aul's Rosa's	Tom's
	1	Colin is <u>Mar</u>	<u>k's</u> uncle.
	2	Julia is	sister.
	3	David is	son.
4	4	Anna is	daughter.
	5	Vittorio and	Agatha are
		parents.	
(6	Evita is	cousin.

7 1.2 Listen and choose T (true) or F (false). Then listen again and check your answers.





1 T/F

2 T / F





3 T/F

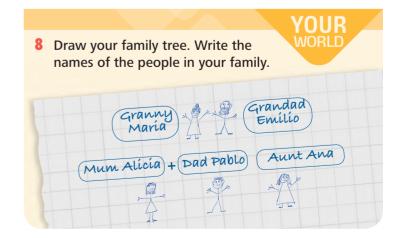
4 T/F





5 T / F

6 T / F



Unit 1

to be affirmative

VIDEO



IT'S GRANNY'S BIRTHDAY!

Sophie is Jen and Alex's grandmother. Today is Sophie's birthday. She is seventy years old.





Alex: It's Aunt Megan!

Megan: Hello, Alex! Hold this, please.

Be careful! It's Granny's birthday cake.

Alex: It's OK. I've got it!



Megan: Happy birthday, Mum! Here's your present.

Sophie: Thank you, my darling.

Dad: Hello, sister!



0

1 (2 4) 1.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Answer the question.

How old is Jen and Alex's granny today?

2 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false). Correct the false sentences.

Granny isn't very happy.
 Granny's name is Sophie.
 T / F
 There's a present for Alex in the box.
 Dad is Megan's brother.
 T / F

3 (1) 1.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.

SOUNDS GOOD!

Hold this, please. •
Be careful! • I've got it!

- 4 Jen and Alex's mum says 'Oh, no!' Why? Have a class vote. Choose the correct answer.
 - a The cake is a mess.
 - b It isn't Granny's cake.
 - c A mouse is in the box.
- 5 () 3 (1) 1.5 Now watch or listen and check.

6 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR to be affirmative			
ong form	Short form		
am eleven.	I'm eleven.		
You are eleven. You're eleven.			
He/She/It is eleven. He/She/It's eleven.			
We are eleven. We're eleven.			
You are eleven. You're eleven.			
They are eleven. They're eleven.			



- 7 Find the sentences in the story on page 14. Complete the sentences with the missing word.
 - 1 She <u>is</u> seventy years old.
 - 2 'I _____ so happy!'
 - 3 'You _____ here!'
 - 4 'It _____ Granny's birthday cake.'
 - 5 'We _____ ready for the cake!'
- 8 Choose the correct option.
 - 1 You are / is ready.
 - 2 I is / am here.
 - 3 We am / are happy!
 - 4 It are / is a present for you.
 - 5 They is / are at Granny's house.
- 9 Rewrite the sentences in Exercise 8 in your notebook, using the short form of the verb to be.
 - 1 You're ready.

WATCH OUT!

 $I \rightarrow my$ It's my birthday.

I'm ten!

you → your It's your birthday.

You're eleven!

10 Complete the sentences with my or your.

- 1 Alex: Granny, here's *your* birthday card!
- 2 Sophie: I'm very happy! _____ family is here!
- 3 Alex: _____ birthday cake is in this box, Granny.
- 4 Jen: Sophie is _____ granny too!
- 11 (1) 1.6 How old are they? Complete the sentences. Then listen and check.

1	Lucas: I'm eleven.—		10
2	Lian: Alex and I		16
3	Lucas: My brother		11
4	Lian to Jen: You	, right? 🗸	12

12 Complete the text with am, are or is.



My name $^1\underline{is}$ Lian and I $^2\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ twelve years old. Alex and I $^3\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ best friends and classmates. Jen $^4\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ten years old. We $^5\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ friends too.

13 Read the text in Exercise 12 again. Then write about you and your friends.

My name _____ and I _____

14 Read the poem. Make changes to talk about a friend or classmate.





I'm twelve today,

Hip, hip, hooray!

Let's have a break

And eat some cake!

Kelly's thirteen today ...

Unit 1

to be negative

The Terrific Two – Dug's family album









- 1 Look at the cartoon. How many types of dogs can you see?
- 2 (1) 1.7 Listen and read. What nationality is Uncle Roberto?
- **3** Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).
 - Uncle Roberto is a superhero.
 Aunt Gigi is French.
 Dug's parents are superheroes.
 Dug is happy in the photo.
 Dug's mum is British.

4 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR to be negative			
Long form	Short form		
I am not British.	I'm not British.		
You are not British.	You aren't British.		
He/She/It is not British.	He/She/It isn't British.		
We are not British.	We aren't British.		
You are not British.	You aren't British.		
They are not British.	They aren't British.		



- 5 In your notebook, write negative sentences. Use the long form of the verb to be.
 - 1 Dug is French. Dug is not French.
 - 2 Kit is a dog.
 - 3 Dug's parents are superheroes.
 - 4 Dug: 'I am happy.'
 - 5 Kit: 'You are in the photo, Dug.'
 - 6 Dug is orange.
- 6 Rewrite the sentences in Exercise 5 in your notebook. Use the short form of the verb to be.
 - 1 Dug isn't French.
- 7 (1) 1.8 Look, listen and repeat.



8 Look at the flags. Complete the sentences about Dug's family with is or isn't.



In your notebook, write sentences about Kit's friends and family.



10 Choose your nationality and WORLD play Three Guesses.

A: You're Spanish!

B: No, I'm not Spanish.

A: You're British!

B: No, I'm not British.

A: You're Turkish!

B: Yes, I'm Turkish.

Speaking

Introductions



Hi, Mum! Jen: Hi, kids! Mum:

Mum, this is Lucas. Jen:

> He's our new neighbour. Lucas, this is my mum.

Hello, Lucas. Nice to meet you. Mum: Nice to meet you too, Mrs Newman. Lucas:

Mum: Jen, your bag!

Jen: Sorry, Mum. Let's go, Lucas.

- 1 6 4) 1.9 Watch the video. Then listen and read. What is Jen's family name?
- 2 1.10 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Introductions

A: Mum, this is Lucas. He is my friend/classmate Lucas, this is my mum.

B: Hello, Lucas. Nice to meet you.

C: Nice to meet you too.

- 3 (1) 1.11 Put the dialogue in the correct order. Then listen and check.
 - 1 b 3 ___ 4 __

a Desi: Nice to meet you too, Lisa. b Adam: Lisa, this is Desi. He's my best

friend.

Hello, Desi. Nice to meet you. c Lisa: d Adam: Desi, this is my cousin, Lisa.

- 4 In groups of three, act out the dialogue in Exercise 3.
- 5 Choose the best answer.
 - 1 A: Hello, I'm George.
 - B: a Very well, thanks.
 - b I've got it!
 - c Nice to meet you, George.
 - 2 A: Mum, this is Sam.
 - B: a He's my classmate.
 - b Hello, Sam.
 - c Hold this, please.
 - 3 A: Kate, this is my sister, Lisa.
 - B: a Be careful!
 - b Hi, Lisa. Nice to meet you.
 - c She's my friend.



Reading and Vocabulary

Family photo album



My family album

I'm Alice! I'm thirteen. I'm from London in the UK. This is my family album.



This is my favourite photo. I'm four and my sister Isabel is six. In this photo we are at my granny's house in London. Granny is Dad's mum. She's fun!



My cousin Tommy, Isabel and Lare in this photo, I'm nine, Tommy's ten and Isabel's eleven.



And this is my family: Mum, Dad, Isabel and me, I'm eleven and Isabel's thirteen. We're on holiday in France.

- 1 (1) 1.12 Read and listen to Alice's blog. Find Alice in photos A, B and C.
- 2 Read the blog again. Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
 - 1 Isabel is Alice's <u>sister</u>.
 - 2 Tommy is Isabel's _
 - 3 Granny is Alice's dad's _____
 - 4 Granny's _ _____ is in London.
- 3 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).
 - 1 Alice is eleven in photo C. T / F
 - 2 They're on holiday in France in photo A.
- T / F
- 3 They're in the park in photo B. T / F
- 4 Tommy is eleven in photo B. T / F
- 5 Photo A is Alice's favourite. T / F
- 4 (1) 1.13 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY Places

at home at school in the park on holiday **5** Look at the pictures and write the places.









6 Work in pairs. Go to page 140. Take turns describing the photos.

Unit 1

Listening and Writing

Best friends

INTERNATIONAL FRIENDSHIP DAY!

Podcasts

∡ Kids

" International Friendship



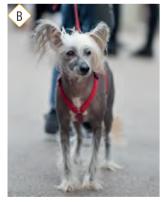
We think about our friends on International Friendship Day.

Listen to our podcast with your friends!

- 1 Look at the website. What is the podcast about?
- 2 (1) 1.14 Listen to the podcast. Match speakers 1-3 with photos of their best friends A-C.

1 Tom _____ 2 Maria ____ 3 Juan _







- 3 (1) 1.14 Read the questions. Listen again. Write a number or a country.
 - 1 How old is Monica?

11

2 Where is Monica now?

3 How old is Shu?

4 Where are Ayla and Yusuf from?

and nationality.

4 Who is your best friend? Tell the class.

5 Read about Alex and complete the table.

My best friend

My name's Alex. I'm twelve and I'm from the UK. I'm British. My best



friend is Lian. She's twelve too. Lian is from the UK. Lian's dad is British. Lian's mum and granny are Chinese.

	Name	Age	Nationality	Country
Me	Alex			the UK
My best friend			British	

6 Study the Writing box. Then find the capital letters in the text in Exercise 5.

WRITING Capital letters

Use a capital letter for names of people, countries and nationalities. Use a capital letter for the pronoun *I* and at the beginning of every sentence too.

My best friend is Jack.

I'm from France.

Maria and Juan are Spanish.

WRITING TIME

- 7 Write about you and your best friend.

Find ideas

Find a photo of you and your best friend.

Write about your name, age, country and nationality. My name's ...

I'm (ten/eleven/twelve ...).

I'm from ...

Write about your best friend's name, age, country

Check and write

Check all the capital letters and write the final version of your text.

Families in Art



1 (1) 1.15 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY

Art

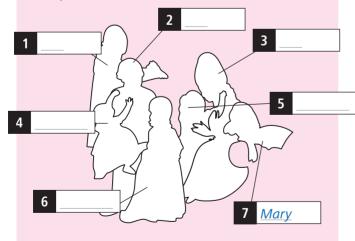
artist by children painting people picture

- In pairs, talk about a family photo. Who is in it?
- 3 Look at the painting above and read the text. Write the names of the people in the line drawing.

The Copley family

By John Singleton Copley (1738–1815)

This is a painting of the artist's family. The people in the picture are John Singleton Copley; Mrs Copley; Mrs Copley's father, Richard Clarke; the Copleys' three daughters, Betsy (six), Mary (three) Susanna (baby), and son, John Junior (four).



- 4 Read the text again. Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
 - 1 John Singleton Copley is the children's *father*.
 - 2 Richard Clarke is the children's ______.
 - 3 Mrs Copley is the children's ______.
 - 4 Betsy is Mary and Susanna's ___
 - 5 John Junior is the girls' _

5 Look at paintings A-C. What is the nationality of the artists?







by John Everett Millais



- 6 Match the paintings A–C in Exercise 5 with their titles 1-3.
 - The artist's father 1
 - Portrait of the artist's uncle Henri and his cousin, Lucie
 - Portrait of Mrs William Evamy (the artist's aunt)
- 7 Work in pairs. Test your memory. Cover Exercises 5 and 6. Then take turns to make sentences and say if they are correct or incorrect.
 - 1 John Everett Millais / American
 - 2 Paul Cézanne / French
 - 3 Edgar Degas / British
 - 4 Mrs Evamy / Millais' mother
 - 5 Lucie / Degas' cousin
 - 6 Henri / Degas' father
 - A: John Everett MIllais is American.
 - B: No. He's British.
 - B: Paul Cézanne is French.
 - A: Yes. That's right.
- **8** Have a class vote about the paintings in this lesson. Which one do you like best?

Vocabulary Activator

Family

aunt (n) brother (n) cousin (n) dad (n) daughter (n) father (n) grandad (n) grandfather (n) grandmother (n) granny (n) mother (n)

mum (n)

sister (n)

uncle (n)

son (n)

parents (n)

Countries and nationalities

American (adj) British (adj) China (n) Chinese (adi) France (n) French (adj) Poland (n) Polish (adj) Spain (n) Spanish (adj) Turkey (n) Turkish (adj) the UK (n)

the USA (n)

Places

at home at school in the park on holiday

Art

artist (n) by (prep) children (singular: child) (n) painting (n) people (singular: person) (n) picture (n)

Extra words

Be careful! best friend birthday (n) box (n) cake (n)

card (n) classmate (n) fat (adi) flag (n) hamster (n) happy (adj) Hold this, please. holiday (n) home (n) I've got it! Let's have a break. mouse (n) neighbour (n) Nice to meet you.

orange (adj)

portrait (n)

present (n)

1 Complete the puzzle with the family words in the wordlist.



3 Find words from the wordlist.

1 words that go with birthday cake, card, _

2 words that go with country nationality,

3 groups of people neighbours, _____, family

4 () 1.17 **PRONUNCIATION** /v/ or /b/ Listen and repeat.

Viv's best friends, Vincent and Brad, Are a bad brown dog And a very big cat!

2 What nationality are they? Where are they from?





Revision

Vocabulary

1 Complete the family words.

1	g <u>r</u> and <u>a</u> d	4	a t	7	co in
2	gr n y	5	$m \mathrel{_\!\!\!\!_} m$	8	s st r
3	un e	6	$d _ d$	9	b t er

2 Choose the odd one out.

1	<u>a</u>	Chinese	b	Spain	C	the UK
2	a	the USA	b	Turkish	c	the UK
3	a	France	b	Poland	c	American
4	a	Spanish	b	British	c	China
5	а	French	b	the USA	c	Polish

3 Look at the photos. Choose the correct option.



1 in the park / at school



2 on holiday / in the park



3 at school / on holiday



4 at school / at home

Grammar

Complete the sentences. Use possessive 's.

1	Luke / cake	It's <u>Luke's cake</u> .
2	Granny / birthday	It's
3	Dad / sister	Megan is
4	Jen / brother	Alex is

5 Read and complete Maria's profile with am, are or is.

	_
My	name is Maria. I ¹ <u>ar</u>
thir	een. I ² from
the	USA. My best friend
3	Isabel. Isabel
4	British. We
5	classmates.
Isab	el's two brothers
6	my friends too.



6 Match 1–5 with a–e.

1	Jane's best			
2	Your brother	is		

- It's my That isn't
- My cousin
- a your schoolbag.
- b George is eleven.
- c friend is Spanish.
- d in my class.
- e birthday today!
- 7 Write negative sentences. Which sentences are true for you? Tell your partner.
 - 1 I'm fifteen. I'm not fifteen.
 - 2 My best friend is Spanish.
 - 3 My brother's name is Ben.
 - We're at home.
 - 5 It's my birthday.
 - 6 My neighbours are Chinese.

Speaking

8 Complete the dialogue with the words below. Then act out the dialogue in groups of three.

meet nice this this Jamie: Mum, ¹ this is my friend, David. David, ² _____ is my mum. David: Hello, Mrs Smith. 3 _____ to meet you. you too, David. Mum: Nice to 4_

BBC English around the world **CULTURE** Canada 3 Ireland 5 South Africa New Zealand

WHO SPEAKS ENGLISH?

The UK (United Kingdom): England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland

Capital city: London

Population: 65 million people

Language: English

The USA (United States of America)

Capital city: Washington Population: 324 million people Language: English and Spanish

Australia

Capital city: Canberra

Population: 24 million people

Language: English

capital city (n) an important city where the government of a country, state, etc. is flag (n) a piece of cloth with a design on it that represents a country population (n) the number of people living in a country

1 Look at the map. Match countries 1, 4 and 6 with the words below.

Australia the UK the USA

- 2 4) 1.18 People in the UK, the USA and Australia speak the same language. What language is it? Read, listen and check.
- 3 Look at the map and read the text again. Read 1-5 and follow the instructions.
 - 1 Choose the Australian flag.
- b E
- 2 Complete the sentence: Scotland is in _
- 3 Number the countries from 1 to 3 (very big, big, small number of people).
 - the UK the USA Australia
- 4 Choose the correct option. Canberra is in Australia / the USA.
- 5 Draw lines and make sentences. Ireland is in the UK. Northern Ireland is a country.
- 1.19 Listen and match 1–3 with a–c.
 - 1 Erin a is from the USA. **b** is from Australia. 2 Peter c is from the UK. 3 Ollie



- **5** 7 Watch the video and answer the presenter's questions.
- - 1 The UK is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and
 - a Scotland. b Wales. c Northern Ireland.
 - 2 There are four ... in the UK.
 - a cities. b countries. c towns.

- 3 People from the UK are ...
 - a British. b English. c American.
- 4 London is a ... city.
 - a small and busy b big and green
 - c big and busy
- 7 Discuss in class. What new things did you learn from the video? Would you like to visit the UK? Why?/Why not?

PROJECT TIME

8 In groups, make a digital presentation about one of the countries below. Follow these steps.

the Republic of Ireland New Zealand the Republic of South Africa Canada

- In your group, collect information about the country. Answer these questions.
 - What is the capital city?
 - What is the population?
 - What is the language? / What are the languages?
- Find these things.
 - a map of the country
 - the flag of the country
 - photos of important and/or interesting places

- 3 Create your presentation.
 - Write your presentation.
 - Choose the photos to add to your presentation.
 - Read and check your presentation.
 - Share your presentation with the class.
 - Answer other students' questions.
 - Ask questions and comment on the other presentations.



2.1 Vocabulary

Clothes

1 Find the clothes below in the picture. Which clothes are you wearing today?

coat jeans shoes skirt T-shirt trousers

2 1 Listen and repeat. Find the clothes in the Vocabulary box in the picture on page 26.

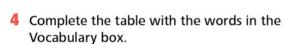
VOCABULARY Clothes

cap coat dress jacket jeans shoes skirt T-shirt top tracksuit trainers trousers

- 3 (1) 2.2 Listen and choose the word you hear.
 - 1 (T-shirt) / skirt
 - 2 jacket / jeans
 - 3 trainers / trousers
 - 4 shoes / dress
 - 5 cap/coat
 - 6 top / tracksuit

WATCH OUT!

The T-shirt is blue. The shoes are black. The jeans are blue.



Singular: is	Plural: are		
<u>T-shirt</u> ,,	jeans,,		

- 5 Complete the sentences with *is* or *are*. Then look at the picture on page 26. Tick (✓) for yes or put a cross (X) for no.
 - 1 The tracksuit <u>is</u> brown.
 - The trainers _____ red.
 - 3 The dress _____ yellow.
 - 4 The trousers _____ __ black.
- 6 Look at your clothes and tell a partner. My jeans are blue, my T-shirt is green and white, and my trainers are red.
- 7 Choose a student from your class and name his/her clothes. Ask your partner to guess the student.

A: White T-shirt, blue skirt.

B: It's Natasha!

8 Adam and Adele are in the gym. Are their clothes OK for the gym? Write their clothes. Then tick (✓) for yes or put a cross (x) for no.



Adam:	tracksuit trousers	Adele:	
	<u>jacket</u>		

9 Dress Adam and Adele for a party. Write two lists of clothes. In pairs, compare your lists.

Adam: white T-shirt, ... Adele: blue shoes, ...

10 Make lists of clot at school and at	
at school	at the weekend

this, that, these, those

VIDEO



THAT'S MY T-SHIRT!





Jen: Bye, Holly! ... Hang on, what are these? These aren't my jeans. They're too long! These are Mum's jeans. Yep ... and this is Mum's top.





0

- 1 () 8 (1) 2.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Are the clothes in the right place?
- 2 Look at the photos and read the story again. Whose clothes are they? Choose the correct option.
 - 1 Photo 2: The jeans are Jen's / Mum's.
 - 2 Photo 3: The jeans are Jen's / Mum's.
 - 3 Photo 3: The top is Jen's / Mum's.
 - 4 Photo 4: The T-shirts are Dad's / Alex's.
- 3 (1) 2.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.

SOUNDS GOOD!

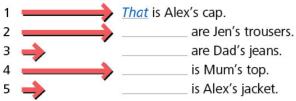
- What's up? Hang on. • Here you are. • Over there.
- 4 Who has got Alex's new T-shirt? Have a class vote. Choose the correct answer.
 - a Mum
- b Dad
- c Jen
- 5 () 9 (1) 2.5 Now watch or listen and check.

6 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.





- 7 Choose the correct option.
 - 1 This /These are your trainers.
 - 2 This / These isn't Alex's T-shirt.
 - 3 This / These shoes aren't Jen's.
 - 4 That / Those T-shirts are Dad's.
 - 5 That / Those is my coat.
 - 6 That / Those jeans are Mum's.
- **8** Complete the sentences with *this, that, these* or *those*.

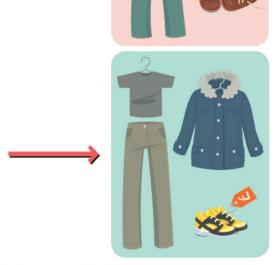


9 (1) 2.6 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY Adjectives

big boring cool long new old short small

- 10 Look at the words from the Vocabulary box. Match them with their opposites.
 - 1bigaold2boringbshort3newcsmall4longdcool
- 11 In pairs, talk about the clothes. Use adjectives from the Vocabulary box and *this, that, these* or *those*.



- A: How about the T-shirts?
- B: This T-shirt is cool. That T-shirt is boring.

WATCH OUT!

These shoes are **too** big! This T-shirt is **too** small!

12 Play a drawing dictation game! Use adjectives with too.

Draw a boy. The boy's T-shirt is too small. ...

to be questions and short answers



- 1 Look at the cartoon. Where does Dug buy his superhero suits from?
- 2 (1) 2.7 Listen and read. What size is Dug's new suit?

3 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR to be questions and short answers			
?	Short answers		
Am I OK?	Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.		
Are you OK?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't.		
Is he/she/it OK?	Yes, he/she/it is. / No, he/she/it isn't.		
Are we OK?	Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.		
Are you OK?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't.		
Are they OK?	Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.		
What is it?	It's my new suit.		



Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).

1	The puppies are OK.	T / F
2	The girl is a superhero.	T / F
3	Dug's new suit is in the box.	T / F
4	Dug's new suit is small.	T / F

- 5 Find the questions in the cartoon on page 30. Complete the questions.
 - 1 Are they OK? 2 ls _____ _ a superhero? _____ you sure? 4 _____ this box for me? 5 What is ___ 6 Am _____ cool?
- 6 Look at the cartoon on page 30. In your notebook, answer the questions in Exercise 5.
 - 1 Yes, they are.

- 7 Complete the questions and short answers.
 - 1 Boy: **Are** you a superhero? Kit: No, I'm not. we best friends? 2 Kit: Yes, we _ Dug: 3 Dug: my new suit cool? Kit: No, it _ I clever? 4 Kit: Dug: Yes, you _ 5 Girl: Superdug your brother? Kit: No, he_ 6 Kit: they your puppies? Yes, they __ Girl:
- 8 (1) 2.8 Listen to the questions and choose the correct answer.
 - 1 Yes, it is / No, they aren't.
 - 2 Yes, you are. / No, they aren't.
 - 3 Yes, I am. / No, you aren't.
 - 4 Yes, they are. / No, he isn't.
 - 5 Yes, they are. / No, you aren't.
 - 6 Yes, we are. / No, they aren't.
- Write questions in your notebook. In pairs, ask the questions and give true answers.
 - 1 you / twelve years old? Are you twelve years old?
 - 2 you / happy?
 - 3 we / friends?
 - 4 Superdug and Kit / cool?
 - 5 you / clever?
 - 6 I / a superhero?
 - A: Are you twelve years old?
 - B: Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.



Speaking

Asking for personal information





Mr Wood: What's your name?

Lucas: Lucas Ortiz. That's O-R-T-I-Z.

Mr Wood: Good. And how old are you, Lucas?

I'm eleven years old. Lucas:

Mr Wood: Welcome to the school band.



Where are you from, Lucas? Lucas: I'm from Madrid, Spain. What's your favourite music? Lian: Lucas: Good question. Rock, I think. Who's your favourite singer? Lian:

Lucas: Erm ... Ed Sheeran.

High five! He's my favourite too! Lian:

- 1 (2) 12 (1) 2.11 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Where is Lucas from?
- 2 (1) 2.12 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING

Asking for personal information

What's your name? How old are you? Where are you from? What's your favourite music/sport/film? Who's your favourite actor/singer/sportsperson?

- 3 (1) 2.13 Listen to the short dialogues. Choose the correct option.
 - 1 Star Wars. (Superman.)
 - 2 Nick Carr. That's C-A-double R. / Carl Neal. That's N-E-A-L.
 - 3 Portsmouth, UK. / Paris, France.
 - 4 I'm twelve. / I'm thirteen.
 - 5 Ariana Grande. / Taylor Swift.

- 4 Complete the dialogues with questions from the Speaking box.
 - 1 A: What's your favourite music?
 - B: Pop, I think.

2 A:

- I'm twelve years old. B:
- 3 A:
- My name's Fred Allen. That's B:
 - A- double L-E-N.
- 4 A:
 - Football. B:
- 5 A: ?
 - I'm from Glasgow, Scotland.

?

- 5 In pairs, ask and answer the questions from the Speaking box. Give crazy answers!
 - A: What's your name?
 - B: My name's Queen Coco!
 - A: Where are you from?

Reading and Vocabulary

My things

1 (1) 2.14 Listen and repeat. Then match photos 1-4 with the words in the Vocabulary box.

VOCABULARY My things

backpack laptop computer mobile phone mountain bike







2



2 (1) 2.15 Read and listen to the article. Why is the backpack a super backpack?

3 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).

1 Shen is from London in the UK. T/F 2 The super backpack is a jacket too. T/F 3 The super backpack is too small for a laptop computer. T/F 4 Tilly is a cat. T/F

4 Look at the picture in the article and answer the questions.

1 What colour is the super backpack?

2 Is the jacket red or blue? _

3 Is the cat big or small?

5 Work in groups. Invent a supergadget! Draw it and show it to the class.

This isn't a boring schoolbag. It's a laptop too!



Unit 2

Listening and Writing

My favourite things

- 1 In pairs, name the clothes of the people in the picture in Exercise 2. What objects have they got?
- 2 4) 2.16 Look at the picture again. Listen and write numbers next to the four names. There is one extra child in the picture.

Monica Janet Ben



3 4) 2.16 Listen again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

1	Sam's cap is too small.	T/F
2	Janet is Monica's sister.	T/F
3	Janet's favourite thing is a skateboard.	T/F
4	Ben's trainers are red.	T/F
5	Monica's skirt is too short.	T/F

4 What are your favourite things? Tell a friend.

5 Read Alex's blog post. What are his favourite things?

What are my favourite things?



My number one favourite thing is my old, blue mountain bike. I love my bike! My new comic book is number two. It's fantastic! What's number three? That's easy. My red and white trainers. They're really cool!

What are your favourite things? Write a post and tell me.

6 Study the Writing box. Then find the punctuation marks in Alex's blog post.

WRITING Punctuation

Remember to use punctuation marks!

What are your favourite things?

They're my backpack, my phone and my computer. They're cool!

WRITING TIME

7 Write about your favourite things.



Find ideas

Make a list of your favourite things. Think of adjectives to describe them.



Draft

Write about your favourite things. Give your text a title: What are my favourite things? My number one/two/three favourite thing is my ... It's ...

Check and write

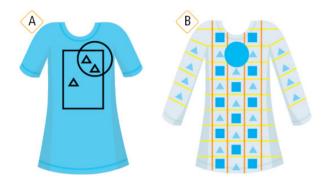
Check your punctuation and write the final version of your text.

Shapes

1 4) 2.17 Listen and repeat. Match pictures 1–5 with the words in the Vocabulary box.

VOCABULARY Shapes
circle line rectangle square triangle
1 ~ 2

2 Read and match texts 1–3 with pictures A–D. There is one extra picture.





- Look! This is my new top. It's cool. It's white with blue squares and triangles and orange and yellow lines. Oh, and a blue circle too.
- 2 My favourite top is old, but it isn't boring. It's yellow with red squares, green lines and triangles. No rectangles and no
- 3 My favourite top is blue with one big rectangle, small triangles and a circle. No squares or lines!

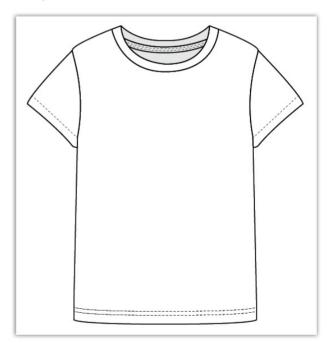
3 Read the texts and look at the pictures in Exercise 2 again. Complete the table.

Тор	Colours	Shapes		
Α	blue, black	rectangle, triangles, circle		
В				
C				

4 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).

1	The rectangle on top A is small.	T/F
2	The shapes on top A are all big.	T/F
3	Top C is yellow with eight squares and	
	eight triangles.	T/F
4	The squares on top C are green.	T/F
5	The circle on top B is blue.	T/F
6	The lines on top B are black and blue.	T/F

5 Design a T-shirt or a top with shapes. Then complete the sentences.



This is my	
It's (colour) and/or shapes)	with (colours

Vocabulary Activator

WORDLIST (1) 2.18

Clothes

cap (n) coat (n) dress (n) jacket (n) jeans (n) shoes (n) skirt (n) T-shirt (n) top (n) tracksuit (n) tracksuit jacket (n)

tracksuit trousers (n) trainers (n) trousers (n)

Adjectives big (adj)

boring (adj)

cool (adj) long (adj) new (adj) old (adj) short (adj)

small (adj) My things

backpack (n) laptop computer (n) mobile phone (n) mountain bike (n)

Shapes

circle (n) line (n) rectangle (n) square (n) triangle (n)

Extra words

Are you sure? at the weekend box (n) boy (n) clever cat cold (adj) fantastic (adj) favourite (adj) gadget (n) girl (n) Good question. Hang on. Here you are. High five!

How cool is that!

just right

No problem. Over there. put away (v) rock (music) (n) school band (n) size (n) skateboard (n) suit (n) That's easy. That's not all. too (small) (adv) What's up?

- Find words for clothes in the wordlist. Use each word only once.
 - 1 two things for your shoes, ...



2 three things for





only.

3 one thing for





4 two things for when it's



one thing for your



6 three things for





Rewrite the sentences. Use a word that means the opposite of the word in bold.

cool old short small

- 1 Your T-shirt is big. Your T-shirt isn't
- 2 These trousers aren't long.
- 3 My tracksuit is **new**.
- 4 Those trainers are boring.

3 Complete the words.

My favourite things!

1	My m	_i	e	ph	_ e	
2	My m u		ai.	b _	_ k _	
3	My I p _	ор	С.	mp _	_	er
4	My new	ck		ack		

4 1) 2.19 PRONUNCIATION /ð/ or /d/

Listen and repeat.

This old T-shirt is my brother Dan's. That new dress is my mother Anne's.



Revision

Vocabulary

1 Look at the pictures and complete the words. In pairs, say four more clothes words.



- 1 shoe <u>s</u> 2 co __t
- 3 t__p
- 4 ca__

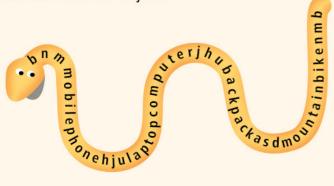
- 5 tr __ i __ e __ s
- 6 je ___ s
- 7 T- sh ___ t
- 8 ja _____t
- 2 Match pictures A–C with sentences 1–2. In pairs, describe the extra picture.







- 1 It's old, but it isn't boring. It's green.
- 2 It's new. It isn't small and it isn't big. It's red. It's cool!
- 3 Find and write four objects.



- 4 In pairs, play a game.
 - Student A, say an adjective and a clothes word.

A cool T-shirt!

Student B, say an adjective and a different clothes word.

New trousers!

Continue! You can't repeat the clothes words. You can repeat the adjectives.

Grammar

- 5 Look at the pictures in Exercise 1 again. In pairs, say sentences with too. Maggie's coat is too big.
- 6 Match 1-5 with a-e.
 - 1 These are my favourite
 - 2 Those trousers
 - 3 Those aren't
 - 4 That phone is
 - 5 This is my old
 - a old and boring.
 - b Nick and Timmy's backpacks.
 - c brown bike.
 - d trainers.
 - e are too long.
- Write questions in your notebook. Answer yes (✓) or no (✗). Use short answers.
 - 1 your backpack / blue? ✓
 Is your backpack blue? Yes, it is.
 - 2 those / your books? X
 - 3 he / at school? ✓
 - 4 she / Italian?
 - 5 you / my best friend? 🗸

Speaking

- 8 Complete the questions. Then work in pairs. Student A, you are your favourite star. Student B, ask Student A questions 1–5. Then change roles and have the conversation again.
 - 1 What's your name?
 - 2 How old _____ you?
 - 3 Where are _____ from?
 - 4 What _____ your favourite music?
 - 5 _____'s your favourite actor?

SET FOR LIFE

Great idea!

1 Look at the photo. What is the situation?



Match expressions 1–4 with photos A–B.



- That's an awful idea!
- That's a great idea!
- 3 I like it!
- I hate it!
- 3 It is your friend's birthday. You and another friend want to buy him/her a present together. In pairs, make suggestions. Add one suggestion of your own.

How about a green T-shirt?

That's a great idea! I like it!

- 1 a red tracksuit?
- 2 orange and brown trousers?
- 3 a superhero suit?
- 4 a toy car?
- 5 a painting of a cat?





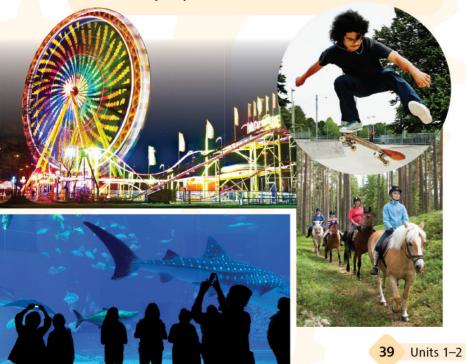
- 4 (1) 2.20 Abbie, Brian and Chris are talking about their friend Lucy's birthday. Listen and choose the correct option.
 - 1 When is Lucy's birthday? Friday / today
 - 2 What kind of restaurant is it? a pizza / Chinese restaurant
- 5 (1) 2.21 Listen. Which is a good answer, a or b? Why?
 - a Ugh! That's an awful idea!
 - b I'm not sure. How about Chinese?
- 6 (1) 2.22 Listen and choose the correct option. Lucy likes pizza / Chinese food.
- 7 (1) 2.23 Listen and vote for the best way to finish the dialogue.
 - a No, I hate pizza! I want Chinese!
 - b Well, OK. It's Lucy's day, and you all like pizza.



- 8 (1) 2.24 Read the Useful Tips. Then listen to the friends again. Is Chris doing what the tips say?
- 9 Complete the dialogues. Dialogue 1 is about a film and dialogue 2 is about a concert. Use expressions from the Useful Phrases box. Then act out the dialogues in groups of three.
 - 1 A: How about My Fantastic Friend?
 - B:
 - C: But we all like the actors.
 - A: And it's a new film.
 - B:
 - 2 A: _
 - B: I'm not sure. She isn't my favourite singer. How about the Ed Sheeran concert?
 - A:
 - C: And it's our favourite type of music.
 - B: Well, OK, then.

SET FOR LIFE

- 10 Read the Useful Tips and the expressions in the Useful Phrases box again. In groups, plan a special day out for your friend's birthday.
- Think about the things your friend likes to do.
- Write your suggestions on a piece of paper. Find the words you need.
- In your group, discuss your suggestions. Make a decision.
- 4 Present your plan to the class.



Make decisions as a group

USEFUL TIPS

When you make
decisions as a group, listen to
the other people in your group.
What do they want to do?
Accept the
group's decision.

People like different things. When you disagree with a suggestion, be polite.

USEFUL PHRASES

- ... is good, but
- · He/She likes/hates ...
- How about a(n)/the ...?
- I like/hate ...
- I'm not sure.
- It's/It isn't my favourite (type of music/ film/book).
- · That's a great idea!
- · We all like/hate ...
- · Well, OK, then.



Progress Check Units 1-2

Vocabulary and Grammar

1 Look and read. Tick (✓) for yes or put a cross (✗) for no.







This is a skirt.



This is the Spanish flag.



These are mountain bikes.

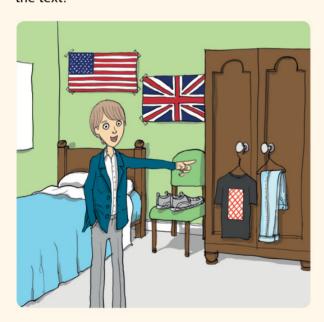


This is a park.



These are jeans.

2 Look at the picture. Then read and complete the text.



Hi, I'm Peter. I'm in $^1\underline{the~UK}$ now, but my family and I are from 2 . My school clothes are this blue 3 , this white 4 and 5 grey trousers. My favourite clothes are over there. 6 're my blue jeans, my T-shirt and my grey 7 . My T-shirt is black with a white 8 and red 9 .

Speaking

3 Look at the pictures. Match a-h with 1-6. There are two extra sentences.













- a Nice to meet you.
 b Who's your favourite actor?
 c This is my mum.
 d Caz, this is Jack.
 e Hello, Caz!
 f He's my neighbour.
 g What's your favourite music?
 h Nice to meet you too, Mrs Smith.
- 4 In pairs, ask and answer the questions.
 - 1 What are your favourite weekend clothes?
 - 2 What colour is your T-shirt/top today?
 - 3 What's in your schoolbag today? (Don't look!)
 - 4 What's your favourite place?

Listening

5 (1) 2.25 Read the questions. Listen and write a name or a number.



- 1 What's the man's surname?
- 2 What's the boy's name?
- 3 Who's the boy's best friend?
- 4 How old is the boy?
- 5 What's the number of the boy's house?
- Reading

6 In pairs, say what you can see in the photo.



- 7 Read the text. Choose the correct title.
 - a My new cat
 - b Me and my family

Hi, I'm Cheryl. I'm twelve and my favourite colour is pink. My pink mobile phone is my favourite thing. My clothes are pink too. Milo, my cat, isn't pink! He's brown and white.

My family is very big. My sisters' names are Sarah and Daniela. My brothers' names are Rob and Mick. My dad is an actor. Sometimes he's on TV! My mum is a singer. She's cool. My granny and grandad are from Spain. Are we a happy family? Yes, we are!

- 8 Read the text in Exercise 7 again. Answer the questions in your notebook.
 - 1 How old is Cheryl? Cheryl is twelve.
 - 2 What's Cheryl's favourite thing?
 - 3 Is Cheryl's family small?
 - 4 Who are Rob and Mick?
 - 5 Is Cheryl's mum boring?
 - 6 Where is Cheryl's grandmother from?

Writing

Smith

- Write 40-50 words about you and your family. Use these questions to help you.
 - 1 What's your name?
 - 2 How old are you?
 - 3 What's your favourite colour?
 - 4 What are your favourite things?
 - 5 Where is your family from? *Hi! My name's ...*

In the house

VOCABULARY

In the house | Prepositions of place | Household objects | Materials

GRAMMAR

there is/there are affirmative | there is/ there are negative and questions



3.1

Vocabulary

In the house

1 Match the household objects 1–8 in the photos with the words below.

bath bed chair desk door sofa table window

2 (1) 3.1 Listen and repeat. Find the things in the Vocabulary box in the photos on page 42.

VOCABULARY In the house

Parts of the house

bathroom bedroom door floor garage garden kitchen living room window wall

Inside the house

armchair bath bed fridge chair desk sofa table

Which part of the house are the photos? Choose the correct option.



1 living room / (bedroom)



bathroom / kitchen



3 garage / bathroom



4 bedroom / living room



5 living room / garden



6 floor/wall

- 4 (1) 3.2 Listen to the sounds. Where are you? Write in your notebook.
 - 1 In the living room.

- 5 Read the sentences and complete the words.
 - 1 It's in the bedroom.

bed

2 It's in the kitchen.

3 It's in the living room.

4 It's in the kitchen.

5 It's in the bedroom.

6 It's in the bathroom.

7 It's in the kitchen.

8 It's in the living room.

In pairs, look at the photos on page 42. Student A, say a sentence about an object inside the house. It can be a true sentence or a false sentence. Student B, is Student A's sentence true or false? Correct the false sentences. Then change roles and have the conversation again.

A: The armchair is in the bathroom.

B: No, it isn't. It's in the living room!



there is/there are affirmative

VIDEO



THERE'S A PHONE ON THE SOFA!



Alex: Jen, where's the orange juice?

Jen: It's in the fridge.

Alex: Where?

Jen: Right there! It's next to the milk.

Alex: Oh, there it is!



Alex: Where's my phone?

Lian: There's a phone on the sofa.

Jen: No, that's my phone. Lian: Is it under the table?

Jen: No, it isn't.





Alex: Wait! There are some sweets under the sofa!

Jen: Yuck! They're old!
Alex: But where's my phone?

Lian: Hang on!

0

1 (2) 13 (1) 3.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. What is Alex looking for? Choose the correct answer.

a a book

b his phone

c two DVDs

2 Look at the photos. Answer the questions in your notebook.

1 Photo 1: Where are the three friends? *They're in the kitchen.*

2 Photo 2: Where are they now?

3 Photo 2: Is it Jen's phone?

4 Photo 3: Are they Alex's DVDs?

5 Photo 4: What's wrong with the sweets?

GOOD!

Right there! • There it is!
• Wait! • Yuck!

3 (1) 3.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.

4 Guess where Alex's phone is. Use in, on or under.

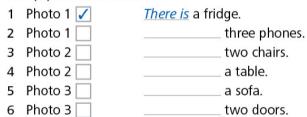
5 (2) 14 (1) 3.5 Now watch or listen and check.

Study the Grammar box. Then watch.





7 Complete the sentences with There is or There are. Then look at the photos on page 44 and tick (✓) the true sentences.

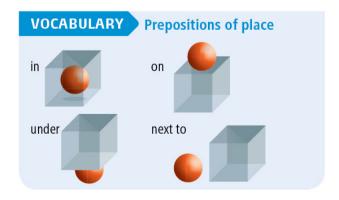


Look around you. Say how many of the things below there are in your classroom.

```
board desk door girls and boys teacher wall window
```

There's one door. There are two windows.

9 (1) 3.6 Look, listen and repeat.



- **10** Look at the photos on page 44. Choose the correct option.
 - 1 Photo 1: There are two phones *under I* on the kitchen table.
 - 2 Photo 1: There is orange juice *in / on* the fridge.
 - 3 Photo 1: Lian is on / next to Jen.
 - 4 Photo 2: There are some books *under /* next to the table.
- **11** Look at pictures A and B. Complete the sentences with prepositions of place.





- 1 There's a chair ...
 A next to the desk. B ______ the bed.
 2 ______ a bag ...
 A _____ the door. B _____ the box.
 3 There are some books ...
 A _____ the bag. B _____ the table.
 4 _____ some T-shirts ...
 A _____ the bed. B _____ the bed.
- **12** Go to page 141 and play a drawing dictation game.

YOUR WORLD

there is/there are negative and questions

The Terrific Two - Dug and Coco



1 Look at the cartoon. How do Kit and Superdug talk when he is in the air? Choose the correct picture.







Granny: Good boy, Coco!

- 2 4) 3.7 Listen and read. Who says 'Kit! Help!' on the phone? Choose the correct answer.
 - a Kit's granny
- b Coco, the parrot

- 3 Complete the sentences with words from the cartoon.
 - 1 Kit's granny's *house* is at 10 Paxton Street.
 - 2 Granny's ____ _ is blue.
 - 3 There are two big _____ in Granny's garden.
 - 4 There aren't any bad _____ in Granny's
 - 5 There's only Granny and _____ in the house.

Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR there is/there are negative and questions		
_	There isn't a red car.	There aren't any people.
?	Is there a red car? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.	Are there any people? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.



- Choose the correct option. Then look at the cartoon on page 46 and tick (✓) the true sentences.
 - 1 / There isn't / There aren't) any people in Granny's garden.
 - There isn't / There aren't any cats in the 2 story.
 - There isn't / There aren't a bike in Granny's 3 garage.
 - There isn't / There aren't any dogs in Granny's garden.
 - There isn't / There aren't a phone in Granny's 5 house.
 - There isn't / There aren't a desk in the living room.

WATCH OUT!

There isn't a tree. There aren't any trees. Is there a tree? Are there any trees? 6 Look at the cartoon on page 46. What is missing? Choose from the words below.

door pictures table TV window

- 1 Picture 1: Look at the wall. There isn't a window.
- 2 Picture 2: Look at Granny's house.
- 3 Picture 3: Look at the table.
- 4 Picture 4: Look at the books.
- 5 Picture 5: Look at the wall.
- 7 Look at the picture. In your notebook, write Kit's questions and Dug's answers. Then ask and answer the questions in pairs.



1 house with a blue door next to the big house?

Kit: Is there a house with a blue door next to the big house?

Dug: Yes, there is.

- 2 cars next to the houses?
- 3 dog under the tree?
- 4 people in the street?
- 5 table in the garden?
- 6 armchairs in the garden?

Go to page 141 and play a memory game.

Speaking

Having a guest

VIDEO WHERE'S THE BATHROOM?

Hi! Here are your books. Jen:

Thanks, Jen. Please come in. Lucas: Would you like a sandwich?

Yes, please. I'm really hungry. Jen:



This is yummy! Jen:

Lucas: Erm ... Jen? There's ketchup

on your T-shirt.

Oh, no! Where's the Jen:

bathroom, please? Lucas: Let me show you.

Is your T-shirt OK? Lucas: Jen: Not really. But I'd like another

sandwich, please!

- 1 (2) 17 (4) 3.8 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Whose house is it? Choose the correct answer.
 - a Jen's
- b Lian's
- c Lucas's
- 2 (1) 3.9 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Having a guest

- A: Hello. Please come in.
- B: Thank you.
- A: Would you like a sandwich?
- B: Yes, please./No, thank you.
- A: Where's the bathroom, please?
- B: It's next to the living room. Let me show you.
- 3 Match 1–3 with a–c. Then act out the dialogues in pairs.
 - A: Would you like a biscuit?
 - 2 A: Where's the kitchen, please?
 - A: Where's my jacket, please?
 - B: Let me show you. a
 - B: It's on the chair, next to the sofa. b
 - c B: Yes, please.

- 4 Choose the best answer.
 - 1 A: Hello, Maria. Please come in.
 - B: a Yes, please.
 - b Thank you.
 - c Let me show you.
 - 2 A: Would you like an ice cream?
 - B: a Come in.
 - b It's in the fridge.
 - c Yes, please.
 - 3 A: Where's the bathroom?
 - B: a Please come in.
 - b Let me show you.
 - c It's next to the bed.
- 5 Write dialogues. Then act them out in pairs.
 - 1 A: hi / come in
 - Hi. Please come in.
- B: thank Thank you.
- 2 A: like / a cupcake?
- B: no / thank
- 3 A: like / an apple?
- B: yes
- 4 A: where / the bathroom?
- B: it's / let me show
- 6 You have a guest from another planet. In pairs, write dialogues. Make them funny or crazy! Then act them out in class.
 - A: Hello, Ziggy. Please come in. Would you like a chair?
 - B: Yes, please. I'm really hungry!



Reading and Vocabulary

A dream house

1 🕩 3.10 Listen and repeat. Then match photos 1-6 with the words in the Vocabulary box.

VOCABULARY Household objects

carpet cushion lamp plant poster television (TV)

2

5







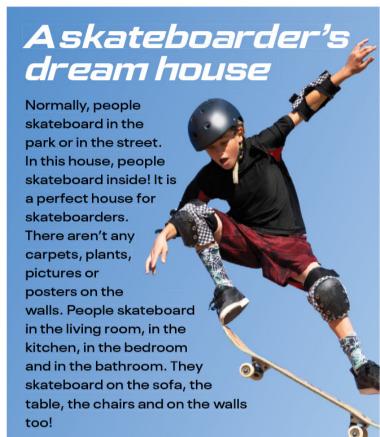




- 2 Which objects in Exercise 1 are in your living room? Where are they? Tell a partner.
- 3 (1) 3.11 Look, read and listen. What is the text about? Choose the correct answer.
 - a a sport
- b a person
- c a house
- 4 Read the text again and choose yes, no or no information.
 - 1 People skateboard in the house. yes / no / no information
 - 2 There are posters on the walls. yes / no / no information
 - 3 There's a TV in the living room. yes / no / no information
 - 4 There's a sofa in the house. yes / no / no information
 - 5 There's a carpet in the bedroom. yes / no / no information
 - 6 There's a garage next to the house. yes / no / no information
- 5 Read the text again. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What rooms are there in the house?
 - 2 What objects are there in the house?
 - 3 What objects from the Vocabulary box in Exercise 1 are NOT in the house?

6 Imagine your dream house. Write five sentences about it in your notebook. Tell your partner.

There are ... rooms. There's a ... and there are In my ... there's a small/big ...



There's a big skateboard practice room too. People skateboard with friends and they have competitions there. It's really cool!



Listening and Writing

My bedroom

1 Look at photos A–C and find the objects below. Which is your favourite bedroom? Why?

chair cushion desk plant







- 2 (1) 3.12 Listen and match speakers 1 and 2 with bedrooms A-C in Exercise 1. There is one extra bedroom.
 - Speaker 2 Speaker 1
- 3 (1) 3.12 Complete the sentences with prepositions of place. Then listen again and check.

Speaker 1

- 1 My bed is <u>next to</u> the window.
- 2 There's a plant. my desk, my laptop.

Speaker 2

- 3 There are two beds _ my bedroom.
- 4 There's a green carpet the floor.
- 4 Work in pairs. Describe one of the photos in Exercise 1 for your partner to guess.

5 The bedroom in photo A is Lucas's. Read his blog post and complete the sentence. In Lucas's bedroom there isn't a

LUCAS'S BLOG

My bed is next to the window. There are some cushions on it. Next to my bed, there are two plants and a lamp. There are four boxes on the floor for my



things. There's a brown desk and a white chair. There are posters and pictures on the wall. My room is great!

6 Study the Writing box. Then find the apostrophe in Lucas's blog post.

WRITING Apostrophes

Remember to use apostrophes with short forms.

there is = there's is not = isn'tare not = aren'tit is = it'sthey **a**re = they're that is = that's

- 7 Add apostrophes to these sentences.
 - 1 There isn't a desk in my bedroom.
 - 2 Theres a plant.
 - Its under the bed.
 - 4 There arent any books.

WRITING TIME

8 Write about your bedroom.



Find ideas

Make a list of objects in your bedroom. Write where they are.

Draft

Write about your bedroom. Give your text a title. My bed is ... There's/There isn't a ... There are/There aren't any ...

Check and write

Check the apostrophes and write the final version of your text.

Materials

1 (1) 3.13 Listen and repeat. Find the materials in photos 1–6 below.

VOCABULARY Materials

cardboard glass metal paper wood/wooden

2 Look at the picture. What is 'recycled'?



recycled = a new thing from an old thing

- 3 Match photos 1–6 with a–f.
 - a 🔲 paper lamp
- d wooden table
- b cardboard chair
- e glass window
- c metal bath
- metal sofa

- 4 Read the text and look at photos 1–6. Which household object is missing from the text?
- 5 Read the text again. Mark the questions Y (yes) or N (no).

1	Is the house nice?	Y/N
2	Is the table recycled?	Y/N
3	Is the lamp metal?	Y/N
4	Is the bath old?	Y/N
5	Is the window recycled?	Y/N
6	Is the sofa in the kitchen?	Y/N

6 Think of three materials for each object.

Bed	Lamp	Door	Desk

7 What is there in your house? Choose the correct options and complete the sentences.

There's a cardboard / glass / metal / paper / wooden ______ in ____.

There are some / two cardboard / glass / metal / paper / wooden ______ in ____.

They're great / nice / OK / not nice.



My house is very nice. There are many recycled household objects in it. This wooden coffee table is in the living room and it's recycled. This paper lamp is in my bedroom. In the bathroom there's this metal bath. It's very old. This beautiful glass window is in the kitchen. The glass is recycled, but it's very old too. My favourite object is the metal sofa in the living room. It's really cool!



Vocabulary Activator

WORDLIST (1) 3.14

In the house

bathroom (n) bedroom (n) door (n) floor (n) garage (n) garden (n) kitchen (n) living room (n) wall (n) window (n) armchair (n) bath (n)

fridge (n) sofa (n) table (n)

Prepositions of place

in (prep) next to (prep) on (prep) under (prep)

Household objects

carpet (n) cushion (n) lamp (n) plant (n) poster (n) television (TV) (n)

Materials

cardboard (n) glass (n) metal (n) paper (n) wood/wooden (n, adj)

Extra words

another (determiner) bad (adj) car (n) competition (n) dream house DVD (n) go (v) I'd like ...

inside (adv) milk (n) naughty (adj) Not really. number (n) orange juice (n) parrot (n) people (n) perfect (adj) picture (n) recycled (adj) Right here! silly (adj) skateboarder (n)

Match objects 1–6 with places a–f.

2 bed

bed (n)

chair (n)

desk (n)

3 bath

plant 5

a bedroom

b

living room

kitchen

garden

1 fridge

4 sofa

6 car

- garage
- bathroom

2 Label the household objects.





armchair





3





4

5

6

3 Look at the picture and write sentences. Use prepositions of place.



- 1 cushion / box The cushion is in the box.
- 2 chair / desk
- 3 lamp / desk
- poster / wall

4 (1) 3.15 **PRONUNCIATION** /I/ or /i:/

Listen and repeat.

There are sixteen TVs in the living room. And three big fridges in the kitchen!

Revision

Vocabulary

1 Work in pairs. Student A, choose a square. Student B, say where where you can find the object in your house. Then change roles and have the conversation again.

A: 3B

B: Lamp ... There's a lamp on my desk.

	1	2	3	4
Α	bath	bed	desk	door
В	fridge	sofa	lamp	chair
C	poster	window	table	cushion

- Read the riddles. Write the objects.
 - 1 There are three on my bedroom wall. posters
 - 2 It's on the floor in the living room. c_
 - 3 It's in the living room. There's a film on it now!
 - 4 They're green. They're in my garden. p_
 - 5 There's one in the living room. I sit in it. a_
- 3 Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with prepositions of place.
 - 1 There's a sofa <u>in</u> the living room.
 - 2 There are cushions ____ the beds.
 - 3 There's a plant ____ the sofa.
 - 4 There's a dog ___ the kitchen.
 - 5 The cat is ____ the door.
 - 6 The trainers are ____ the bed.



4	The words for places in the house are
	mixed up. Write them correctly.

1	kitgroom	<u>kitchen</u>
2	bedhroom	
3	garroom	
4	batrage	
5	livinden	
6	garchen	

Grammar

5 Look at the picture in Exercise 3. Complete the text with there's, there isn't, there are or there aren't.

¹ There are	five rooms in the house.
2	$_$ a living room and there's a
kitchen. ³ _	a bathroom and
4	two bedrooms. ⁵
a garden, b	ut there's a garage.
6	_ any windows in the garage.

6 Write questions about the house in Exercise 3. Use Is there or Are there.

1	<i>Is there</i> a table in the living room?	
2	is there a tal	a TV in the kitchen?
3		any plants in the living
	room?	
4		_ a dog the kitchen?
5	-	$_$ a lamp in the blue
	bedroom?	
6		$_$ any cushions in the
	bathroom?	

- 7 Look at the picture in Exercise 3 again and answer the questions in Exercise 6 in your notebook.
 - 1 Yes, there is.

Speaking

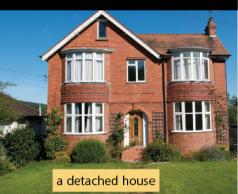
8 Complete the dialogue with the words below.

come hi please show where's would Marianna: ¹Hi, Louise. Please ²_ in! Louise: Thanks. Marianna: 3 you like a drink? Yes. 4 Louise: your room, Marianna? Louise: Marianna: Let me 6_

you.

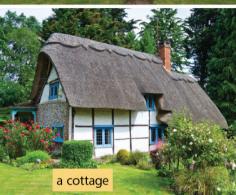
BBC **CULTURE**

What do houses look like in the UK?

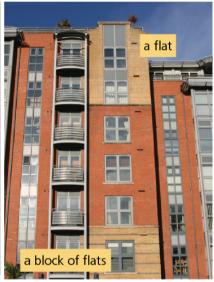












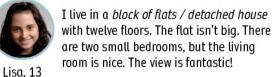
There are different types of houses in the UK. In pairs, talk about where you can find the houses in the photos.

- a in the city
- b in the country
- c in the city and in the country
- 2 4) 3.16 Read the texts and choose the correct option. Then listen and check.



Ian, 11

I live in a houseboat / semi-detached house. I am friends with the boys next door. There's a big tree in their garden with a treehouse. We play there all the time!





Claire, 12

54

I live in the city, in a street with *terraced* houses / cottages. They are all tall and grey, but the doors are different colours. The door of my house is yellow!

3 (1) 3.17 Listen and complete the texts with the words below.

houseboat boring cottage country next to small



I live in the ¹country. My house is a in Devon, south England. There are lots of trees 3_

Tamsyn, 12



I live in a 4 on the River Thames. It is very 5 , but I like it. The view from my window is never 6_

Matt, 13

fantastic (adj) very attractive floor (n) one of the levels in a building view (n) what you can see from somewhere



4 18 Watch the video and answer the presenter's questions. Then choose the correct answer.

There's a painting of _____ at Hampton Court.

- a King Charles
- b Queen Elizabeth
- c King Henry

- 5 18 Watch the video again. Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
 - 1 Hampton Court Palace is in _____.
 - 2 There are _____ kings or queens in Hampton Court today.
 - 3 There are over 1,000 _____ in Hampton Court.
 - 4 There is a maze in the _____ of Hampton Court.
- 6 Discuss in pairs. Which part of Hampton Court Palace is your favourite? Why?

PROJECT TIME

- 7 In groups, make a digital presentation of interesting or unusual houses all over the world.
- Individually, find one photo of an interesting or unusual house.
 - Look for photos on the internet.
- Write a description of the house. Find new words you need in a dictionary. Use these questions to help you.
 - · Where is the house?
 - What type of house is it?
 - Is it big/small?
 - · What colour is it?
 - Is there a garden/garage? Are there any trees?
- In your group, put the photos and texts together.
- Share your presentation with the class.
 - Which is your favourite house? Why?

Unusual or interesting houses all over the world

- This house is in ...
- · It's a (detached) house ...
- It's big/small/nice/grey ...
- · There's/There isn't a (tree) ...
- It's unusual/interesting because it's ...

VOCABULARY

Face, eyes, hair Parts of the body Personality adjectives Adjectives

GRAMMAR

have got affirmative and negative | Regular and irregular plurals | have got questions and short answers | Possessive adjectives



4.1 Vocabulary

Face, eyes, hair

1 Say the words and point at the features of your face.

ears eyes hair mouth nose

2 4) 4.1 Listen and repeat. Which features can you find in the photos on page 56?

VOCABULARY Face, eyes, hair
Face
ears eyes mouth nose
Eyes
blue brown green
Hair
curly spiky straight wavy
blond brown dark grey red

- Find numbers 1–5 in the photos on page 56. Whose features are they? Complete the sentences.
 - 1 They're <u>Sam's ears</u>.
 - 2 It's _____
 - 3 It's _____
 - 4 They're _____
 - 5 lt's ______.
- 4 In pairs, put the words below in the correct list. You can use some words more than once.

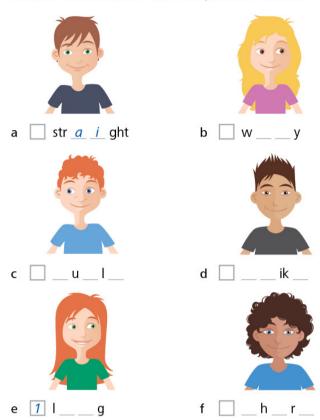
big blond blue brown curly dark green grey long red short small spiky straight wavy

1	eyes	
2	ears / nose / mouth	
3	hair	



- 5 Look at the photos on page 56. Choose the correct option.
 - 1 Regan's eyes are brown / green).
 - 2 Sam's hair is long / short.
 - 3 Maria's hair is curly / wavy.
 - 4 Andy's hair is straight / wavy.
 - 5 Sam's hair is blond / dark.
 - 6 Regan's hair is blond / red.
 - 7 Andy's eyes are blue / brown.

6 Look at the children's hair. Complete the words.



- 7 4) 4.2 Listen and number the pictures in Exercise 6.
 - 1 Long, straight, red hair, green eyes.
 - 2 Short, curly, brown hair, blue eyes.
 - 3 Long, wavy, blond hair, brown eyes.
 - 4 Short, curly, red hair, blue eyes.
 - 5 Short, straight, brown hair, green eyes.
 - 6 Short, spiky, brown hair, brown eyes.

WATCH OUT! long/short curly/straight blond/brown/dark/red hair big/small blue/brown eyes

8 Which words in Exercise 4 describe your hair and eyes? Write them down. Tell a partner. Use the Watch out! box for help.

 	hair
 eyes	

Work in pairs. Describe someone in your class. Guess who it is.

A: Long, straight, brown hair, brown eyes.

B: It's Alice!

10 Do you know a person with ...

- a green eyes? My mum. c spiky hair?
- b grey hair? d a small nose?

Grammar

have got affirmative and negative

VIDEO



I HAVEN'T GOT BIG FEET!



Jen: It isn't my fault! You've got long legs. And you've got big feet.

Alex: I haven't got big feet!

I'm tall!



Jen: You've got long arms too.

Alex: Yeah, but I haven't got a big head, like you!



Jen: My head is fine! Mum?

Mum: Stop it, you two! Jen, your brother hasn't got big feet. Alex, your sister hasn't got a big head. Now, hurry up! We haven't got a lot of time.



Jen: Oh, they've got Yummy Cupcakes. Great! Oh, no! It's too high! Alex? Help me, please!

0

1 (2) 19 (4) 4.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Jen needs Alex's help. Why? Complete the sentence.

The book is too

- 2 Choose the correct option.
 - 1 (Alex)/ Jen is tall.
 - 2 Alex's arms are long / short.
 - 3 Jen's head is / isn't big.
 - 4 Jen's book is about cupcakes / tall people.

SOUNDS GOOD!

It isn't my fault! •
Stop it! • Help me, please!

- 3 4) 4.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.
- Will Alex help Jen? Have a class vote.
- 5 (20 4) 4.5 Now watch or listen and check.

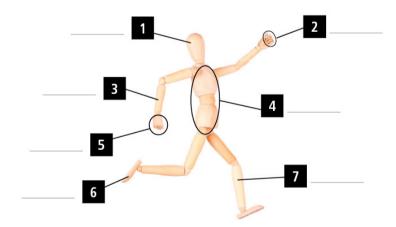
6 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR have got affirmative and negative + Short and long form - Short and long form I've (have) got long legs. I haven't (have not) got long legs. You've (have) got long legs. You haven't (have not) got long He/She/It's (has) got long He/She/It hasn't (has not) got leas. lona leas. We've (have) got long legs. We haven't (have not) got long legs. You've (have) got long legs. You haven't (have not) got long legs. They've (have) got long legs. They haven't (have not) got long legs.

- 7 Complete the sentences with 've got or 's got.
 - 1 Jen: Alex, you've got big feet!
 - 2 Jen: My brother_____ long arms.
 - 3 Alex: Jen_____ a big head.
 - 4 Jen: They______ Yummy Cupcakes!
 - 5 Mum: We_____ this book.
- 8 🜖 4.6 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY Parts of the body arm body fingers foot hand head leg

Match the parts of the body 1–7 with the words in the Vocabulary box.



- **10** Write correct sentences in your notebook.
 - 1 Jen's got blond hair. (brown)
 Jen hasn't got blond hair. She's got brown hair.
 - 2 Alex has got small feet. (big)
 - 3 Jen and Alex have got short legs. (long)
 - 4 Jen and Alex's mum has got blue eyes. (brown)
 - 5 Jen and Alex have got big heads. (small)





11 Look at the picture. Complete the text with the words below.

big feet got has have tall they



Ike and Mike¹have got long, spiky hair.

2 have got big mouths, but they haven't got ³ noses. Mike is ⁴. He

5 got green hair. He has ⁶ very long arms and very big ⁷.

12 Write about Ike. Use Exercise 11 for help. *Ike isn't tall. He's got ...*

13 Draw a friend for Ike and Mike. Give her a name and describe her.

Ike and Mike have got a friend.

She's got ... and ...

She's got ... , but she hasn't got ...

have got questions and short answers

The Terrific Two - My favourite superhero!





1 Look at the cartoon carefully. Someone looks like Superdug. Point at him/her.

2 4) 4.7 Listen and read. Who is Wonder Will?

3 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).

Ricky:

1	Superdug is at home.	T / F
2	Superdug hasn't got a super car.	T / F
3	X1 and X2 have got super ears.	T / F
4	Kit has got super eyes.	T / F
5	X1 and X2 haven't got any battery power now.	T / F

power?

Superdug: Yes, but have they got battery

No, they haven't!

4 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

?	Short answers
Have I got a friend?	Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.
Have you got a friend?	Yes, you have. /
	No, you haven't.
Has he/she/it got a friend?	Yes, he/she/it has. /
	No, he/she/it hasn't.
Have we got a friend?	Yes, we have. /
	No, we haven't.
Have you got a friend?	Yes, you have. /
	No, you haven't.
Have they got a friend?	Yes, they have. /
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	No, they haven't.



5 Complete the questions. Use *have ... got* or has ... got.

1	<u>Has</u> Wonder Will <u>got</u> a red suit?		
2	Ricky	brown hair?	
3	X1 and X2 _	big heads?	
4	Kit	_ brown eyes?	
5	X1 and X2 _	long legs?	

long ears?

6 Look at the cartoon on page 60. Answer the questions in Exercise 5 in your notebook.

Superdug ___

1 No, he hasn't.

7 In pairs, ask and answer about the superheroes.

	super eyes	super ears	super arms
Wondercat	✓	1	×
Iron Girls	/	×	1

A: Has Wondercat got super eyes?

B: Yes, she has.

WATCH OUT!

he → his His superhero costume is green.

she → her Her eyes are green. it → its Its eyes are blue.

Wonder Will is our friend! we → our you → your Your hair is blond and spiky!

they → their Their noses are red.

- Complete the sentences. Use his, her, its, our or their.
 - 1 They've got green suits. These are their suits.
 - 2 We've got a super car! This is ___ super car!
 - 3 He's got a new robot.
 - This is _____ _ new robot.
 - 4 Has she got a super friend? Is this _____ super friend?
 - 5 Has it got a battery? Is this _ battery?
- Work in pairs. Student A, ask Student B what he/she has got. Student B, answer the questions. Use the words below. Then change roles. Tell the class about your partner.

a brother or a sister? a pet? a TV in your room? a friend? a bike? a robot? a cousin?

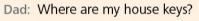
10 4) 4.8 **1**) 4.9 Go to page 141. Listen and sing the Robots' Song.



Speaking

Apologising





Jen: I'm so sorry, Dad. I've got them.

Dad: It's OK. Now where's my phone? Oops! Sorry, Jen!

Jen: That's all right. Dad. You've got the phone. It's right there.

Dad: Sorry, my mistake!

Jen: No problem.

Dad: Oh, it's late! Bye, Jen!



Jen: Dad, wait! Your house keys!

Dad: Oh, dear! Sorry about that! Thanks,

sweetie! Bye!

Jen: Bye, Dad!



Jen: Come on! Really? Erm ... Dad?

- 1 (23 4) 4.10 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Who has got Dad's phone? Choose the correct answer.
 - a Jen
- b Dad
- 2 4) 4.11 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Apologising

A: I'm so sorry.

B: It's OK.

Sorry about that!

That's all right.

Sorry, my mistake.

No problem.

- 3 4) 4.12 Complete the dialogues. Then listen and check. Act out the dialogues in pairs.
 - 1 A: Oops! Sorry about that, Pete!
 - B: No problem.
 - 2 A: Where's my phone?
 - _____! I've got it!
 - A: That's .
 - 3 A: This isn't my jacket.
 - B: Sorry, my ______. Here you are.
 - A: OK. Thanks.

4 Write dialogues for the pictures. Then act out the dialogues in pairs.





- 1 A: Ouch!
 - B: A:

2 A: This isn't my bag.

B:

A:

- 5 Make dialogues in pairs. Use expressions from the Speaking box. Then act out the dialogues in class.
 - A: Where's my pen?
 - B: I'm so sorry. I've got it.
 - A: No problem.

Reading and Vocabulary

Personality quiz

1 4) 4.13 Listen and repeat. Then complete the sentences with the words in the Vocabulary box.

VOCABULARY Personality adjectives

clever friendly funny helpful nice

- I speak to everyone.
 I'm *friendly*.
- 2 My teacher helps me every day. She's
- 3 You've got flowers for your mum. You're very _____.
- 4 My friend's jokes are great! He's
- 5 My school grades are good.
- 2 Do the personality quiz! Choose a, b or c.

- 3 Count how many a, b and c answers you have got and read the key. Do you agree? Tell a friend or the class!
- **4 ♦**) 4.14 Listen to two friends, Sue and Sam. Are they friendly, funny and clever? Tick (✓) for *yes* and put a cross (✗) for *no*.

	friendly	funny	clever
Sam	✓		
Sue			

5 Write about someone you like. Read out your

My neighbour Nico is very friendly and nice. He's funny too! His jokes are great!

What kind of person are you?

Are you funny? Are you friendly?

Quiz time Do our personality quiz to find out!

- 1 How many good friends have you got?
 - a 3-6
- **b** 7–10
- c 1 or 2
- 2 Are your jokes funny?
 - a Sometimes.
- b Yes!
- c No. My jokes are bad!
- 3 What's your favourite place?
 - a School.
- b A party! c My room.
- 4 Are you good at school?
 - a I'm OK.
- b Yes, I am!
- c I'm good at my favourite subjects.
- 5 Your best friend has got a problem. You
 - a help your friend. b just say 'I'm sorry'.
 - c say 'Speak to your mum.'
- 6 Your neighbour has got a big bag. You say:
 - a 'Let me help you!' b 'That's big!'
 - c 'I'm sorry, I've got homework.'

KEY:

A lot of your answers are a.

GOOD FRIEND!

You are a good friend. You are very nice! You are helpful and you are a good student.

A lot of your answers are **b**.

PARTY ANIMAL!

You are very funny and friendly, but you aren't always very helpful. Jokes, parties and dancing are your favourite things, but you are also a good student.

A lot of your answers are c.

HOME LOVER!

You are friendly . . . sometimes! You don't like groups and you aren't very helpful. You are usually a good student.



Listening and Writing

Your favourite cartoon character









- 1 Look at photos 1–4. Can you name the cartoons?
- 2 4) 4.15 Find the characters in the photos. Write the correct number. There is one extra photo. Then listen and check.

	Vo	/in
a .	 Kev	'nη

- SpongeBob SquarePants
- c Skipper
- 3 ◆ 4.16 Listen to the dialogue and tick (✓) the children's opinion.

	SpongeBob SquarePants	Kevin	Skipper
funny	/	✓	
helpful			
friendly			
clever	1		

4 4) 4.16 Listen again and complete the sentences with the words below.

€	lever	cool	friendly	Kevin	Skipper	
1	1 SpongeBob SquarePants isn't very <u>clever</u> .					
2	All N	⁄linion	s are		•	
3	loves bananas and apples.				es.	
4	has got good ideas.					
5	Sometimes Skipper isn't nice or					

5 Who is your favourite cartoon character? Describe him/ her to a friend.

6 Read Lian's text about her favourite cartoon character. Do you know him?

Kung Fu Panda's name is Po. He's got a big body and head. He's got big blue eyes and small black ears. His legs are short and his arms are long. He's got yellow and red shorts.

I think Po is nice. He's funny and he's friendly. He's got lots of friends. He's clever and he's very good at kung fu!

7	Study the Writing box. Then read Lian's
	text in Exercise 6 again. Write the
	paragraph numbers. Add examples from
	Lian's text to each paragraph.

Face and body	big	body,	big I	head,	
---------------	-----	-------	-------	-------	--

The state of the s	7.5	
Personality	nice	
1 Cr 30 Hanty	mce,	

WRITING Paragraphs

A paragraph is a part of a text. It is about one main idea. Remember to divide your text into paragraphs!

WRITING TIME

8 Write about your favourite character from a book or cartoon.

Find ideas

Find a photo of your character. Make a list of words describing his/her face, body and personality.

Write a paragraph describing his/her face and body.

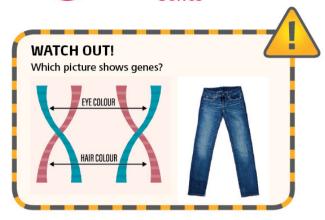
(Your character's name) has got long, straight, blond hair ...

Write a paragraph about his/her personality. He/She isn't very clever, but ...

Check and write

Check the paragraphs and write the final version of your text.

Genes



1 4) 4.17 Listen and repeat.

VOCABULARY

Adjectives

different same strong weak

Read the text and find the words in the Vocabulary box. In pairs, discuss what they mean. Check with your teacher.



Sophie and Paul are brother and sister. They haven't got the same hair and eye colour. Sophie has got dark hair and blue eyes. Paul has got blond hair and brown eyes. That's because they've got a different combination of genes from their parents.

We have got two genes for our hair colour and two genes for our eye colour. One gene is from our mother and one gene is from our father.

We get different colours from different gene combinations. For example, here, brown eye genes (B) are strong (dominant) and blue eye genes (b) are weak (recessive). People with two B genes have got brown eyes. People with one B gene and one b gene have also got brown eyes because B is strong. People with two b genes have got blue eyes.

3 Read the text again and write the hair or eye colour for the gene combinations.

1 D D <u>dark</u> 4 BB 2 D bl _____ 5 B b 3 bl bl 6 bb

4 In pairs, read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).

1 We get our genes from our brothers T/F and sisters.

T/F 2 The colour of our eyes is from a combination of two genes.

3 The genes for hair colour are not the T/F same as the genes for eye colour.

4 Brothers and sisters always have the T/F same combination of genes.

5 Colour Leon's hair and Fergie's eyes.

B = brown, strong g = green, weak r = red, weak



6 Draw you and your family. What colour eyes and hair have you got? Guess the gene combinations.

Vocabulary Activator

WORDLIST 4) 4.18

Face, eyes, hair

blond (adj) blue (adj) brown (adj) curly (adj) dark (adj) ears (n) eyes (n) face (n) green (adj) grey (adj) mouth (n) nose (n) red (adi)

spiky (adj)

wavy (adj)

straight (adj)

Parts of the body

arm (n) body (n) fingers (n) foot (plural: feet) (n) hand (n) head (n) leg (n) Personality adjectives

clever (adi) friendly (adj) funny (adj) helpful (adj) nice (adj) **Adjectives** different (adj) same (adj)

strong (adj)

weak (adj)

Extra words

a lot of (quantifier) always (adv) answer (n) battery power combination (n) dancing (n) do a quiz fine (adj) gene (n) good at good student group (n) Help me, please! high (adj) home lover homework (n) house key How many? Hurry up! It isn't my fault!

joke (n) long (adj) like (prep) Oh, dear! Ouch! party animal (n) person (n) personality (n) place (n) room (n) say (v) short (adj) sometimes (adv) speak (v) Stop it! subject (n) super power (n) sweetie (n) tall (adj) time (n)

usually (adv)

What kind of ...?

1 Tick (✓) the €	correct phrases and	put a cross (X	x) for the	incorrect phrases.
------------------	---------------------	----------------	------------	--------------------

- 1 wavy ears
- 2 straight head
- 3 long nose
- 4 curly mouth

- 5 funny boy
- spiky arm
- 7 nice girl
- blond eyes

- 3 Describe the people. Use personality adjectives from the wordlist.
 - 1 Maria: Let me help you! Maria is helpful.
 - 2 Theo: This cake is for you. Theo is
 - 3 You: Ha! Ha! Great joke, Charlie! Charlie is
 - 4 Alex: Hi! Great to see you! How are you?

Whose face and body parts are they? The clues are on page 58.

















1 They're Jen's legs.

Alex is 5 Isabella: I'm good at Chinese, Spanish and French. Isabella is

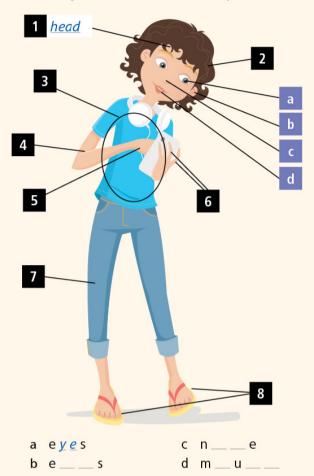
4 4) 4.19 PRONUNCIATION /h/ Listen and repeat. Her name's Helpful Helen. Her horse's name is Claire. Her home is in Hastings.

She's got dark hair!

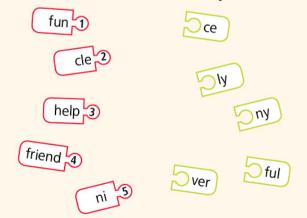
Revision

Vocabulary

Look at Maddy and write the parts of the body1–8 in your notebook. Then complete words a–d.



- 2 Read sentences 1–3 about Maddy's hair. Tick (✓) the sentence that is true.
 - 1 She's got long, dark, straight hair.
 - She's got short, blond, wavy hair.
 - 3 She's got short, brown, curly hair.
- 3 Match the letters to make five adjectives.



Grammar

- 4 Complete the sentences with have/has got (✓) or haven't/hasn't got (✗).
 - 1 Kit _____ big, green eyes. 🗸
 - 2 Lucas _____ blond hair. His hair is dark. X
 - 3 My brother and I _____ long legs. ✓
 - 4 I _____ curly hair. My hair is straight. X
 - 5 Lian _____ brown eyes. 🗸
- Make questions with have/has got in your notebook.
 - 1 you / brown eyes?

 Have you got brown eyes?
 - 2 your dad / curly hair?
 - 3 you and your friends / dark hair?
 - 4 your mum / long arms?
 - 5 your parents / blue eyes?
 - 6 your grandparents / a pet?
- 6 Answer the questions in Exercise 4.
 - 1 Yes, I have./No, I haven't.
- 7 Complete the sentences with his, her, its, our, your or their.
 - 1 A: What are your names, please?
 - B: names are Jo and Frankie.
 - 2 A: Is that Lisa and friend?
 - B: That's right. _____ name's Andrew.
 - 3 Oh, look at that cat! One of _____ eyes is green and the other is blue!
 - 4 This is a photo of my aunt and uncle, and this is _____ new house.

Speaking)

8 Complete the dialogues with the words below.

it's OK mistake problem so sorry that's

1 A: This isn't my phone.
B: Sorry, my ¹mistake. Here you are.
A: ²______ all right.

2 A: Where's my cap?
B: Oops! I've got it. ³_____ about that.
A: No ⁴_____.

3 A: I haven't got your book today.
I'm ⁵_____ sorry.
B: ⁶

SET FOR LIFE

Keeping things tidy

1 Look at pictures A and B. Describe them and say how you feel when you look at them. Use the expressions below.

It's messy / organised and tidy. I feel relaxed / stressed.





In pairs, cross (X) the items you do not have on an organised desk.



a toothbrush



a box of cereal



a pen holder with pens

a ruler

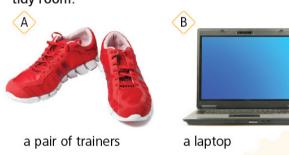


swimming goggles



a sticky tape dispenser

In pairs, discuss the right place for items A-D in a tidy room.



a set of keys



- 4) 4.20 Listen and write Sam, Trina, Ted or Lisa.
 - 1 Who is organised?
 - 2 Who isn't organised?
 - 3 Who feels relaxed in Harry's room?
 - 4 Who feels stressed because he/she hasn't got something?
- Choose the option that is true for you. Compare your answers in pairs.
 - 1 My desk is organised / messy. It's easy / It isn't easy to study or do my homework.
 - My bedroom is messy / tidy. I feel relaxed / stressed when I'm in it.



6 Read the Useful Tips and complete the sentences.

••• ++C
BIG PROJECT?
No problem!
Before
1 a list of the things you need.
2 Put all the things you need.
3 for the things you haven't got.
After 4 Put the things in the right place.

7	4) 4.20 Listen again.	Give Sam	and	Lisa	two	useful	tips
	each. Use ideas fron	າ Exercise (6.				

1	Sam,	in your bag the night b <mark>efore</mark>		
	football practice.			
		Then it's easy to find them.		
2	Lisa,	for your project.		
		$_$ the laptop.		

SET FOR LIFE

- 8 In groups, make a class poster with useful tips about how to be organised. Follow these steps.
- In your group, suggest some tips. Look up the words you need.
- Choose six tips for your poster. Find photos or draw pictures if you want.
- Make your poster. Be organised! Use your own tips to help you. 🙂
- 4 Present your poster to the class. Discuss the tips in the other posters.

Be tidy!

USEFUL TIPS

It's important to be tidy and organised at school and at home.

Make a list of the things you need.

Put together all the things you need.

Ask for things you haven't got

Be tidy. Put things back in their place.



Progress Check Units 1-4

Vocabulary and Grammar

- 1 Choose the correct answer.
 - 1 George's dad's sister's daughter is his
 - a sister. b aunt. c cousin.
 - 2 Mum's car is in the
 - a fridge. b garage. c carpet.
 - 3 Kate is very tall. Her _ and legs are long.
 - b hair c arms a eyes
 - 4 Lisa's test is 10/10. She's very
 - a nice. b clever. c helpful.
 - under my nose. 5 My_
 - a mouth is b ears are c eyes are
 - 6 This _ is big. It's for four people.
 - a sofa b chair c wall
- Complete the dialogue with one word in each gap.



- Bart: Look at this photo.
- Who are 1 those people? Ellie:
- Harry, my best friend, and ² _____ family. Bart:
 - They're a big family.
- How many people 3 Ellie: there in
 - Harry's family?
- Seven. He's ⁴ four brothers. Bart:
- Ellie: he got a sister?
- No, he 6 Bart:
- Ellie: Is that his living room in the photo?
- Yes, it 7 ____. Harry's living room is Bart:
 - very cool!
- Ellie: are a lot of film posters on
 - the walls.
- They're Harry's dad's. He's a film star! Bart:

- Read the sentences and complete the words.
 - 1 Nadia's hair isn't curly or wavy. It's straight.
 - 2 He's from the UK. He's B
 - 3 They're for your feet. They're tr_
 - ____ is a room in your house.
 - 5 We've got two hands and ten f
 - A f_____ is usually in the kitchen.
 - _ are usually on sofas, armchairs and 7 C beds.
 - I'm not at home. I'm not at school. I'm on

Speaking)

- Read the dialogues. Choose the correct answer.
 - Hi, come in!
 - Peter:
 - Would you like some orange juice? Jane:
 - Peter: 2 Oops! Oh, no! My juice is on
 - the floor!
 - Jane:
 - Alisha: Olga, this is my brother, Tad.
 - Olga:
 - Tad: Nice to meet you too, Olga. Where are
 - you from?
 - Olga:
 - 1 a No problem.
 - b Are you OK?
 - (c) Thanks.
 - 2 a Yes, I have.
 - b No, I'm not.
 - c Yes, please.
 - 3 a I'm fine, thank you. b That's all right.
 - c It's nice.
 - 4 a Very well, thanks.
 - b Nice to meet you, Tad.
 - c What's your name?
 - a Poland.
 - **b** In the living room.
 - c No, I'm Polish.
- 5 Work in pairs.
 - 1 Describe your favourite room in your house.
 - 2 Describe your favourite person in your family. Talk about:
 - · their face, eyes and hair
 - their body
 - · their personality

Listening

6 4) 4.21 Listen and draw lines. There is one extra picture.





Reading

- 7 In pairs, say what you can see in photos A–C in Exercise 8.
- 8 Read the blog. Match texts 1–3 with photos A–C.



What's your favourite place? Write about it!

Cora, 13

1 My favourite place is my grandmother's cottage. I love the living room. It's got big windows, Granny's favourite yellow armchair, a lot of pictures on the walls and a lot of books. Granny isn't old. She's got long, brown hair and blue eyes, like me. She's very nice and she's funny too!

Yasmin 11

2 My favourite place is our classroom! It's very big and it's got long, brown desks. We've all got boxes for our books and schoolbags.

Julia, 12

3 My favourite place is our holiday home in the country. I go there with my mum, dad and sister. It's got two small bedrooms, a living room, a kitchen and a bathroom. My sister and I love the garden.







9 Read the sentences. Mark them Y (yes) or N (no).

Cora's granny's house is a cottage.
 Cora's old books are in the living room.
 Y / N
 Yasmin's classroom is small.
 In Yasmin's classroom, there are boxes for the students' things.
 Julia's holiday home has got five rooms.
 Julia hasn't got a sister.

Writing

- 10 Write 40–50 words about your favourite place. Use these questions to help you.
 - 1 What is your favourite place?
 - 2 Where is this place? What rooms has it got?
 - 3 What nice things are there in it?
 - 4 Who is there? Say a few words about them.

My favourite place is ... It's in ... There are ... in my favourite place. There is a nice ... / There are nice ...

Things I can do

VOCABULARY

Action verbs | make, play, ride Language | Musical instruments

GRAMMAR

can affirmative and negative | can questions and short answers















5.1

Vocabulary

Action verbs

1 Find the actions below in the photos.

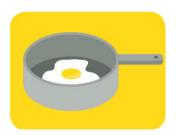
dance draw fix jump ride run swim

2 • 5.1 Listen and repeat. Which action verbs are not in the photos on page 72?

VOCABULARY Action verbs

act cook dance draw fix fly jump read ride run sing swim write

3 Match six words from the Vocabulary box with pictures 1-6.





2









- 4 1) 5.2 Listen to the sounds and choose the correct option.
 - 1 write / read 4 write / fly 2 swim / cook 5 run / fix 3 draw / ride 6 sing/act
- 5 Which actions 1–8 are in the picture? Tick (✓) for yes or put a cross (X) for no.



1	✓	swim	5	draw
2		dance	6	fix
3		read	7	ride
4		jump	8	fly

- 6 In pairs, look at the picture in Exercise 5. Mime actions for your partner to guess!
- 7 In pairs, write the actions.
 - 1 Things we do at school: *read, write, draw*
 - 2 Things actors do: __
 - 3 Things we do at home: _____
 - 4 Things we do for sport: _____
 - 5 Things birds do: ____

8 Make two lists that are true for WORL you. Use the Vocabulary box to help you.

I think it's easy to: cook,

I think it's difficult to: __

can affirmative and negative

VIDEO



I CAN FIX IT!



Guys, this video is for my granny in Shanghai.

Granny Lin, this is my friend, Lucas.

Lucas:

Lucas can play the guitar and he can sing! Lian:

I can't sing very well, but ... Lucas:



Lian: Oh, no, not again! Alex: What's wrong?

Lian: It's the camera. I can't see a thing!

Let me see ... Hmm, I can fix it. Alex: Thanks! Alex is a genius! He can Lian: fix things. He can do very clever

things with computers too.





Yes, what can she do? Lucas:

1 (24 4) 5.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Complete the sentence.

There's something wrong with Lian's ___

- 2 Complete the sentences.
 - 1 The video is for *Lian's granny*.
 - 2 Lian's granny is in _

cupcakes are yummy!

- 3 ______ is a genius.
- 4 ______ is a good cook.
- 3 (1) 5.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.

SOUNDS GOOD!

Not again! • What's wrong? Let me see ...

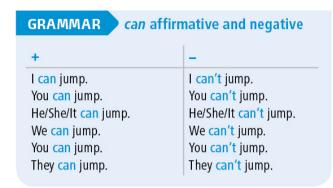
4 What can Lian do? Clue 1: Look at photo 3. Clue 2: Look at the picture of the elephant in photo 4.

d and Lian can s

d ___ w!

5 (25 4) 5.5 Now watch or listen and check.

Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

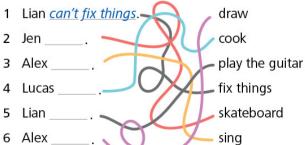




Who can do these things? Complete the sentences with the names below. Then look at the photos on page 74 and check.

Alex (x1) Jen (x2) Lian (x2) Lucas (x2)

- 1 Lian can skateboard.
- sing. play computer games. 3 make cupcakes. 4 _____ draw. cook.
- play the guitar.
- **8** Follow the lines and complete the sentences with can or can't. Then read the sentences.



- 9 (1) 5.6 Listen and choose the correct option.
 - 1 He can / can't) swim.
 - 2 She can / can't draw.
 - 3 They can / can't act.
 - 4 He can / can't sing.
 - 5 She can / can't run.
 - 6 His brother can / can't read.
- 10 (1) 5.7 Listen and repeat.

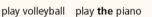
VOCABULARY make, play, ride

make a poster/cupcakes

computer games/football/the piano play

a bike/a horse ride

WATCH OUT!





11 Complete Lucas's email with can and make, play or ride.

Here's what my family can do. My dad ¹can play football very well. My mum 2 a horse and she 3 the piano. My aunt Melina 4 cupcakes. They're yummy! As for me, I 5 the guitar and I 6 a bike.

12 Work in pairs. Student A, write three true and three false sentences. Student B, guess which sentences are true. Then change roles and have the conversation again.

A: My granny can skateboard.

B: No. she can't!



can questions and short answers

The Terrific Two – Thank you, Superdug!



- 1 Look at the cartoon and answer the questions.
 - 1 What is the title of Dug's book?
 - 2 Who can swim in the cartoon?
- 2 (1) 5.8 Listen and read. Complete the sentence.

The woman is Tom and Susan's _____.

- 3 Read the cartoon again and complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
 - 1 Dug can see the boat.
 - 2 Susan and Tom are in the
 - 3 Susan and Tom can't ___
 - 4 Kit and Superdug ____ _ help.
 - 5 Superdug can't swim, but he can __

4 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

?	Short answers
Can I swim?	Yes, I can. / No, I can't.
Can you swim?	Yes, you can. / No, you can't.
Can he/she/it swim?	Yes, he/she/it can. /
	No, he/she/it can't.
Can we swim?	Yes, we can. / No, we can't.
Can you swim?	Yes, you can. / No, you can't.
Can they swim?	Yes, they can. / No, they can't.



- 5 Complete the questions and short answers.
 - 1 A: <u>Can</u> Superdug <u>fly</u>? (fly)
 - B: Yes, he can.
 - 2 A: Dug ? (swim)
 - B: No,
 - 3 A: _____ you ____ the boat? (see)
 - B: Yes,
 - 4 A: _____ the little dog _____ ? (swim)
 - B: Yes, _____
- **6** Look at the cartoon on page 76. In pairs, ask and answer the questions.
 - 1 Picture 2: Dug / see the children?
 - A: Can Dug see the children?
 - B: Yes, he can.
 - 2 Picture 3: Tom and Susan / swim?
 - 3 Picture 3: What / Kit and Dug / do?
 - 4 Picture 4: Superdug / run fast?
 - 5 Picture 4: Superdug / swim?

7 In pairs, ask and answer about Kit and Dug.

swim?	/	X
draw?	X	✓
cook?	/	X

A: Can Kit swim?

B: Yes, she can.

8 Copy the table. Add your idea for number 5. Ask five classmates. How many can do these things? How many can't do these things?



Can you	1	2	3	4	5
1 swim?	1	X	1	X	X
2 fix a comput	er?				
3 ride a horse?					
4 draw?					
5?					

9 Write about your classmates' answers in Exercise 8.

Two people can swim, and three people can't swim.

10 (1) 5.9 (1) 5.10 Go to page 141. Listen and chant the Activities Rap.

YOUR WORLD

Unit 5

Suggestions



Hey, guys, let's do something fun. Lucas:

I agree. Any ideas? Jen: We can go to the park. Alex: Jen: Again? It's not a good idea.

Lian: Let's go ice-skating.

Great idea! Jen:

Lucas: I'm not sure ... I can't skate very well.

No problem. I can teach you. Lian: Lucas: OK, cool! Let's do that!



Hey, Lucas! You can wear these! Alex:

Ha, ha! You're so funny! Lucas:

1 D 28 1 5.11 Watch the video. Then listen and read. What do they agree to do? Tick (✓) the correct photo.







2

3

2 (1) 5.12 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Suggestions

- A: Let's do something fun!/Let's go ice-skating!/ We can go to the park!
- - i'm not sure.
 - 🔀 It's not a good idea.
- 3 Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
 - 1 We <u>can</u> go to the cinema!
 - 2 _____ go to the swimming pool!
 - 3 Let's _____ something fun!
 - ____ can play football!
 - ___ ride our bikes!

- 4 Choose the best answer.
 - 1 A: Let's do something fun.
 - B: a Let me see ...
 - b lagree. Any ideas?
 - c What's wrong?
 - 2 A: Let's go to the swimming pool!
 - B: a We can go to the park.
 - b Let's do something fun.
 - c I'm not sure ... I can't swim very well.
 - 3 A: No problem. I can teach you.
 - B: a Yes, we can.
 - b OK. Let's do that!
 - c I can't do that.
- 5 Complete the dialogues with expressions from the Speaking box.
 - 1 A: We can make cupcakes!
- B: **Great idea!**
- 2 A: Let's do something fun!
- 3 A: We can go to the park.
- 4 A: Let's play volleyball.
- 6 In pairs, make dialogues like those in Exercise 5. Use the ideas below and add your own.

go to the cinema go to the swimming pool make a video play computer games play volleyball ride our bikes

A: Let's ride our bikes!

B: I agree!

Reading and Vocabulary

Sign language

1 (1) 5.13 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with pictures 1–6.

VOCABULARY Language hear language learn sign language speak special











6

_____ 5 ____

2

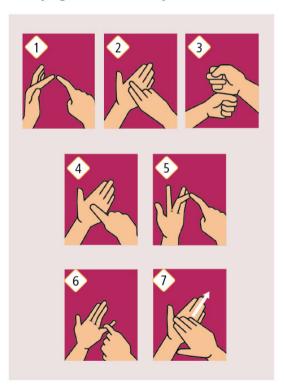
- Read the text quickly. What is it about? Choose the correct answer.
 - a Learn to speak Spanish
 - b Sign language
 - c Make things with your hands
- 3 (1) 5.14 Read and listen to the text. Match headings a–d with paragraphs 1–4.
 - a Learn sign language!
 - b A special language
 - c Where is sign language important?
 - d What is sign language?
 - At school you can learn different languages, like English, French or Spanish. But there are special schools where teachers and students use sign language.
 In sign language you make letters and words with your hands. It's for people who can't hear.
 Sign language is important in schools and at home. All the family can learn sign language. They can speak to children who can't hear.
 Are there children at your school who can't hear? Here's an idea: you can learn sign language and speak to them.

4 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).



1	People who can't hear have	
	got a special language.	T/F
2	There are special schools for	
	students who use sign	
	language.	T/F
3	In sign language you draw	
	pictures.	T/F
4	People who can hear can use	
	sign language too.	T/F
5	People use sign language	
	only in school.	T/F

5 Pictures 1–7 show a word in the British Sign Language alphabet. Go to page 142 and check the word. Practise saying the word with your hands.



6 Spell your name in British Sign Language.

Listening and Writing

After-school clubs

1 Match photos 1–4 with after-school clubs a–d. In pairs, say what you can do in these clubs.









	a b	swimming club art club	c d	drama club football club
2		5.15 Listen and match solution of the second	pe	akers 1–4 with clubs
	Sp Sp	eaker 1		
3		5.15 Listen again. Com th a number or an actio At art club you can lear The number of students	n v	verb. o <u>draw</u> .
	3 4	In drama club you learn Football club is for boys to		
	5	The number of students	in	the swimming club is

4 Which club a-d in Exercise 2 do you prefer?

5 Read the ad for an after-school club. Complete the sentence.

The club is for students who like

COME TO OOMDUTER

You can write emails, but you can't write computer programs? We can teach you!

You can make robots and you can play computer games too. How cool is that!

Where: St Alban's Secondary School When: Monday, 4 o'clock

See you there! www.U-and_Bot.get

6 Study the Writing box. Find and and but in the ad in Exercise 5.

WRITING Linkers: and, but

You can make robots and you can play computer games. You can write emails, but you can't write computer programs.

- 7 Complete the sentences with and or but. 1 I can run <u>and</u> I can jump.
 - 2 She can sing, _ she can't act.
 - 3 They can play computer games they can't write make a robot, computer programs.

WRITING TIME

8 Write an ad for an after-school club.

Find ideas

Make notes about what you can do at the club, and where and when the club is.

Draft

Give your ad a title: Come to ... Club!

Write a paragraph about what you can do at the club.

You can ... and ...

You can ..., but you can't ...

Write where and when the club is.

Where: ... When: ... o'clock

Write the end. See you there!

Check and write

Check the linkers (and, but) and write the final version of your text.

Musical instruments

1 🕩 5.16 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with photos 1-6.

VOCABULARY Musical instruments

acoustic quitar drums electric quitar keyboard violin





2 Read the guiz. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Check your answers on page 142. What is your score?

3 Correct the false sentences in the quiz. Use the words below.

body can't China feet Spain wooden 1 The acoustic guitar is from *Spain*. 2 When you play the acoustic guitar, its is on your legs.

3 Two-vear-old children learn to play the violin.

4 You can play the drums with your hands and

The violin is a ______ instrument.

Read the text. Answer Jane's question.

Hi, I'm Jane. I love music! Can you guess the instrument I can play? It's wooden and it's big. I play this instrument with my fingers. It's brown and black.

6 The drums are from ____



5 Imagine you can play one of the instruments from the guiz and complete the sentences. Use Exercise 4 to help.

I can play the ______. It's ___ and _. I play this instrument with my

Quiz time

1 The acoustic guitar is from France. T/F 2 The guitar has got a head, a neck and a body. T/F 3 When you play the acoustic guitar, its head is on your legs. T/F 4 Two-year-old children can learn to play the violin. T/F T/F 5 You can only play the drums with your hands. T/F 6 The violin is a glass instrument. T/F 7 The keyboard is an electric instrument. The body of the electric guitar is usually wooden. T/F The violin and the acoustic guitar are in the same family of instruments. T/F The drums are from the USA. T/F

My score is __ / 10

Vocabulary Activator

WORDLIST (1) 5.17

Action verbs

act (v) cook (v) dance (v) draw (v) fix (v) fly (v) jump (v) read (v) ride (v)

run (v) sing (v)

swim (v) write (v)

make, play, ride

make cupcakes make a poster

play computer games play football play the piano ride a bike ride a horse

Language

hear (v) language (n) learn (v) sign language (n) speak (v) special (adj)

Musical instruments

acoustic guitar (n) drums (n) electric guitar (n)

keyboard (n) violin (n)

Extra words

after-school (adj) all day boat (n) camera (n) club (n) come (v) fast (adv) football (n)

game (n) guys (n) I can't see a thing. important (adj) Let me see ...

letter (n)

lovely day Not again!

One minute, please. star (n)

teach (v) teacher (n) video (n) volleyball (n) wear (v) well (adv) What's wrong?

who (pronoun)

word (n)

Guess the action verbs.



1 swim





3



4

6



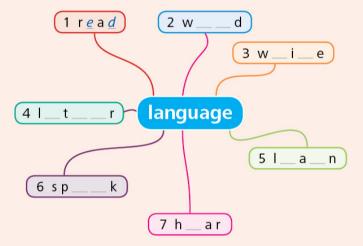


7



8

2 Complete the words from the wordlist.



- Find the words and phrases in the wordlist that have something to do with music, sports and food.
 - 1 music: dance,
 - 2 sports:
 - 3 food:
- **4 ♦)** 5.18 **PRONUNCIATION** /æ/, /ɑː/

Listen and repeat.

Mark's Aunt Ann can play the guitar. But she can't sing or act so she isn't a star!

Revision

Vocabulary

1 Look at the picture and complete the action verbs 1–8. Then write five more action verbs in your notebook.



1	f <u>/</u> y	5 jp
2	a _ t	6 r_n
3	f x	7 s n
4	s g	8 rd

Б	C	+1		: 4			
4	Complete	tne	phrases	with	таке.	DIAV	or riae.

	make cupcakes
2	a bike
3	the guitar
4	football
5	a horse
6	a poster

3 Complete the sentences with the words below.

	cupcakes	guitar	hear	learn	speak	special	
1	Sign lar can't _	_	is a <u>sp</u> 	<u>ecial</u> la	inguage	e for people who	
2	We can	<u>~</u>	Sp	anish c	r Frenc	h at our school.	
3	I can re	ad Fren	ch, bu	t I can'	t	it very well.	
4	I can pl	ay the _		and	l I can r	nake yummy	
	too.						

Grammar

- In your notebook, write sentences with can (✓) or can't (X) and and or but.
 - 1 Superdug / fly ✓ / swim ✗
 Superdug can fly, but he can't swim.
 - 2 Leo / play the piano ✗ / play football ✓
 - 3 I/make a cake ✗/ make a pizza ✓
 - 4 you / play the guitar X / sing X
 - 5 they / skateboard ✓ / run very fast ✓
- 5 Complete the questions and short answers.

1	Can you swi	im (you/swim)?
	No, <u>I can't</u> .	
2		_ (David/sing) this song
	Yes,	He's very good.
3		(the boys/act)?
	No,	!
4		_ (Lisa/play) this game?
	No,	She's really bad!
5		_ (you/see) Mario?
	Yes,	. He's over there.

Speaking

6	Put the dialogue in the correct order.
	Then act it out in pairs.

a		I'm not sure I can't play
		very well.
b		OK, cool. Let's do that.
c		I agree. Any ideas?
d	1	Let's do something fun.
e		No problem. I can teach you
f		We can play football.

BBC Young London **CULTURE**



- 1 Do you know these places in London? What are they? What can you do there?
- 2 5.19 Listen and read. Match photos A-D with paragraphs 1-4.

Things to do at the weekend

London is a fun city. There are a lot of things young people can do. Here are some of them.

Natural History Museum



Hyde Park

Go to a museum

How about the Natural History Museum? There are fun activities for teens: you can make dinosaur T-shirts, see a puppet show or be a scientist for a day!



2 Workshops

Some museums have workshops. You can draw or make things with your friends. At the Cartoon Museum, you can make your own comic!



See a show

London is famous for its musicals. There are many shows. You can sing and dance to the songs too!



See the city

You can see London from the top of the London Eye or from a boat on the Thames. You can run, play football, skateboard or have a picnic in Hyde Park.

activity (n) something you do because you enjoy it workshop (n) a place where people meet to learn or improve a skill comic (n) a magazine that tells a story with pictures

3 Read the text in Exercise 2 again. Choose the correct option.

Where can you ...

1 skateboard? on the London Eye Kin Hyde Park

The London Eye

and the Thames

- 2 make a comic? at a workshop / on the Thames
- 3 sing? in the Natural History Museum / in a musical
- 4 go on a boat? from the top of the London Eye / on the Thames
- 5 make a T-shirt? at the Natural History Museum / at the Cartoon Museum
- 4 5.20 Listen and write where the people are. Choose from the places below.

a drawing workshop a musical a puppet show the London Eye

1	the London Eye
2	
3	
4	

5 Work in pairs. What can teenagers do where you live? Make a list and compare with other students' lists. Whose list is the longest?







- 6 29 Watch the video and answer the presenter's questions. Which activity is not in the video? Choose the correct answer.
 - a boxing
- b skateboarding
- c swimming
- d ice-skating
- 7 29 Watch the video again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Use the information from the video, not what you know.

1	You can ride a BMX bike in Rom Park.	T/F
2	You can't skateboard in Rom Park.	T/F
3	There are special hats for climbing.	T/F
4	Boxing isn't a sport.	T/F

- 5 Sports can help you make new friends. T/F
- 8 Discuss in pairs. Which of the sports or activities in the video can you do? Which would you like to do?

PROJECT TIME

- In pairs, make a promotional email about the fun things visitors can do in your area.
- Take photos of the places or find them on the internet.
- Write about places with fun activities for teenagers.
 Use these questions to help you.
 - What kind of places are they?
 - Where are they?
 - What can people do there?
- Put the photos and text together on a digital document.
- Email it to your classmates.



Fun things to do in ...*

This is ...
It's in ...

You can do fun activities / skateboard / see a film there.

*Add the name of the place where you live.

VOCABULARY

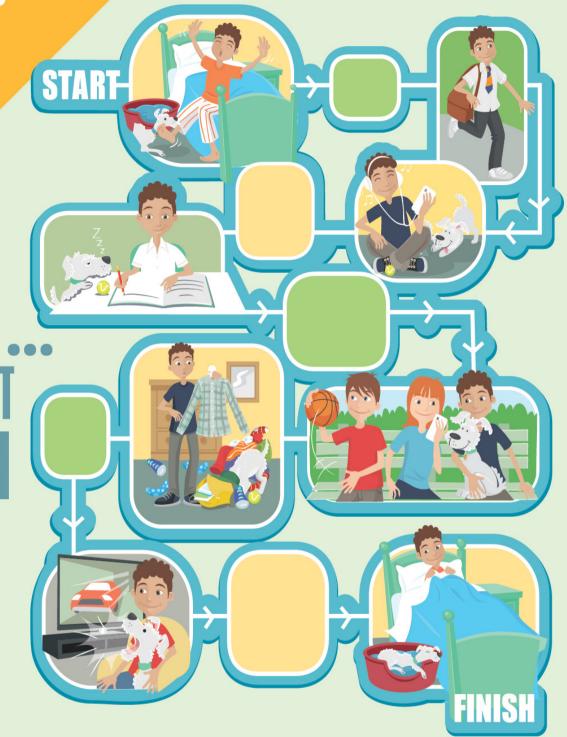
Daily activities | Days of the week | Months | On the internet

GRAMMAR

Present Simple affirmative
Adverbs of frequency

My day

6



6.1

Vocabulary

Daily activities

1 Which activities below do you do every day?

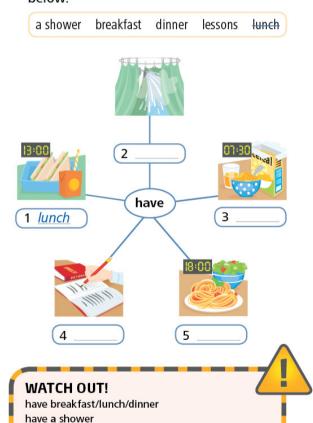
do (my) homework go to bed go to school have lunch watch TV

2 • 6.1 Listen and repeat. Which activities from the Vocabulary box can you see in the pictures on page 86?

VOCABULARY Daily activities

do my homework get up go to bed go to school hang out with my friends have a shower have breakfast have dinner have lessons have lunch listen to music tidy my room watch TV

- 3 Choose the correct option.
 - 1 get /go to bed
 - 2 have / get up
 - 3 tidy / listen to my room
 - 4 have I go lessons
 - 5 watch / listen to music
 - 6 take / watch TV
 - 7 do / have my homework
 - 8 take / hang out with my friends.
- Complete the phrases with the words below.



5 1 6.2 Listen and write six activities from the Vocabulary box in your notebook.

1 watch TV

have lessons

- 6 Number the activities in the order you do them on a typical day. Then, in pairs, read your lists. Are they the same?
 - have dinner have lessons
- 1 get up have breakfast
- go to school do my homework
- go to bed have lunch
- 7 Look at the photos. Write the activities.





1 hang out with my friends







In pairs, play the board game on page 86.

- 1 Throw the dice.
- 2 Go forward.
- 3 If there is a picture on the square, say the activity.

Correct answer: stay there.

Wrong answer: go back two squares.

4 Go to the FINISH first to win!

- 9 Put the daily activities in the Vocabulary box into groups.
 - Activities I like: ...
 - ⊗ Activities I don't like: ...

Present Simple affirmative

VIDEO

I LISTEN TO CLASSICAL MUSIC.



Lucas asks Jen and Alex about their daily routine for a school survey.



I get up early. I get ready for school and I have breakfast. Alex: Me too. Breakfast is very important. Jen makes pancakes!

Then we walk to school. Jen:

Alex: We're never late for school.





1 D 30 1 6.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Who makes breakfast? Choose the correct answer.

a Lucas

b Alex

c Jen

Who does these things? Write A (Alex), J (Jen), or A and J (Alex and Jen).

1 get up early

A and J

2 make pancakes

3 walk to school 4 do homework

5 listen to classical music

6 play the piano

SOUNDS

does . . .

Me too. Come on, guys! • Seriously?

3 4) 6.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.

4 Guess what Alex really does. Choose the option that you think is correct.

1 He gets up early / late.

2 He has breakfast at home / at school.

3 He plays computer games / football.

5 (2) 31 (4) 6.5 Now watch or listen and check.

Study the Grammar box. Then watch.





7 Choose the correct option.



I *get / gets* up early. Alex ²get / gets up late. He ³have / has breakfast at school. I 4have / has breakfast at home.

Jen and I 5walk / walks to school. After school, we ⁶do / does our homework. In the evening, I ⁷play / plays computer games.



WATCH OUT!

tidy → tidies have → has

get → gets make → makes watch → watches go → goes 8 Read Lucas's blog. Complete the sentences with the Present Simple form of the verbs below.

get get go hang have have play watch



Tick (✓) the things that you do. Tell your partner. Then listen to your partner and tick (/) the things he/she does.

1	I get up early.	
2	I get up late.	
3	I have breakfast at home.	
4	I have breakfast at school.	
5	I do my homework after school.	
6	I hang out with my friends after school.	
7	I watch TV after dinner.	
8	I play computer games after dinner.	

10 Look at Exercise 9. In your notebook, write what you and you partner do.

I get up early. Nicola gets up early too. After school, I ...



Unit 6

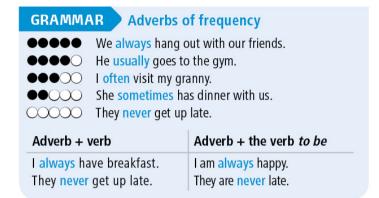
Partner

Adverbs of frequency



- 1 Look at the cartoon. Can you see Dug's football shirt? What colour is it?
- 2 6.6 Listen and read. Which is Dug's free day?
- 3 Three activities from Dug's busy week are not in the cartoon. Which activities are they?
- 4 Correct the sentences.
 - 1 Dug's kitchen is a mess. garage
 - 2 Dug has singing lessons. _
 - 3 Dug has lunch with Uncle Roberto.
 - 4 Dug visits his granny and grandad.
 - 5 Dug plays basketball for the superhero team.

5 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.





- 6 In your notebook, write the sentences with the adverb in the correct place.
 - 1 Dug has dinner with Kit. usually Dug usually has dinner with Kit.

2 He plays computer games.3 He is at home on Tuesday.never

4 He listens to music. often5 He is late for breakfast. always

In your notebook, write about Kit's sisters, Lulu and Flo. Use the adverbs in the Grammar box.



- 1 Lulu and Flo / go to the cinema on Friday

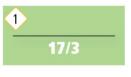
 Lulu and Flo often go to the cinema on Friday.
- 2 Lulu and Flo / hang out with Kit and Dug.
- 3 Lulu / go to bed early
- 4 Flo / play computer games
- 5 they / be late for school
- 6 they / do their homework before dinner

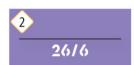
8 (1) 6.7 Listen and repeat.

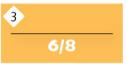
VOCABULARY Days of the week

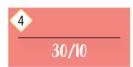
Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday

- 9 Read the clues and write the days.
 - 1/3 is a Monday.
 - 1 / 6 is a Tuesday.
 - 1 / 8 is a Sunday.
 - 1 / 10 is a Wednesday.









- 10 Complete the words. In pairs, say when Kit does these activities. Which day is missing?
 - 1 watch a film F <u>r i</u> day
 - 2 get up late
 3 cook dinner
 5 _____ day
 W ____ day
 - 4 tidy her house S __ _ day
 - 5 have a tennis lesson M _ _ day

Kit watches a film on Friday.

11 In your notebook, write sentences that are true for you.

1 always

I always watch TV on Saturday.

- 2 sometimes
- 3 often
- 4 usually
- 5 never

00000

- 12 Work in pairs. Student A, say one true and one false sentence about the things you do. Student B, spot the false sentence. Then change roles and have the conversation again.
 - A: I never get up late. I often cook.
 - B: True, false!
 - A: Correct!

Speaking

Telling the time



Lian: What time is it?

Alex: It's a quarter to four. (1) Lian: What time is the film?

Alex: It's at four o'clock. (2)

Lian: It's too late now.

Alex: Wait, the film is on again at half past four. (3)

Lian: That's better. Let's go.



Lian: There isn't a film at half past four.

Alex: But it says here there is a film at half past four

on Fridays. Oh!

Lian: Exactly! Today's Saturday.

Find the times 1-3 in the story. Match them with clocks a-c.







- 2 (2) 34 (4) 6.8 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Why isn't there a film at half past four?
- 3 (1) 6.9 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Telling the time

- A: What time is it?
- four o'clock.
- A: What time is the film/match?
- B: It's at



ten (minutes) past four.



(a) quarter past four.



half past four.



(a) quarter to five.



ten (minutes) to five.

- 4 Complete the times. Then ask and answer in pairs.
 - 1 (05:40) It's twenty to six.
 - It's _____ 2 (07.70) past two.
 - It's a quarter _____ ten.
 - It's three ______.
 - It's ten past _____.
 - It's a quarter _____ eight. 07:45
 - A: What time is it?
 - B: It's twenty to six.
- 5 In pairs, make dialogues. Then act them out in class.
 - 1 A: time / the football match?

What time is the football match?

A: time / now? B: 11:55 2 A: time? B: 5:40 B: 6:00

A: time / the party?

B: 12:15

6 Play What time is it? as a class. Ask and answer.

A: What time is it?

B: It's one o'clock. What time is it?

C: It's five past one. What time is it?

D: It's ...

Reading and Vocabulary

Interview with a traveller

- 1 Look at the photos and read the first part of the text. Why is this family special?
- 2 (1) 6.10 Read and listen to the rest of the text. Choose the correct option.
 - 1 Réka lives in Australia I different countries.
 - 2 Réka has got a brother / sister.
 - 3 Réka has got / hasn't got a school.
 - 4 Réka hangs out with her friends *in different* places / online.
 - 5 'Dreamtime Traveler' is Réka's book / blog.
 - 6 Réka's life is / isn't boring.
- 3 Read the text again and answer the questions.
 - 1 Who is Lalika? He's Réka's brother.
 - 2 Who are Réka's teachers?
 - 3 Has Réka got a best friend?
 - 4 What are her two favourite activities?
 - 5 Réka hasn't got a pet. Why?
 - 6 What does Réka watch?

- 4 In pairs, talk about what you like most about Réka's life.
- 5 < 6.11 Listen and repeat. Match five months from the Vocabulary box with photos 1–5.

VOCABULARY Months

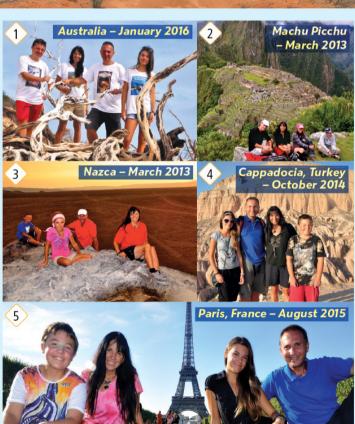
January February March April May June July August September October November December

6 Imagine you travel to different countries, like Réka. Plan your journey for a year. Tell the class about your plan.

Month	Country
January and February	Australia

In January and in February, I'm in Australia. In March, I'm in ...





Réka Kaponay is from Australia, but she lives in different countries! She travels with her parents and brother, Lalika. Today she tells us about her life.

Where's your school?

I haven't got a school! My teachers are my parents and the people we visit.

Who are your friends?

I've got friends in a lot of countries. We hang out online. I haven't got a best friend.

Have you got a pet?

No! I love animals, but I can't have a pet. We are always in different places.

What are your favourite hobbies?

Reading and writing. I read a lot and I write my own books. I've got a blog too – Dreamtime Traveler. But I also watch TV and films, like all teenagers, and I love walking and swimming.

Do you like your life?

Yes, I love every day! It's never boring!

Listening and Writing

A typical weekend

1 Tick (✓) the activities you do at the weekend. In pairs, compare your answers.

1 tidy my room

sing

2 play football play computer games

3 ride my bike 4 listen to music

5 watch TV

do my homework 8

have lunch with

my family

2 4) 6.12 Listen and match people 1–3 with pictures A-D. There is one extra picture.

1 Brian _____ **2** Ben _____ 3 Anna









- (1) 6.13 Listen to Ben talking about his weekend. Complete the sentences with a word you hear.
 - 1 Ben <u>usually</u> gets up at seven o'clock on Saturday.
 - 2 Ben tidies his room after ___
 - 3 Ben goes to bed at ___ o'clock on Saturday.
 - does his homework after 4 Ben breakfast on Sunday.
 - 5 Ben and his best friend play the _ Sunday.
- 4 Work in groups. Talk about what you usually do at the weekend. Then tell your class about a student in your group. Can they guess who it is?

- 5 Read Lian's blog. Which is her favourite day? Choose the correct answer.
 - a Saturday

b Sunday



VEEKEND

I usually get up at eight o'clock on Saturdays. After breakfast, I skateboard with my friends. Hove my skateboard and Hove Saturdays! Before dinner, I watch TV or play computer games.

I get up at nine o'clock on Sundays. Before lunch, I tidy my room and I do my homework. I always have lunch with my family. After lunch, I often draw or listen to music.

6 Study the Writing box. Find before and after in Lian's blog.



WRITING before, after



tidy my room

lunch

play football

Before lunch, I tidy my room. I tidy my room before lunch. After lunch, I play football. I play football after lunch.

WRITING TIME

Write about your typical weekend. Use before and after.



Find ideas

Make a list of what you do. Saturday: get up late, help Mum, ... Sunday: do my homework, ...



Draft

Write a paragraph about Saturday. I usually get up at ... o'clock on Saturday. I have a shower and I have breakfast. After breakfast, I ... Write a paragraph about Sunday. I always ... on Sunday. Before lunch, I ...



Check and write

Check *before* and *after* and write the final version of your text.

The internet

1 4) 6.14 Listen and repeat. Match the phrases in the Vocabulary box with photos 1–6.

VOCABULARY On the internet

chat online email someone get help with homework have a video call read/write a blog watch videos online











Read the online posts. Complete them with six

words from the Vocabulary box.

The internet and me!



chocolatecookie My best friend lives in the USA now. We are in different time zones: London time is Los Angeles time + 8 hours. When it's five o'clock in the morning in LA, it's one o'clock in the afternoon in London, so we only 1chat online on weekdays. But we always have a video 2 Saturday or Sunday.



FierceTed I love the internet! I get help with my 3 _. I play games online with my friends. We can play from our homes. I also watch 4 online.



Cherry I write Classmates. It's a fun with stories and cartoons about school life. A lot of kids read it and they 6 me their stories. I usually post them on my blog.

3 Read the posts again. Answer the questions.

3

1 When it's two o'clock in London, what time is it in Los Angeles?

It's ten o'clock.

- 2 Which days of the week are 'weekdays'? Guess.
- 3 When FierceTed plays games with his friends, are they all in the same room?
- 4 What is the name of Cherry's blog?
- 4 Find one more thing you can do on the internet in one of the posts. Then add your own ideas. Ask your teacher or find the words you need online!

More things I can do on the internet:

1			
2			
3			

5 Write a post for The internet and me! about you. Create an online name first!

	1	0	ι		R	
1	Λ	0	R	Ц	D	

I usually ...

Vocabulary Activator

WORDLIST () 6.15

Daily activities

do my homework get up (v) go to bed go to school

hang out with my friends

have a shower have breakfast have dinner have lessons have lunch listen to music tidy my room watch TV

Days of the week

Monday (n) Tuesday (n) Wednesday (n) Thursday (n) Friday (n) Saturday (n) Sunday (n)

Months

January (n) February (n) March (n) April (n) May (n) June (n) July (n) August (n) September (n) October (n) November (n) December (n)

On the internet

chat online email someone get help with homework have a video call read/write a blog

watch videos online

Extra words

animal (n)

busy (adj) busy week cartoon (n) classical music (n) Come on, guys! daily routine early (adv)

every (determiner) free day

grandparent (n) gym (n) hour (n) How about ...?

get ready

in the evening late (adv) lesson (n) life (n) live (v) love (v)

Me too. meet (v) mess (n) never (adv)

often (adv) online (adv) pancake (n) really (adv)

school survey Seriously? swimming (n) team (n)

teenager (n) That's better.

The film is on again at ...

too late travel (v) visit (v) walk (v) walking (n) weekday (n) writing (n)

- Complete the sentences with the Present Simple form of verbs from the wordlist.
 - 1 Jack usually tidies the kitchen after breakfast.

out with our friends on 2 We always Saturday.

to music in her room. 3 She

4 I never up late on weekdays.

his homework on Friday. 5 My brother

6 They often TV in the evening.

7 Dad sometimes a shower after dinner.

8 We lessons on Monday and Thursday.

9 Paul often to bed at nine o'clock.

10 You usually lunch at school.

Write the dates in full.

1 Mon. 6/7 Monday, 6 July 2 Wed. 25/3

3 Sun. 10/2

4 Fri. 8/8 5 Sat. 29/1

6 Tues. 12/5

7 Thurs. 17/11

8 Mon. 22/10

9 Wed. 14/4 10 Sat. 1/6

11 Tue. 9/9

12 Thurs. 13/12

Match 1–6 with a–f. Then choose three phrases and write sentences.

> email a online

chat b a blog 2

c videos online 3 get d a video call 4 write 5 have a friend

6 watch f help with homework

On Saturdays, my sister watches videos online with her friends.

4 **♦)** 6.16 **PRONUNCIATION** /s/, /z/ or /ɪz/

Listen and repeat.

Kate gets up late and has breakfast fast, She watches a film and runs for the bus!



Revision

Vocabulary

1 Complete the phrases with the words below. There is one extra word.

		go to ha school			rk	listen to	
1	do my	homewo	ork	5			bed
2	get			6			music
3		TV		7	tid	у	
4	go to			8	ha	ng out	with my
Th	e eytra	word is					

Write three phrases with the extra word from Exercise 1. Do you know any more phrases with this word?

1	a sh	r	
2	b	k	t
3	l ss	S	

Find the days of the week. In pairs, say them. Which day is missing?



- 4 Answer the questions. Then tell a friend.
 - 1 Which month is your birthday?
 - 2 Which month is before January?
 - 3 Which month is after February?
 - 4 Which month is before May?
- 5 Choose the correct option.



1 email a friend / listen to music



3 play computer games / write a blog



2 get help with homework / watch videos online



4 have a video call / chat online

Grammar

6 Complete the text with the Present Simple form of the verbs below.

get (x3) go hang have (x3) listen

I ¹ get up at	t half past seve	n, but my p	parents	
2	up at seven o'	clock. My s	ister, Kate,	
3	up late every	day! We ⁴ _		
breakfast to	ogether. After l	oreakfast, I	5	to
school with	Kate. We go	on the bus.	Kate	
6	to music and I	7	out with	
my friends.	We ⁸	lessons a	nd we	
9	lunch at one o	clock.		

7 In your notebook, write sentences that are true for you.

1	My brother/sister <u>always gets up late</u> . (always			
2	My parents	(usually)		
3	My best friend	(often)		
4	My granny and grandad	(sometimes)		
5	My teacher	(never)		
6	1	(always)		

Speaking `

8 Choose the correct option

Ci	loose the confect opi	LIOII.	
1	06:35	4	04:00
	It's twenty-five to		It's four <i>past /</i>
	six / seven.		o'clock.
2	12:30	5	09:45
	It's a quarter / half		It's a quarter
	past twelve.		to ten / nine.
3	06:10	6	01:50
	It's ten past six /		It's fifty past one I
	six past ten.		ten to two.

Match 1–3 with a–c and make two dialogues.Dialogue 1

1	What time is it?	a OK!	
2	What time is the show?	b It's five to tw	۷O.
3	Let's watch it.	c At two o'clo	ck.
Di	alogue 2		
1	When is the match?	a It's a quarter	•
2	What time is it now?	to eleven.	
3	Let's walk fast then!	b Yes, let's go!	
		c It's at eleven	

o'clock.

SET FOR LIFE

Give things a new life!



- What do you usually do with things 1-4? Choose a, b or c.
 - a Throw them away.
 - Repair them.
 - Recycle them.



- Read the poster above. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What happens to the things we can't recycle?
 - 2 Why is it good to repair broken things or use them in a different way?

3 4) 6.17 Listen to Mike and Suzie. They are talking about repairing things. Choose the correct option.

SHOW YOU CARE: REPAIR!

Join our repair workshops!

When? 1 Sunday / Saturday) mornings at ² 11 a.m. / 1 p.m. Where? Bay Road Centre

Bring your ³ broken / new things. Our team can ⁴ recycle / repair them for you. We can teach you how to repair them too!

Bring your old things and give them a new life! There are a lot of fun projects with the things we can't fix.

Make a cat bed with old 5 clothes / bags!





4 (1) 6.18 Listen to Mike and Suzie again. Choose the correct option.

What we do in our workshop:

We repair slow 1 phones / computers.

We show you how to paint your ² desks / chairs. You can make them look ³ new / cool!

We 4 throw away / use things we can't repair.

In pairs, look at photos A–D. What are the things? What are they made from? Look up any words you need.



SET FOR LIFE

- 6 Make a new object from something old or broken. Make a digital presentation of the process. Follow these steps.
- Find an old or broken thing. Make a list of things you can do with it or with parts of it.
- Choose an idea and do your project. Take photos of every step.
- Make a digital presentation with the photos.
- Show your presentation to the class.

Repair or use again

USEFUL TIPS

It is not good for the environment to throw away things.

Learn how to repair broken things.

Take parts from a broken thing and make something new.

Use things in a different way.

Give the things you no longer want to other people.



Progress Check Units 1-6

Vocabulary and Grammar

- 1 Choose the correct answer.
 - 1 This day is after Wednesday and before Friday.
 - a Tuesday b Saturday c Thursday
 - 2 You _____ to music.
 - a play b listen c hear
 - 3 You wear them on your feet. They're good for running.
 - a shoes b trainers c trousers
 - 4 You have this meal before you go to school.
 - a dinner b lunch c breakfast
 - 5 This month has 31 days.
 - a February b October c June
 - 6 You do this with a pen and a notebook.
 - a write b read c speak
- 2 Complete the text with one word in each gap.



My bedroom is small. I've 1 *got* a big bed, but I 2 _____ got a desk. Our house has got a big living room. 3 _____ are two desks in it: one for my brother and one for me. I usually 4 ____ my homework after school. My brother 5 ____ football after school, so he 6 ____ his homework before dinner. We usually have dinner at half 7 ____ six. After dinner, I 8 ____ computer games and my brother 9 ___ videos online. We always 10 ____ to bed early on weekdays.

Speaking

3 Look at the pictures. Match sentences a-h with pictures 1–6. There are two extra sentences.













- a No, it isn't a good idea.
- b The film's at a quarter to five.
- c Let's do something fun!
- d Let's go skateboarding!
- e Swimming? I'm not sure.
- f Swimming? Great idea!
- g We can ride our bikes!
- h What time is it?
- 4 In pairs, ask and answer the questions.
 - 1 What's your favourite month?
 - 2 Who can sing in your family?
 - 3 What cool things can you do?
 - 4 Have you got a book in English?

Reading

In pairs, talk about what you and your family can and can't do.

A: I can play the guitar.

B: My brother can't dance!

6 Read the ad. What is it about? Choose the correct answer.

a a talent contest b

b a London show

7 Read the ad again. Answer the guestions.

1 Who is Meryl? She's a new star.

2 What can she do?

3 How many prizes are there?

4 When is the contest? ___

5 Where is it?

6 Can dogs come? ___

Listening

8 (1) 6.19 Listen and tick (1) the correct answer.

1 What can Grace do?







c _



2 What club is on Thursday?



b



c



3 What time is the film?



b







4 Where is Jill?



b



С



5 What can Uncle Jack do?



b



c



New Stars!

You can be a star too!

This is Meryl. She's a new star!
She sings and plays the guitar in a rock band. She can dance too.
What can you do? Show us! We've got special prizes.

Prize 1 You can be on TV!

Prize 2 Meet a famous band!

Prize 3 Go to a London show!

When: Saturday at 8 o'clock

Where: Town Theatre

Your family and friends can come too!

We're sorry, but no dogs.

Writing

9 Complete Dan's blog with the words below. There are two extra words.

after	breakfas	t can	gar	den	get	hang	have
house	listen	room	the	usu	ally		

 \bowtie

I'm at my cousin Julie's ¹ house this week. It's in				
Richmond. It isn't very big, but it's got a fantastic				
² ! My uncle and aunt ³	up at			
half past six. I get up at seven and have 4				
with them and Julie. ⁵ breakfast, I go to				
bed again – it's the holidays! Then I tidy my				
⁶ Julie and I ⁷ do spor	ts after			
lunch. Julie 8 skateboard really we	ell. She's			
my new teacher! We often ⁹ out with				
Julie's friends before dinner. Before bed, we				
10 to music or watch TV.				

- 10 You are at a friend's house for the holidays. Write 40–50 words about what you do. Use these questions to help you.
 - 1 Where is your friend's house?
 - 2 What time do you get up?
 - 3 What do you do before and after lunch?
 - 4 What do you do in the evening?

I'm at my friend's house this week. It's in ... I get up at ... I have breakfast with ... Before lunch, I/ we ... After lunch, I/we ... In the evening I/we ...

VOCABULARY

Wild animals | Pets | Adjectives | Where animals live

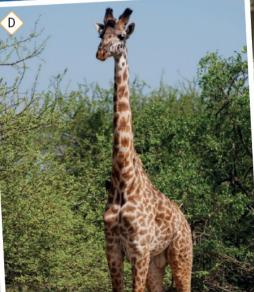
GRAMMAR

Present Simple negative Present Simple questions and short answers

















7.1

Vocabulary

Wild animals

1 Find the animals below in photos A–H. There is one extra photo.

crocodile elephant giraffe kangaroo lion monkey tiger

2 1 7.1 Listen and repeat. What is the name of the animal in the extra photo on page 102?

VOCABULARY Wild animals

bird butterfly crocodile elephant fish fly frog giraffe kangaroo lion monkey snake spider tiger whale

3 Look at photos 1–7 and complete the words. Use the Vocabulary box to help you.





3 __ly

4 s __ak __





- 7 __ is__
- 4 1) 7.2 Listen to the animal sounds. Number the animals. Then check your answers in pairs.
 - bird
 - elephant
 - c frog
 - d 1 lion
 - e monkey
 - snake

5 Read the sentences and choose the correct option.

I can fly!

spider / bird)

I can swim! whale / butterfly

I'm very tall!

frog / giraffe

I can't jump!

kangaroo / elephant

I've got big teeth! crocodile / fly

I haven't got arms and legs. snake / monkey

The names of the animals are mixed up. Write the correct names.

ti on croco roo

kanga fly

li key

butter dile mon ger

1 tiger

2

7 Draw three fantasy animals. In pairs, look at the animals and give them a name.

A: It's a giraffe and a bird. B: It's a 'giraffird'!



<u>Gra</u>mmar

Present Simple negative

VIDEO



I DON'T LIKE CATS!





Mum: Can you get up early and take it for a walk? Every day?

Jen: Poor dog! Alex doesn't get up before twelve o'clock at

the weekend.

Dad: Big dogs eat a lot.

Alex: But it's small! It doesn't eat a lot.

Dad: Because it's a puppy! These dogs are usually very big!

Alex: Oh, all right.



Jen: How about a cat? People don't take cats for a walk.

Alex: I don't like cats! And I'm allergic!

Dad: Look, these are perfect for you! They don't eat a lot and you are

not allergic to them.

-0

- 1 (2) 35 (4) 7.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Find a word that means 'baby dog'.
- 2 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).

1	Alex's mum doesn't like dogs.	T/F
2	Alex gets up late at the weekend.	T/F
3	Dad thinks small dogs eat a lot.	T/F
4	The puppy in Alex's photo is very big.	T/F
5	A cat isn't a good pet for Alex.	T/F

SOUNDS GOOD!

I don't mind! •
Poor (dog)! • Oh, all right!

- 3 (1) 7.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story. How do you say them in your language?
- 4 Guess what kind of pet is good for Alex in Dad's opinion.
- 5 (2) 36 (1) 7.5 Now watch or listen and check.

Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR

Present Simple negative

L You He/She/It We You They

don't (do not) get up early. don't (do not) get up early. doesn't (does not) get up early. don't (do not) get up early. don't (do not) get up early. don't (do not) get up early.



- 7 (1) 7.3 (1) 7.5 Choose the correct option. Then listen again and check.
 - 1 Alex wants /doesn't wanta cat.
 - 2 Small dogs eat / don't eat a lot.
 - 3 Alex's mum likes / doesn't like the puppy in the photo.
 - 4 Alex gets up / doesn't get up before twelve o'clock at the weekend.
 - 5 People take / don't take cats for a morning walk.
 - 6 Alex wants / doesn't want a goldfish.
- Complete what Alex says with don't or doesn't.
- On weekdays, Jen and I go to school, but we don't go to school at the weekend.
- At the weekend, Lucas plays computer games, but he play computer games on weekdays.
- (3) On weekdays, Jen gets up early, but she get up early at the weekend.

In pairs, talk about what you do and don't do at the weekend.

I don't go to school at the weekend.

10 1 7.6 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with pictures 1-8.

VOCABULARY

Pets

cat dog goldfish hamster iguana parrot rabbit tortoise



- 11 Which pet is good for these people? Student A, read 1-3. Then listen to Student B and decide. Student B, go to page 142 to help Student A. Student A, choose the correct option.
 - 1 Alex: goldfish / dog)
 - 2 Lucas: parrot / hamster
 - 3 Lian: iguana / rabbit
 - A: A goldfish or a dog for Alex?
 - B: Alex wants to play with his pet.
 - A: A dog is a good pet for Alex, then.

Student B, read 4-6. Then listen to Student A and decide. Student A, go to page 142 to help Student B. Student B, choose the correct option.

- 4 Granny: dog / hamster
- 5 Aunt Megan: tortoise / parrot
- 6 Jen's friend, Emma: goldfish / big dog

I hang out with my friends at the weekend, but hang out with them on weekdays.

On weekdays, Lian does homework, but she do homework at the weekend.

At the weekend, we watch films on TV, but we watch TV on weekdays.



5

6

Present Simple questions and short answers

The Terrific Two - Superdug's interview



- 1 Look at the cartoon. In what language is Kit's magazine?
- 2 (1) 7.7 Listen and read. Who is Superdug's piano teacher?
- **3** Read the sentences. Choose the correct option.
 - 1 Superdug watches TV I plays computer games to relax.
 - 2 Superdug sometimes / always wins computer games.
 - 3 Kit speaks / doesn't speak foreign languages.
 - 4 Superdug is / isn't a good piano player.
 - 5 Kit sings / doesn't sing well.

4 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR Present Simple questions and short answers			
?	Short answers		
Do I sing?	Yes, I do. / No, I don't.		
Do you sing?	Yes, you do. / No, you don't.		
Does he/she/it sing?	Yes, he/she/it does. /		
	No, he/she/it doesn't.		
Do we sing?	Yes, we do. / No, we don't.		
Do you sing?	Yes, you do. / No, you don't.		
Do they sing?	Yes, they do. / No, they don't.		
What do you do to relax?	I play computer games.		



5 Complete the reporter's other questions to Superdug with do or does.

1	<u>Do</u> you know Superman?	(X)
2	you hang out with friends?	(✓)
3	Kit help you?	(✓)
4	you go to the gym?	(✓)
5	you and Kit go ice-skating?	(X)
6	Kit teach music at a school?	(X)

- In your notebook, write Superdug's answers to the questions in Exercise 5.
 - 1 No, I don't.
- 7 Work in pairs. Student A, pretend you are the reporter. Student B, pretend you are Superdug. Role play the questions and answers in Exercises 5 and 6. Then change roles and have the conversation again.
 - A: Do you know Superman?
 - B: No, I don't.

- 8 In your notebook, write questions.
 - 1 you / play the guitar? Do you play the guitar?
 - 2 you / listen to pop music?
 - 3 Superdug / eat superhero food?
 - 4 Superdug / watch TV?
 - 5 you and Superdug / hang out every day?
 - 6 Superdug / have swimming lessons?
- 9 (1) 7.8 Listen to Kit's answers to the guestions in Exercise 8. Write them in your notebook.
 - 1 No, I don't.
- 10 Play a game. Complete the questions. In pairs, ask the questions and mime the answers. You get one point for each correct guess.
 - 1 What do you do (do) to relax?

2	What	(have) for breakfast?
3	Where	(do) your homework?
4	What	(do) after school?
5	What	(do) on Friday after
	dinner?	
6	Where	(hang out) with
	your friends?	

- A: What do you do to relax?
- B: (mimes the answer)
- A: I know! You play the guitar!



11 (1) 7.9 (1) 7.10 Go to page 142. Listen and sing the Questions Song.

Speaking

Buying a ticket

VIDEO



ONE TICKET, PLEASE.

Dad: Get a ticket, Lucas. Jen

and I have got passes.

Attendant: Can I help you?

Can I have one ticket to Lucas:

the zoo, please?

Attendant: That's eighteen pounds

fifty, please.

Here you are. Lucas:

Attendant: Thank you. Here's your

ticket.

Would you like a guide?

No, thanks. I've got all the Lucas:

information on my phone.

Where do we start?

At the café. I'm so hungry Jen:

I could eat a horse!

Shh! We're at the zoo. Lucas:



- 1 (2) 39 (4) 7.11 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Why doesn't Lucas need a guide?
- 2 (1) 7.12 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Buying a ticket

- A: Can I help you?
- B: Can I have one ticket/two tickets to the zoo, please?
- A: That's eighteen pounds fifty.
- B: Here you are.
- A: Here's your ticket./Here are your tickets.
- B: Thanks.
- 3 (1) 7.13 Put the dialogue in order. Then listen and check.
 - Thanks. a
 - Here are your tickets. b
 - Can I have three tickets to the aquarium, c please?
 - Here you are. d
 - That's twelve pounds sixty, please.
 - 1 Can I help you?

WATCH OUT!

f = pound

£4.20 = four (pounds) twenty

4 How much are the tickets?



1 eighteen





pounds fifty

- 5 In pairs, role play buying tickets to the museum.
 - A: help / you?
- B: three tickets

Can I help you?

A: £13.20 B: here A: your tickets B: thanks

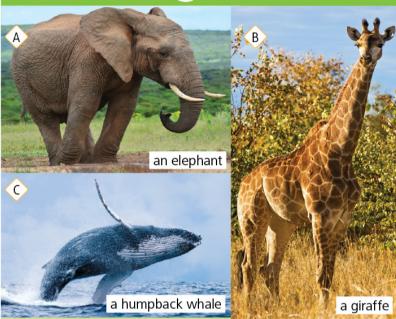
6 In pairs, role play three more dialogues. Use the tickets in Exercise 4 and the phrases in the Speaking box.

Reading and Vocabulary

Amazing animals

- 1 In your notebook, write names of animals which ... a swim very well. b eat a lot. c can sing.
- 2 1 7.14 Read and listen to the texts from a web page about amazing animals. Match texts 1-3 with photos A-C.

Amazing animals!



- 1 These animals are very fast. They can run at 55 kilometres an hour! They only sleep one or two hours every night. They've got cute faces. They don't drink much water, but they like eating. They can eat leaves from tall trees. They eat 45 kilos of food every day!
- 2 These animals are big, but they can run very fast. They love water and they can swim too. They love their families. They are very clever and friendly, but sometimes they can be dangerous! They eat plants. They eat up to 270 kilos of food and they drink about 75 litres of water every day!
- **3** These animals eat a lot of very small fish and they are very strong. They can jump out of the water. They like having fun! They can sing and they 'write' different songs! Some people think they are ugly, but other people think they are cute.
- 3 Read the texts again and complete the table.

	giraffes	elephants	humpback whales
What do they eat/drink?	leaves,		
What can they do?			jump,
What do they like/love?			

4 1 7.15 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with pictures 1-6.

VOCABULARY

Adjectives

cute dangerous fast slow strong ugly













5 Read the texts in Exercise 2 again. Find and write the adjectives that describe each animal in your notebook.

giraffe: fast, ...

6 1) 7.16 Listen to two children. What animals do they talk about?

Speaker 1: Speaker 2:

7 Play a game in teams of four. Your teacher says an adjective. Which animals does it describe? Write a list. You have one minute. Which team has the longest list?

Teacher: fast

Group: giraffe, elephant, ...

Listening and Writing

Looking after a pet

1 In pairs, make a list of animals that you can have as pets. Then say which animals are easy to look after in your opinion.

Cats - easy. You don't take cats for a walk!

- 2 (1) 7.17 Listen to a radio interview with Jo, a pet expert. Tick (/) the names of the animals on your list that you hear.
- 3 ◆ 7.17 Listen again. Look and tick (✓) a, b or c.
 - 1 Which animal is dangerous?

0	

а









- 2 What do dogs like?

- C







- 3 Which pet sleeps a lot?
- b
- c







- 4 1) 7.18 Listen to George talking about his new pet. Choose the correct option.
 - 1 George's rabbit is clever) boring.
 - 2 His favourite place is his rabbit house / the garden.
 - 3 He eats green / red and green vegetables.
 - 4 He drinks water / milk.
 - 5 George has got one rabbit / two rabbits.



In pairs, talk about your ideal pet. What is it? What do you know about it?

- 6 Read Martin's email to Jen. What is it about? Choose the correct answer.
 - a his weekend
- b his puppy

Hi Jen,

Can you look after my puppy for the weekend? His name's Rex.

He eats dog food and he drinks water. He likes milk too. I take him for a walk after his breakfast and dinner. He sleeps a lot. He's very friendly and very cute! Is this OK? Let me know.

Thanks,

Martin

7 Study the Writing box. How does the email begin? How does it end?

WRITING Starting and ending an email

Begin with Hil Hello.

Write a comma after the name, e.g. Hi Jen, ... Write your name at the end, e.g. Martin

- Order the sentences to make an email.
 - She eats cat food and chicken. She drinks water.
 - Helena
 - Thanks. c
 - Is this OK? Let me know.
 - 1 Hi Ben,
 - Can you look after my cat for the weekend?

WRITING TIME

- Write an email to a friend asking him/her to look after your pet.

Find ideas

Make notes about your pet.

Write Hi / Hello and your friend's name. Explain why you are writing. Can you look after my ... for the weekend? Give helpful information.

He/She eats/drinks/likes/sleeps ...

End your email.

Is this OK? Let me know.

Thank your friend and write your name.



Check and write

Check the beginning and ending of your email. Write the final version of your text.

The environment

1 4) 7.19 Listen and repeat. Match the phrases in the Vocabulary box with photos 1-6.

VOCABULARY Where animals live in the forest in a hole in the ground on land in a pond in the sea in trees













Read the texts. Match headings a-b with texts 1-2.

a Water animals

the sea too.

1

b Land animals

A lot of animals, like tigers, elephants, giraffes and butterflies, live in forests. There are many different types of forests all over the world. Some animals live in trees. They can do that because they can climb or fly. Some of these animals are monkeys, snakes, birds and spiders.

Rabbits make holes in the ground and they make a lot of them! They live there with their friends and families.

2 There is a lot of life in ponds! Fish and frogs have their home there. Frogs are different from fish because they don't live only in the water. They can also live on land. You can find a lot of different fish in the sea. They are big, small, cute, funny or ugly and

they are many different colours. Whales live in

3 Read the texts in Exercise 2 again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

1	All forests are the same.	T/F
2	Only birds live in trees.	T/F
3	Rabbits live together with other rabbits.	T/F
4	Fish don't live on land.	T/F
5	Fish can be many different colours.	T/F
6	Whales live in ponds.	T/F

4 What animals live in these places? Complete the table. Use information from the texts in Exercise 2.

1	In the forest	butterfly,
2	In trees	
3	In a hole in the ground	
4	In a pond	
5	In the sea	

5 Look at the animals in the photos. In pairs, guess where they live. Go to page 142 and check.

A: Where do catfish live?

B: I think they live ...



6 Add one more animal to the table in Exercise 4.

Vocabulary Activator

WORDLIST 1) 7.20

Wild animals

bird (n) butterfly (n) crocodile (n) elephant (n) fish (n) fly (n) frog (n) giraffe (n) kangaroo (n) lion (n) monkey (n)

Pets

cat (n) dog (n) goldfish (n)

snake (n)

spider (n)

tiger (n)

whale (n)

hamster (n) iguana (n) parrot (n) rabbit (n) tortoise (n)

Adjectives

cute (adj) dangerous (adj) fast (adj) slow (adj) strong (adi) ugly (adj)

Where animals live

in a hole in the ground in a pond in the forest in the sea in trees on land

Extra words

amazing (adi) at 55 kilometres an hour at the weekend because (conjunction) children (singular: child) (n) dog food (n) drink (v) easy (adj) every day expert (n) food (n) foreign language

quide (n) hard work have fun hour (n) I could eat a horse! I don't mind.

I'm allergic to

magazine (n) night (n) not ... at all Oh, all right. pass (n) Poor dog! puppy (n) relax (v) reporter (n) sleep (v) take the dog for a walk think (v) together (adv) water (n)

leaves (singular: leaf) (n)

interview (n)

look after (v)

kilo (n)

litre (n)

Look at pictures 1–8 and write the animals.





1 elephant







3

4





5

7

6





8

2 Read the questions. Choose the correct answer.

win (v)

work (v)

1 Which animal is fast? b Which animal is slow? a

a tortoise

b tiger

2 Which animal is strong? Which animal has got legs?

a snake

b lion

3 Which animal is cute? Which animal is ugly?

a cat

b fly

4 Which animal lives in a pond? Which animal lives in a tree? b froa

5 Which animal lives in people's houses?

Which animal lives in a forest? a giraffe **b** spider

6 Which animal lives in the sea? Which animal lives in a hole in the

ground? a rabbit

b whale

3 (1) 7.21 PRONUNCIATION /s/

Listen and repeat.

Sue's snake Simon just eats, eats and eats. He sits on the sofa and steals all the sweets!



Revision

Vocabulary

- 1 Choose the odd one out. Why is it different?
 - 1 a bird
 - b fly
- c butterfly (d) kangaroo
- c snake
- 2 a crocodile
- b tiger
- d elephant
- b frog
- c fish d whale
- 4 a giraffe

3 a monkey

- c lion
- b spider
- d tiger
- 2 How many pets can you see? Write the number.

2736	8
	200
P	

- 5 tortoises 1 cats one 2 rabbits 6 iguanas _ 3 parrots 7 dogs 4 goldfish 8 hamsters
- 3 Complete the adjectives.
 - 1 str <u>o</u> n <u>g</u>
- 4 sl ___ _
- 2 danger __
- 5 ug ____
- 3 fa ___ __
- 6 cu ___
- Complete the sentences with the words below.

forest	ground	hole	land	pond	sea	trees

- 1 Whales live in the *sea* and lions live on
- 2 Frogs live in a ___
- 3 Elephants and giraffes live in the ______.
- 4 Monkeys and birds live in ___
- 5 Rabbits live in a _____ in the ___

Grammar

5 Read the text and write negative sentences in your notebook.

Jason and his family are very different!

Jason wants an iguana. His sister Jackie wants a rabbit, and their parents want a parrot.

They all watch TV. Jackie, Mum and Dad like films and Jason likes cartoons.

At the weekend, Jason goes to the park with his friends. Jackie hangs out with her best friend, and their parents visit the neighbours.

- 1 Jackie and Jason / want / a parrot Jackie and Jason don't want a parrot.
- 2 their parents / want / an iguana
- 3 Jackie / like / cartoons
- 4 Jason / go / to the park with his parents
- 5 his parents / go to the park
- In your notebook, write questions and answers.
 - 1 Jason / want / a rabbit?
 - A: Does Jason want a rabbit?
 - B: No, he doesn't.
 - 2 his parents / want / an iguana?
 - 3 they all / watch TV?
 - 4 what / Jackie / do / at the weekend?
 - 5 where / Jason / go / at the weekend?

Speaking)

- 7 Choose the correct answer.
 - 1 Can I help you?
 - a Can I have a ticket, please?
 - b Would you like a ticket?
 - 2 That's ten pounds ninety.
 - a The money's here.
 - b Here you are.
 - 3 Here are your tickets.
 - a Thanks.
 - b No, they aren't.



- Discuss these questions in class.
 - 1 Which pets are popular in your country?
 - 2 Do you know any unusual pets? What are they?
 - 3 Would you like to have an exotic animal as a pet?
- 2 4) 7.22 Listen and read. Match photos A–D with texts 1–3. There is one extra photo.

Pets in the UK

Some people in the UK want an unusual pet. This is why they choose exotic animals. Here are three unusual pets that you can have in the UK.

- 1 Tarantulas
 - Spiders are scary, but some people think tarantulas are pretty. They are quiet animals and they don't need a lot of space or food, so they aren't hard work.
- Pygmy hedgehogs
 People like pygmy hedgehogs because
 they are small and cute. They eat cat food
 and they eat a lot! They need a lot of
 space to run and play.
- 3 Axolotls

They've got an unusual name and they look funny. They live in the water. They can be brown, black, yellow, white or other colours. And here's an amazing fact: if they lose a part of their body, they can make a new one!

- **3** Read the texts in Exercise 2 again and answer the questions.
 - 1 Which pet eats a lot? The pygmy hedgehog.
 - 2 Which pet can make new body parts?
 - 3 Which pet needs a lot of space?
 - 4 Which pet doesn't need a lot of food?
 - 5 Which pet can be different colours?
 - 6 Which pet can be scary?
- 4 1) 7.23 Listen and choose the correct answer.
 - 1 Which is the number one pet in the UK?
 - a cat
- b dog
- 2 Which animal is number three in the list?
 - a rabbit
- b fish
- 3 Which are two top names for pets in the UK?
 - a Alfie and Bella
- b Cookie and Dolly
- 4 What is their dog's name?
 - a George
- b Mrs C
- Work in pairs. Imagine you can have one of the animals in photos A–D.
 - 1 Which animal do you choose? Why?
 - 2 Think of a name for your animal.

exotic (adj) interesting and unusual because it is from a foreign place

popular (adj) something is popular when a lot of people like or do it

unusual (adj) different from what we usually do or know



- 6 40 Watch the video and answer the presenter's questions. What do the animals do after breakfast?
- 7 40 Watch the video again. Match the animals below with sentences 1–6. Use the information from the video, not what you know.

nonkeys	penguins	stick insects	tigers (×2)	tortoises			
They're They're		tigers		ey're greer ey eat fish			They eat meat. They love toys.

8 Discuss in groups. Which animals in London Zoo would you like to see? Why?

PROJECT TIME

- In groups of three, make a digital presentation with photos and information about your ideal pets.
- In your group, think of six ideal pets, two pets for each person in your group. Find information about them. Use these questions to help you.
 - What animals are your ideal pets?
 - What do they look like?
 - What do they eat?
 - What can they do?
 - · What is a fun fact about them?
- Individually, create your part of the presentation.
 - Make digital posters of the pets.
 - · Find photos of each pet.
 - Write a short text about each pet.
 - Give each text a title.
- In your group, create your presentation.
 - · Put the photos and texts together.
 - Think of a title for the whole presentation.
 - · Check that the texts are correct.

- Share your presentation with the class.
 - Present your pets.
 - Answer other students' questions.
 - Ask questions and comment on the other presentations.
 - This is my pet rabbit.
 - His/Her name's ...
 - He/She's cute/clever.
 - He/She eats ...
 - He/She can ...
 - Here's a fun fact about rabbits: ...



VOCABULARY

Sports | Healthy lifestyle | Sports equipment

GRAMMAR

love | like | don't like | hate + -ing | Object pronouns | Question words



8.1

Vocabulary

Sports

1 Read the words below. What do they mean?

basketball football skateboarding swimming tennis volleyball

2 • 8.1 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with photos A-Q on page 116. Which sport is in two photos?

VOCABULARY Sports

badminton basketball canoeing cycling football hockey ice-skating roller skating skateboarding snowboarding swimming table tennis taekwondo tennis volleyball windsurfing

3 Unscramble the words. Use the Vocabulary box to help you.

1	tekaodnwo	<u>taekwondo</u>			
2	anngcioe	c	g		
3	rloerl kasitng	r	rs	g	
4	sktbraoadenig	S		g	
5	swobonrdiang	S		g	
6	hoecky	h	y		
7	bsktbaelal	b		1	
8	bdatinmon	b		n	

4 In pairs, put the sports in the Vocabulary box in groups. A sport can be in more than one group.



Indoor sports: basketball,



Outdoor sports: football,



Team sports:



Winter sports:



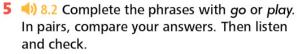
Ball sports:



Water sports:



I do taekwondo. I go swimming. I play tennis.



1	<i>go</i> cycling	7 windsurfing
2	basketball	8 badminton
3	hockey	9 table tennis
4	snowboarding	10 canoeing
5	skateboarding	11 football
6	roller skating	12 ice-skating

These children do two sports. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.



Mario



Alicia



Peter



Fran

1	Mario <i>plays badminton</i> at school.			
	He	at the weekend.		
2	Alicia	at school. She also		
	<u></u>	with her dad.		
3	Peter	in the school team.		
	He	every week.		
4	Fran	in winter. She always		
		in the morning.		

7	Complete the sentences
	with verbs and sports from
	Exercise 5.

I never	
I watch	on TV.
I think	is boring.
I think	is great!
l	with friends.
1	every day.
I often	at school.

love / like / don't like / hate + -ing Object pronouns

VIDEO



LET'S GO TO SUMMER CAMP!

Lian: Hey, guys, do you want to go to summer

camp with me?

Alex: Maybe. What do you do there?

Lian: Horse-riding, rock climbing ... I like rock

climbing.

Jen: I don't like it!

Lian: How about water sports? There's sailing,

windsurfing ...

Alex: No, thanks. I don't like getting wet.

Jen: That's true. Lian, you like sports. We like

them, but we want to do other things

too. Cooking, for example.

Lian: There's a cooking camp in ...

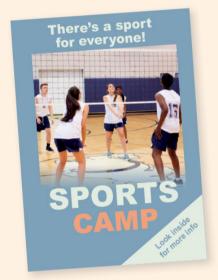
Alex: No, thanks. I love eating, but I hate

cooking!

Lian: Let's find a camp we all like.









0

- 1 (2) 41 (4) 8.3 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Find two sports in the story that are not in the Vocabulary box on page 117.
- Read the story again. Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.
 - 1 Lian wants to go to <u>summer</u> camp.
 - 2 _____ doesn't like rock climbing.
 - 3 Sailing and windsurfing are _____ sports.
 - 4 Windsurfing is not a good sport for _____
 - 5 Jen wants to go to a _____ camp, but Alex doesn't.

SOUNDS GOOD!

Maybe. • That's true.

- 3 (1) 8.4 Listen and repeat. Find these expressions in the story.
- 4 Look at the summer camp brochures. Which camp is good for Lian, Jen and Alex? Choose the correct answer.
 - a tech camp b fun camp c sports camp
- 5 (242 4) 8.5 Now watch or listen and check.

Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR | love / like / don't like / hate + -ing Hove eating. Thate cooking. I don't like getting wet. Do you like cycling? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. What do you like doing? I like cooking.



- 7 Read the story on page 118 again. Complete the sentences with loves, likes, doesn't like or hates.
 - 1 Jen *doesn't like* rock climbing.
 - rock climbing. 2 Lian _____
 - getting wet. 3 Alex _____
 - eating, but he 4 Alex __ cooking.
- 8 Look at photos 1–6. Write true sentences in your notebook. Use love, like, don't like or hate + -ing.

cook do homework draw get up play













1 I like playing computer games.

9 (true) or F (false).

1	Sue doesn't like playing volleyball.	T/F
2	Brian likes swimming.	T/F
3	Kate hates getting up early.	T/F
4	They love skateboarding.	T/F
5	Jake doesn't like playing football.	T/F

GRAMMAR

Object pronouns

l → me	$he \rightarrow him$	we \rightarrow us
you → you	she \rightarrow her	you → you
	it \rightarrow it	they → them

She is a good friend. I like her. You don't like sports. We love them.

10 Read Lian's email and choose the correct option.



My friend Alex loves fixing computers. 1(He)/ Him knows a lot of things about ²they / them. I don't, so I usually ask ³he / him for help. 4We / Us often hang out with his sister, Jen. I like ⁵she / her a lot. Jen loves making cupcakes. ⁶They / Them are amazing! Alex and I love chocolate, so ⁷she / her often makes chocolate cupcakes for ⁸we / us.

11 Write what your friends or family love/like/don't like/hate doing. Use Lian's email in Exercise 10 to help you.

My friend ... likes He/She knows a lot of things about ...

The Terrific Two - Dug's sports hero



Dug: Excuse me, are you Irina Peters, the tennis player?

Irina: Yes, I am.

Dug: Can I have your autograph, please? I'm a great fan!

Irina: Sure. Hold my phone, please. What is your name?

Dug: Dug, erm ... no ... Superdug.

Irina: Are you THE Superdug?



Superdug: Yes. Look! Selfie?

Irina: Wow, yes! I'm your fan too!





Kit: What have you got there? Dug: It's Irina Peters' autograph.

Kit: She's a tennis champion! Well done, Dug!



Dug: And here's a photo of us. Oh, no! This isn't my phone.

Kit: Whose phone is it?

Dug: It's Irina Peters' phone. We've got the same phone!

Kit: Where can you find her? Where does she live?

Dug: I don't know.

Kit: I'm sure you're not her favourite superhero right now!

- 1 Look at the cartoon. How many mobile phones can you see? What do you notice about them?
- 2 4) 8.7 Listen and read. Who is Irina Peters?
- 3 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).

1 Irina wants Dug's autograph. T / F

2 Irina is Superdug's fan. T/F

3 Kit doesn't know who Irina Peters is. T/F

4 Dug's got the wrong phone. T/F

5 Dug doesn't know where his phone is. T/F

4 Study the Grammar box. Then watch.

GRAMMAR

Ouestion words

Who is Dug's sports hero? What have you got there? When is the game? Where does she live? Whose phone is it? How many photos have you got?

It's Irina Peters. I've got Irina's autograph. It's on Tuesday. She lives in London. It's Irina's phone. I've got 80 photos.



- Match questions 1–6 with answers a–f.
 - Where do Superdug and Kit live? a Two.
 - Who is a tennis champion? b Fish and 2 chips.
 - 3 How many sisters has Kit got?
 - When is Superdug's birthday? d In the UK.
 - What is Kit's favourite dinner? 5

4

e Superdug's.

c Irina.

- Whose bike is red and white?
- f On 5 July.
- How well do you know the Terrific Two? Complete the questions with the question words below. Then answer the questions in pairs.

how many what when where who whose

- 1 A: Who is Uncle Roberto? (Look at page 16.)
 - He's Superdug's uncle. B:
- 2 A: is in the box? (Look at page 30.)
- is Granny's house? (Look at page 46.) 3 A:
- eyes are green? (Look at page 60.) 4 A:
- children are there in the boat? (Look at 5 A: page 76.)
- 6 A: does Superdug play football? (Look at page 90.)

7 (1) 8.8 Listen to Superdug's questions.

Then choose Kit's answers.

On Wednesdays / 1 At her house.



- Two cars. / I've got them. 2
- 3 In Spain. / You are.
- 4 It's my sister's. / Two sisters.
- 5 They're Wonder Will's. / I think there are four.
- 6 It's in your room. / It's nice.
- Write questions about the underlined words.
 - What is your favourite sport?
 - B: My favourite sport is rock climbing.
 - 2 A:
 - B: My favourite sportsperson is Rafael Nadal. 3 A:
 - I live at 6 Rose Street. B:
 - 4 A:
 - B: My birthday is on 26 August.
 - 5 A:
 - I've got one brother and one sister.
 - 9 In pairs, ask questions 1-5 from Exercise 8 and give true answers.

A: What is your favourite sport?

B: It's ...

10 Play a game! Make guestions with the words in the box. You have three minutes.

where	Jack	swim	is
does	can	when	what
whose	who	he	like

Where is Jack?

Where can Jack swim?

?

?

Speaking

Talking about the weather

VIDEO



WHAT'S THE WEATHER LIKE?

Lucas is on holiday in Spain, but it's rainy in London.

Jen: Hi, Lucas! Why aren't you at the

beach? Isn't it hot and sunny?

It's three o'clock. It's too hot and Lucas:

too sunny. What's the weather like

in the UK?

It's cold and rainy. We can't go Jen:

swimming.

That's a pity. Lucas:

Yes, but it's OK. It often rains in Jen:

summer.

Lucas: Well, I hope it's sunny tomorrow.

Me too, but I still can't go swimming. Jen:

Why? Lucas:

I have a dentist's appointment! Jen:

Lucas: Eurgh! I hate dentists!

Me too! Jen:

Lucas: See you soon! Bye!



- 1 (2) 45 (4) 8.9 Watch the video. Then listen and read. Complete the sentence.
- Jen can't go swimming today because _____.
- 2 8.10 Listen and repeat.

SPEAKING Talking about the weather

- A: What's the weather like?
- B: It's cloudy/cold/hot/rainy/snowy/sunny/warm/windy. It's cold/hot/rainy/sunny in winter/summer/autumn/spring.
- 3 What is the weather like? Complete the sentences.







2 It's



3 It's

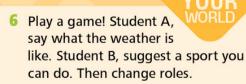


4 It's_

4 Which months are in each season in your country?

January February March April May June July August September October November December

- 1 Summer:
- 2 Spring:
- 3 Winter:
- 4 Autumn:
- Choose the best answer.
 - 1 A: What's the weather like in autumn in Spain?
 - B: a It's warm and sunny.
 - b I like sunny weather.
 - 2 A: I want to go windsurfing tomorrow.
 - a Yes, it's cold.
 - b I hope it's warm and windy.



A: It's windy.

B: Let's go windsurfing!

Reading and Vocabulary

Healthy lifestyle

1 🕩 8.11 Listen and repeat. Then match the phrases in the Vocabulary box to photos a-f in the magazine article below.

VOCABULARY Healthy lifestyle

brush your teeth do exercise drink a lot of water eat fruit and vegetables go to bed early have friends

1	Photo a:
2	Photo b:
3	Photo c:
4	Photo d:
5	Photo e:
6	Photo f

2 (1) 8.12 Read and listen to the magazine article. Match headings A-F with tips 1-6.

A Healthy teeth

D People you like

B Be sporty

E Healthy food

C Sleep well

F Water is great!

3	Read the article again.	Complete the sentences
	with one word in each	gap.

1	It's good	to <i>get</i>	up at	the same	time every	day
---	-----------	---------------	-------	----------	------------	-----

2 Healthy teens eat fruit and ___

3 Healthy teenagers drink a lot of ___

4 It's good to brush your _____ after every meal.

5 When you want to exercise, you can play a sport, ride your bike or __

6 It's fun to out with friends.

4 Read the sentences. Tick (✓) the things that are healthy and put a cross (X) if they are unhealthy.

1	I sleep	five	hours	every	night.
---	---------	------	-------	-------	--------

2 I never eat vegetables.

3 I often brush my teeth after dinner but never after breakfast.

4 I go swimming at the weekend.

5 I meet my friends three times every week.

READ OUR TOP TIPS!



- A healthy teenager needs nine hours of sleep. Go to bed early and get up at the same time every day.
- Don't say 'I hate vegetables!' Find the fruit and vegetables you like. Eat five servings every day.
- Healthy teenagers drink a lot of water. Have water in your schoolbag, not cola!
- How often do you brush your teeth? Only after breakfast? Brush them after every meal, every day!
- **5** Do you like football, swimming or volleyball? Great! You don't? No problem! You can ride your bike or walk. It's good exercise!
- Do you play computer games or watch TV after school on your own? Hang out with your friends sometimes. Friends are fun and they help us with our problems.

5 Work in pairs. Talk about two healthy things that you do. I brush my teeth after every meal.

Listening and Writing

Your lifestyle

1 Complete the sentences about sports champions with train, good and healthy.

1 Champions are at their sport.

2 They_ a lot.

3 They have a ___ lifestyle.

- 2 4) 8.13 Listen to the interviews with Denise and Gary. What are their sports?
- 3 4) 8.13 Listen again. Read the questions and complete the interviewer's notes about Denise and Gary.



Denise

- 1 Where does she play volleyball? At City Club.
- 2 When does she train? o'clock in the morning.
- 3 How often does she eat fruit and vegetables? Every
- 4 Has she got time for homework?

, she



Gary

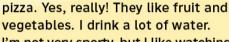
- 5 How many friends has he got in his club? He's got friends.
- 6 When does he train? From five to every day.
- 7 When are his competitions? Usually on mornings.
- 8 What does he always eat on Saturdays?

4 Have Denise and Gary got a healthy lifestyle? In pairs, compare your ideas.

5 Has Lucas got a healthy lifestyle? Read his blog and find out.

MY LIFESTYLE!

- 1 I go to bed at half past nine on school days and I get up at eight o'clock. I love sleeping!
- 2 My favourite food is pizza. Mum and Dad don't like



- 3 I'm not very sporty, but I like watching football on TV. I love music and I play the guitar every day after school.
- Study the Writing box.

WRITING Checking grammar

Read the first draft of your text to check for grammar mistakes. Check your final draft too. I like watch watching football on TV.

7 Correct the underlined mistakes.

1 I like eat chocolate. eating 2 I hate swimming, but my friends like him. 3 He eat a healthy breakfast.

WRITING TIME

8 Write about your lifestyle.

4 We love <u>do</u> sports.

Find ideas

Make notes under these headings.

Sleep: I go to bed at ...

I get up at ...

Food: My favourite food is ...

Sports and friends: I am/I'm not very sporty.

I love/like/don't like/hate ...

I often/sometimes hang out with ...

Write about your lifestyle.

Check and write

Check for grammar mistakes and write the final version of your text.

Sports equipment

1 (1) 8.14 Listen and repeat. Match the words in the Vocabulary box with the sports equipment A-F in the photos in Exercise 2.

VOCABULARY	Sports equipment
bat goggles stick	helmet net racket

What sports do the teens in the photos like? Complete the texts with the words below. There are four extra words.

badminton cycling canoeing hockey snowboarding swimming table tennis tennis volleyball



I love *cycling* because I can hang out with my friends outdoors. We ride our bikes at the weekend. I always wear a helmet.

3 Complete the sentences

I like

I need

Tennis

Hockey

Volleyball

Football

Cycling

Swimming Table tennis

so they are true for you.

from the texts in Exercise 2.

__ . I play/go

4 Complete the table with equipment words

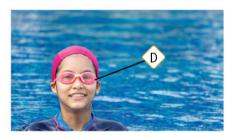
to do this sport.

racket, ball, net

with



with my brother on Saturdays. You need a small ball and a bat for this sport. You play on a table with a net. There are usually two or four players.



3 Ilike . I'm in a club. I train every day and I think I'm good at it. I wear goggles because I hate getting water in my eyes. I wear a swimming cap too because I've got long hair.



I love playing ______. I often play with my sister. We play on Wednesdays and Fridays. I have a new racket. It's a birthday present.



5 I love playing ice ______. You need a long stick to play, and it's also good to wear a helmet.

Vocabulary Activator

WORDLIST (1) 8.15

Sports

badminton (n) basketball (n) canoeing (n) cycling (n) football (n) hockey (n) ice-skating (n) roller skating (n) skateboarding (n) snowboarding (n) swimming (n) table tennis (n) taekwondo (n) tennis (n) volleyball (n)

windsurfing (n) Healthy lifestyle

brush your teeth

do exercise drink a lot of water eat fruit and vegetables go to bed early have friends

Sports equipment

bat (n) goggles (n) helmet (n) net (n) racket (n) stick (n)

Extra words

appointment (n) at the beach autograph (n) champion (n) chocolate (n)

cloudy (adj) cold (adj) competition (n) fan (n) find (v) for example from ... to ... get wet hate (v) health (n) healthy (adj) horse-riding (n) hot (adj)

I hope ... in the morning Maybe. meal (n) pizza (n) rainy (adj)

in the box.

right now rock climbing (n) snowy (adj) sporty (adj) spring (n) summer (n) summer camp (n) sunny (adj) That's a pity. That's true. tip (n) want (v) warm (adj) water sport (n) Well done!

What's the weather like? whose (pronoun) windy (adj) winter (n)

1 For which sport(s) do you need the equipment in pictures 1-8?



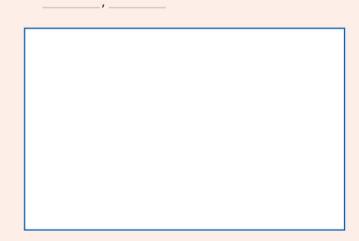
1 cycling



2







2 Find the words for sports equipment in the

wordlist. Four of them are in the pictures in Exercise 1. Which two pieces of equipment are not in the pictures? Write them. Then draw them

3



5



7



6



THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY
8

3 The underlined words are in the wrong phrase. Put them in the correct phrase.

For a healthy lifestyle:

1	brush your <u>water</u>	teeth
2	do <u>teeth</u>	
3	drink a lot of <u>early</u>	
4	eat fruit and friends	
5	go to bed <u>exercise</u>	-
6	have vegetables	

4 (1) 8.16 PRONUNCIATION /r/

Listen and repeat. Rosemary and Jane Love running in the rain!

Revision

Vocabulary \

- 1 Read sentences 1–5. Then complete the words for the sports.
 - 1 You play these sports with a ball.
 - basketball
 - b t____t__
 - c
 - 2 These are not team sports.
 - r_____ s___
 - sk g
 - c
 - sn____g d
 - 3 You do these sports indoors and outdoors.

 - b
 - c C
 - d
 - e
 - 4 You do these sports in winter.
 - sn____g
 - b i____-s_
 - 5 You need windy weather for this sport.
- 2 Jamie's lifestyle isn't healthy. Give him some tips. Complete the sentences with the words below.

hed	exercise	friends	teeth	vegetables	water
beu	CVCICI2C	IIICIIus	teetii	vegetables	water



- 1 Do exercise every day.
- 2 Eat fruit and
- 3 Drink a lot of _____
- 4 Brush your _____ after you eat.
- 5 Hang out with your __
- 6 Go to ______ early.

- 3 Read the sentences. Mark them T (true) or F (false).
 - 1 You need a net to play volleyball. T/F
 - 2 You don't need a bat to play table tennis.
 - T/F 3 You play badminton with a stick. T/F
 - 4 You need a helmet to swim. T/F
 - 5 It's good to wear goggles under water. T/F
 - 6 You play tennis with a racket. T/F

Grammar

4 Complete the text about Jamie with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Jamie isn't very sporty. He doesn't like ¹ doing (d	lo
sports at school and he doesn't like ²	
(play) football with his friends. He ³	
(hate) cycling too. He sometimes ⁴ (go)
roller skating with his sister. They like 5	
(go) to the park, but not when it's cold and rain	ıy.
Jamie loves ⁶ (watch) sports on TV	
at home!	

- 5 Write questions. Then ask and answer in pairs.
 - 1 what / be / your favourite sport? What's your favourite sport?
 - 2 who / be / your sports hero?
 - 3 whose / autograph / you / have got?
 - 4 where / you / exercise? Indoors or outdoors?
 - 5 when / you / go to bed?
 - 6 how many friends / you / have got?
- 6 Read the sentences. Replace the underlined object pronouns with the words below.

chocolate Mr Smith those roller skates you and me your mum

- 1 I like her. your mum 2 I don't like them.
- 3 I love it!
- 4 They like him.
- 5 She can help us.

Speaking)

- 7 Match 1–4 with a–d.
 - 1 What's the weather
- a in summer in the UK.
- 2 It's sunny, but it's

3 It's often rainy

- b the UK in winter.
- c windy.
- 4 It's sometimes cold in
- d like in the UK today?

SET FOR LIFE

my faulti

I'm sorry, it's my fault!









- Match 1-4 with photos A-D above.
 - 1 Ron: Hang on! We're at 4, Rose Street. You

say it's the address of the bookshop, but it isn't. This is an ice cream shop.

Olga: Oh, no! I've got the wrong address!

2 Peter: Have you got our tickets?

Haley: They aren't in my bag! They're at

home!

3 Mr Reed: You're late! You play the drums in

the school band and they can't start

without you!

4 Nick: We're hungry, Sue! Is dinner ready?

Sue: No, it isn't. It's on the floor!

2	Are you ever in situations like those in photos
	A-D? Read sentences a-e and tick (/) the things
	you do.
	a I make mistakes

____ I make mistakes.

I break things.

c I forget things or I lose them.

d I'm late.

e I don't do the things people ask me to do.

3 Answer the questionnaire. Then compare your answers in pairs. Check your score on page 142.

... ++C

How do you deal with mistakes?

- 1 You borrow your friend's laptop computer. It stops working.
 - a You give it back and you say: 'There's something wrong with it. How can I fix it?'
 - b You don't tell him. When he finds out, you say: 'I don't know anything about it.'
 - c You don't tell him. When he finds out, you say: 'I'm sorry.'
- 2 You are working on a school project in a group. You don't do your part of the project well. The project gets a bad mark.
 - a You tell the group: 'It's your fault.'
 - b You tell the teacher: 'It's my fault.'
 - c You tell the group: 'I'm sorry.'
- 3 You buy cinema tickets online for you and your friends. You make a mistake and buy tickets for the wrong time.
 - a You say: 'I'm sorry.' Then you ask your friends to pay for the new tickets.
 - b You say: 'There's a problem with the site.'
 - c You say: 'I'm sorry.' Then you pay for new tickets for the right time.
- 4 Your mum texts you from work. She asks you to tidy the living room. You forget. Your mum comes back home with a friend and the living room is a mess.
 - a You say: 'I'm sorry.' Then you tidy the living room quickly.
 - b You say: 'I haven't got my phone with me.'
 - c You promise to tidy the living room next time.



4 Look at the people A-D again. Then read 1-4 below and choose the best option.

I'm so sorry! It's my fault! 1 Sue: Why can't you be careful? / Nick:

Don't worry, Sue. Accidents happen!

Let's order some pizza. My treat! Sue:

I'm really sorry, Mr Reed. How can I make up 2 John:

for it?

Mr Reed: Well, you can't! / Just don't be late next time.

I promise, Mr Reed. John: 3 Haley: I feel so bad about this!

Peter: It's your fault! We can't go to the zoo now! /

> Don't feel bad, Haley! I forget things too. Let's ask the people at the zoo. Maybe they

can do something.

It's my mistake! / It isn't my fault! 4 Olga: That's OK. These things happen. Ron:

Can I buy you / Can you buy me some ice Olga:

cream to make up for it?

That's a great idea! Ron:

- (1) 8.17 In pairs, compare your answers to Exercise 4. Did you choose different answers? Why? Then listen and check.
- In pairs, act out a complete dialogue from Exercise 1 or Exercise 4.

SET FOR LIFE

- In pairs, write, act out and film a video clip about how to deal with situations like the ones in Exercise 2. Follow these steps.
- Choose a situation from Exercise 2. Think of the details, e.g. who the people are, what happens.
- Write your dialogue. Read the Useful Tips and use expressions from the Useful Phrases box.
- Act out and film the dialogue.
- Play the video clip to the class.

Reacting to mistakes

USEFUL TIPS

It's important to apologise for your mistakes. It's also important to be kind to people who make mistakes.

> Say sorry when you make a mistake.

Do something nice to make up for your mistake.

Don't let people feel bad about their mistakes.

Help them to make things right again.

USEFUL PHRASES

What to say when you make a mistake.

- I'm so/very sorry.
- It's my fault.
- I feel so bad about this!
- How can I make up for it?

What to say to someone who makes a mistake.

- That's OK.
- Don't worry!
- Don't feel bad about it.
- These things happen.



Progress Check Units 1-8

Listening

?

Vocabulary and Grammar

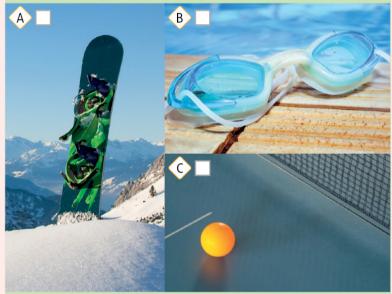
1	Match categories A–F with words and phrases 1–6. Then add one more word or phrase to each category.	4 (1) 8.18 Listen and match names 1–4 with pictures A–F. There are two extra pictures. 1 Beatrice 3 Mel
	A Household objects D Sports equipment	2 Charlie 4 Jeff
	B Musical instruments E Things we do to	Z Charle 4 Jen
	C Parts of the body relax	
	F Women in the famil	y A B
	1 cushion, fridge, sofa,	
	2 mother, sister, aunt,	
	3 arm, nose, hair,	
	4 piano, drums, guitar,	
	5 Iisten to music, watch TV, play a game,	
	ister to masie, water 1 v, play a game,	(C) (A) (D)
	6 goggles, helmet, bat,	
	G G goggies, nemics, was,	
2	Find the words.	
	1 A sport like tennis, but with a different type of	
	ball. (noun) <u>t<i>able tennis</i></u>	
	2 This very big animal lives in the sea, but it isn't a	\triangle
	fish. (noun)	E F A F A
	3 Not fast. (adjective)	
	4 You do this to make your bedroom look nice.	
	(verb)	
	5 We cook our meals in this room. (noun)	
	6 You wear these on your feet when you do sports	•
	(noun)	Speaking
	7 The day after the weekend. (noun)8 It's good to do this in the morning and after	
	meals. (three words)	5 Read the answers and complete the questions.1 A: Have you got any tickets for the concert?
	9 A room usually has four of them. (noun)	1 A: Have <u>you got any tickets for the concert?</u> B: Yes, we have. There are a lot of tickets.
	7 / (Tooli) asaany has four of them. (Tooli)	2 A: Can?
3	Complete the dialogue with one word in each gap	B: Yes, sure. Three tickets are £27, please.
	Kai is a new student at Alice's school.	
	Kai: ¹ Have you got a favourite cousin, Alice?	
	Alice: Yes, I have. ² name's Emily.	B: It's June, so the concert is in the park. 4 A: Can?
	Kai: 3 does she live?	B: Yes, you can buy CDs at the concert.
	Alice: She ⁴ in Southend. Her house is	5 A: What time?
	next ⁵ the beach.	
	Kai: 6 she go swimming?	B: At eight o'clock.
	Alice: No, she ⁷ She ⁸ swim.	6 In pairs, make mini dialogues. Then act
	Kai: That's a pity! Swimming is a nice sport.	them out.
	Alice: Emily does a lot of other sports. She	1 What do you do to relax?
	9 hockey, tennis and football. She	2 What do you say when someone apologises
	also loves singing. She ¹⁰ music	to you?
	lessons after school.	3 What's the weather like in winter in your
	Kai: I love music too! Is ¹¹ a music club	country?
	in our school?	4 You and your friends want to hang out this
	Alice: Yes, there is. We ¹² music lessons	afternoon. Make a suggestion.
	every Tuesday and Thursday.	
	Kai: That's fantastic!	

Reading and Writing

7 In pairs, look at photos A–C. What sports do you use the equipment in?



What sports do you like?
What's your favourite sport? Write and tell us!



- 1 I'm not usually very sporty. I hate team sports and I don't like water sports. But there's one sport I love: table tennis! I think I'm really good at it.
 - I play every day at school with my school friends in summer and in winter. I play in school competitions too. I usually win! *Jill*, 12
- 2 I'm in a football club and I play hockey, but my favourite sport isn't a ball sport. It's snowboarding.
 - There are some great places to snowboard in my country, Argentina. I always go snowboarding in August with my family. Yes, August! It's winter here in August. *Rod*, 13
- 3 My best friend and I go canoeing in summer. It's fun, but my number one sport is swimming.
 - I go to the swimming pool on Mondays and Fridays after school with my swimming club. I don't often swim in the sea. The water is very cold in Scotland! *Alistair*, 14
- 8 Read texts 1–3 and match them with photos A–C.
- 9 Read the texts again and complete the table.

	Jill	Rod	Alistair
What's his/her favourite sport?	table tennis		
Where does he/she do it?			
Who does he/she do it with?			

10 Read this. Choose a word from below. Write the correct word next to numbers 1–5. There are two extra words.

My ⁰body and head are orange and black. I see with my two yellow ¹______. My four ²______ are very strong. I've got big teeth and I am dangerous. I can run very fast! I don't eat fruit and ³______. I eat meat. I like the ⁴______, but I don't like very hot weather. Do I like ⁵______? Yes, I like water! What am I? I am a tiger.





sun





man

swimming





eyes

vegetables





teeth

legs

- 11 Write a short description of an animal. Don't write its name. Can your teacher guess the animal?
- 12 Write 40–50 words about your favourite sport. Use these questions to help you.
 - 1 What is your favourite sport?
 - 2 Where and when do you do it?
 - 3 Do you do it alone or with other people/in a team?
 - 4 Are you good at it?
 - 5 How often do you win?

to be affirmative

Long form	Short form
I am happy.	I'm happy.
You are happy.	You're happy.
He/She/It is happy.	He/She/It's happy.
We are happy.	We're happy.
You are happy.	You're happy.
They are happy.	They're happy.

We often use the short form when we speak or write something informal.

- 1 Rewrite the sentences. Use the short form of the verb to be.
 - 1 Melissa is thirteen years old. Melissa's thirteen years old.
 - 2 They are cousins.
 - 3 It is a birthday cake.
 - 4 We are at my house now.
 - 5 I am very happy!
- 2 Choose the correct option.
 - 1 (She) / You is ready.
 - 2 We / It are in Spain!
 - 3 My name / I am Ben.
 - 4 They / He are at Greg's house.
 - 5 It / You is a present for you!
 - 6 You / I are fourteen.
- 3 Write the dialogue in your notebook. Use the correct form of the verb to be.

Jackie: Hi! ¹my name / be / Jackie

My name's Jackie.

Oh, hi, Jackie. ²you / be / Nicki's friend, Liam:

right?

Jackie: ³yes, I / be

Liam: ⁴I / be / Liam. ⁵Nicki and I / be / cousins Jackie: Great! Here's some cake. 6today / be /

my birthday

Happy birthday, Jackie! Liam:

4 Complete the text about yourself. Use the correct form of the verb to be.

Hi, my name's 1	. To da y I ² years
old. My friends and I ³	ready for my
birthday cake. It ⁴	a lovely cake! Look at
all the presents! They 5	for me!

1.3

to be negative

Long form	Short form	
I am not fourteen.	I'm not fourteen.	
You are not fourteen.	You aren't fourteen.	
He/She/It is not fourteen.	He/She/It isn't fourteen.	
We are not fourteen.	We aren't fourteen.	
You are not fourteen.	You aren't fourteen.	
They are not fourteen.	They aren't fourteen.	

We add *not* after the verb *to be* to make it negative. For the short form, join are/is and not: aren't, isn't. For the first person, join I and am: I'm not.

1 Write *not* in the correct place to make the verb to be negative.

1	John _	is <u>not</u>	Iom's _	uncle.
2	1	am	Rritich	

3	They	are	from	France.
_	Tricy	uic	110111	I I di icc.

- 4 It _____ is ____ my ____ dog. 5 You _____ are ____ at ___ home.
- Write negative sentences. Use the short form of the verb *to be*.

we / hungry	We aren't hungry.
VVC / Hulligly	vve aren i nangiy.

- 2 she / happy
- 3 I/a superhero
- 4 he / here
- 5 you / in the photo
- 6 it / my name
- 3 Look at the table. Write true sentences. Use the affirmative or negative form of the verb to be.

	Jeanette	Ollie	Marcos	Mei Lin	Mel
Spanish	X	X	✓	X	1
Chinese	X	X	X	1	X
French	✓	X	X	X	Х
American	X	1	X	X	Х

- 1 Jeanette / Spanish Jeanette isn't Spanish.
- 2 Ollie / American
- 3 Marcos and Mei Lin / American
- 4 Mei Lin / French
- 5 Marcos and Mel / Spanish
- 6 Jeanette / Chinese

this, that, these, those

This is a blue T-shirt. This T-shirt is blue.	That is my dad's coat. That coat is my dad's.
These are Jenny's jeans. These jeans are Jenny's.	Those are new shoes. Those shoes are new.

We use this/these to talk about someone or something that

We use that/those to talk about someone or something that is further away.

This/That = singular. *These/Those* = plural.

When we say that something is here, it is near us.

When we say that something is there or over there, it is away from us.

- 1 Rewrite the sentences.
 - 1 These are Mum's trainers. These trainers are Mum's.
 - 2 That is a lovely dress! That _____
 - 3 This is a cool top.

4 Those are Mark's trousers.

Those

5 These are Sam's clothes. These _____

6 That is Carla's backpack.

That ____

Write sentences. Use this, that, these or those and the words in the order they appear.

Here	There
long / skirt	short / skirt
jeans / blue	jeans / black
new / shoes	old / shoes
jacket / big	jacket / small
tracksuits / boring	tracksuits / cool
my favourite / trainers	trainers / my sister's

1	Thic is	alona	ckirt Th	at ic a c	hort shirt.
	11115 15	s a iona	SKILL, LL	iat is a s	HOLL SHILL

2	
3	
1	

to be questions and short answers

?	Short answers
Am I a superhero?	Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.
Are you a superhero?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't.
Is he/she/it a superhero?	Yes, he/she/it is. / No, he/she/it isn't.
Are we superheroes?	Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.
Are you superheroes?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't.
Are they superheroes?	Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.
Wh- questions	Full answers
What is it?	It's a superhero suit.
Who are they?	They're my friends.

To ask a question with the verb to be, we change the position of I/you/he/she/it/we/they and am/are/is. He is thirteen. — Is he thirteen?

We give a short answer to yes/no questions only.

A: Are you OK? B: Yes, I am.

We give a full answer to questions with what, who, etc. A: Who is Harry? B: He's my best friend.

Write guestions with the correct form of the verb to be.

1 you / at home?

Are you at home?

2 we / OK now?

3 he / sorry?

4 it / a new T-shirt?

5 the cupcakes / for me?

2 Answer the questions in Exercise 1. Use short answers.

1 *X No, I'm not.*

3 🗸

3 Complete the questions. Use who or what and the correct form of the verb to be.

1 Who is Peter? Peter is Mary's friend.

2 _____ it? It's my new jacket.

3 _____ these clothes? They're tracksuits.

4 _____ these boys? They're my classmates.

there is/there are affirmative

+	There is (There's) a book on the desk.
	There are two phones on the table.
	There are some books next to the TV.

We use there is/there are to say that someone or something exists or is present.

We use there is with singular nouns. We use there are with plural nouns.

The short form of there is is there's. There is no short form for there are.

With there is/there are, before plural nouns and uncountable nouns, we use some in affirmative sentences.

1 Choose the correct option.

- 1 There is *some books / a book* on my desk.
- 2 There's a dog / two dogs on a bike in the video!
- 3 There are some orange juice / oranges in the fridge.
- 4 There is a poster / posters on the wall.
- 5 There are a window / two windows in the kitchen.

Make the sentences singular or plural.

- 1 There's a bike in the garage. There are some bikes in the garage.
- 2 There are four chairs in the kitchen.
- 3 There's a window in the living room.
- 4 There are some sweets in my bag.
- 3 Match 1–6 with a–f and say where the things are. Then write sentences with there's or there are.

1	a bath		а	in the house
2	four bedrooms		b	in the fridge
3	some trees		c	in the garage
4	a car		d	in the wall
5	some milk		e	in the bathroom
6	a window		f	in the garden
1	There's a bath in	the bath	iroc	<u>om.</u>
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				

3.3

there is/there are negative and questions

-	There isn't a tree in the garden.	There aren't any cars in the street.
?	Is there a tree in the garden? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.	Are there any cars in the street? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.

To ask a question, we change the position of *there* and *is/are*. There is a cat on the bed. — Is there a cat on the bed?

We use any with plural nouns in questions and negative sentences.

Are there any cars in the street? There aren't any cars in the street.

Write negative sentences.

- 1 white house in this street There isn't a white house in this street.
- 2 books on the desk
- 3 TV in my bedroom
- 4 chair in the garden
- 5 people in the house

Complete the sentences with a or any.

- 1 Are there <u>any</u> pictures in the living room? 2 There isn't _____ bath in this bathroom.
- 3 Is there ____ garage next to the house?
- 4 There aren't _____ bags on the floor.
- 5 Are there _____ oranges in the kitchen?
- 3 Write questions about an unusual house in your notebook. Then look at the table and answer the questions.

	bedroom	kitchen	bathroom	garage
bath	1	X	X	X
sofas	X	2	Х	X
posters	X	X	10	X
fridge	X	Х	Х	1

- 1 bath / in the bathroom?
 - A: Is there a bath in the bathroom?
 - B: No, there isn't.
- 2 sofas / in the kitchen?
- 3 posters / in the bedroom?
- 4 fridge / in the garage?
- 5 bath / in the bedroom?
- 6 posters / in the bathroom?

have got affirmative and negative

+ Short and long form	 Short and long form
I've (have) got brown eyes.	I haven't (have not) got brown eyes.
You've (have) got brown eyes.	You haven't (have not) got brown eyes.
He/She/It's (has) got brown eyes.	He/She/It hasn't (has not) got brown eyes.
We've (have) got brown eyes.	We haven't (have not) got brown eyes.
You've (have) got brown eyes.	You haven't (have not) got brown eyes.
They've (have) got brown eyes.	They haven't (have not) got brown eyes.

We use have got with I/you/we/they. We use has got with he/she/it. We add *not* between *have* and *got* to make the negative form.

- 1 Choose the correct option.
 - 1 (Those cats)/ That cat have got blue eyes.
 - 2 Mr Lewis / My grandparents has got white hair.
 - 3 Ian / The boys have got curly hair.
 - 4 Chris and Eve / Sandra has got small feet.
 - 5 Those dogs / My dog has got long ears.
- Write negative sentences about the wrong options in Exercise 1.

1	<u>That cat hasn't got</u> blue eyes.
2	white hair
3	curly hair.
4	small feet.
5	long ears.

3 Write affirmative or negative sentences.

Look at photo 1 on page 58.

- 1 Mrs Newman / brown hair Mrs Newman has got brown hair.
- 2 Jen / a big bag

3	Jen and Alex / sandwiches in their hands	

4 Jen and Alex / trainers

Look at photo 4 on page 58.

5 Jen / long hair

6 Alex / long hair

4.3

have got questions and short answers

?	Short answers
Have I got a pet?	Yes, I have. No, I haven't.
Have you got a pet?	Yes, you have. No, you haven't.
Has he/she/it got a pet?	Yes, he/she/it has. No, he/she/it hasn't.
Have we got a pet?	Yes, we have. No, we haven't.
Have you got a pet?	Yes, you have. No, you haven't.
Have they got a pet?	Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

What have you got? I've got a pet hamster!

To ask a question, we change the position of I/you/we/ they/he/she/it and have/has.

They have got super powers. -Have they got super powers?

We don't use *got* in short answers.

A: Have you got a pencil? B: Yes, I have.

1	Comp	lete the	questions.
	Comp	iete tile	questions.

1	A:	He's got a red superhero suit.
	B:	Has he got a blue superhero suit too?
2	A:	She's got a cat.
	B:	a dog too?
3	A:	They've got long legs.
	B:	long arms too?
4	A:	It's a funny robot! It's got big ears.
	B:	a big nose too?
5	A:	I've got a brother.
	B:	a sister too?

2 Answer the questions in Exercise 1.

1	✓ Yes, he has.	2 X	3 /	4 X	5 /
- 1	✓ Tes, He Hus.	2 ^	> ∨	4 ^	⊃ ∨

3 Complete the questions. In pairs, swap notebooks and write true answers.

1	A:	you got?
	B:	
2	A:	your best friend got
	B:	

Grammar Time

can affirmative and negative

+	_
l can cook.	I can't cook.
You can cook.	You can't cook.
He/She/It can cook.	He/She/It can't cook.
We can cook.	We can't cook.
You can cook.	You can't cook.
They can cook.	They can't cook.

Unscramble the words and write what these people can do.

1	Carol <u>can sing.</u>	isgn
2	We	mwis
3	Henry	ecnad
1	The girls	cta

- Who or what can't do these things? Choose and write negative sentences.
 - 1 elephants / people jump Elephants can't jump.
 - 2 parrots / I fly
 - 3 a dog / a pop star sing
 - 4 my cat / my teacher read
- 3 Complete the sentences with the verb can or can't and the verbs in brackets.
 - 1 I can swim (✓swim), but I can't run (✗ run) fast. 2 My mum _____ (X ride) a horse, but she _____ (**/** ride) a bike. 3 You _____ (*X* sing), but you ___
 - (**√** dance). 4 We _____ (✓ play) computer games, but we _____ (**x** play) the guitar.
 - 5 My uncle _____ (/fix) things, but he _____ (**X** fix) computers.
- 4 What can you, your mum, your dad and your best friend do? What can't you, your mum, your dad and your best friend do? Write eight true sentences.

I can fix things. I can't sing. My mum can play football very well. She can't sing.

can questions and short answers

?	Short answers
Can I run fast?	Yes, I can. / No, I can't.
Can you run fast?	Yes, you can. / No, you can't.
Can he/she/it run fast?	Yes, he/she/it can. / No, he/she/it can't.
Can we run fast?	Yes, we can. / No, we can't.
Can you run fast?	Yes, you can. / No, you can't.
Can they run fast?	Yes, they can. / No, they can't.

What can you do? I can run fast.

To ask a question, we change the position of can and *Il youl hel shel itl wel they*.

They can play football. — Can they play football?

Match questions 1–6 with answers a–f.

1	Can Mike play the guitar?	
2	Can I dance well?	
3	Can a dog fly?	
4	Can you cook?	
5	Can Dan and Liz make posters?	
6	Can Sue run fast?	

- a No, I can't.
- b No, it can't.
- c No. she can't.
- d Yes, he can.
- e Yes, they can.
- f Yes, you can.
- 2 Write questions with the verb can. Then answer them.
 - 1 you / read English books? () A: Can you read English books? B: Yes, I can.
 - 2 your granny / play computer games? (/)
 - 3 Samantha / ride a horse? (X)
 - 4 dogs / swim? (**✓**)
 - 5 we / fly? (X)
- 3 Answer the questions about you.
 - 1 Can you cook?
 - 2 Can your grandparents dance?
 - 3 Can your mum and dad read Chinese?
 - 4 Can your best friend run fast?

Present Simple affirmative

	+
1	get up at seven.
You	get up at seven.
He/She/It	gets up at seven.
We	get up at seven.
You	get up at seven.
They	get up at seven.

Most verbs add -s: (verb: play) He plays music. (verb: hang out) She hangs out with her friends. Verbs ending in -ch, -o, -ss, -sh and -x add -es:

(verb: watch) He watches TV. (verb: go) She goes to school.

Verbs ending in consonant + -y cut the -y and add -ies:

(verb: fly) She flies to Rome. (verb: tidy) He tidies his room. The verb *have* becomes *has*.

We use the Present Simple to talk about a habit or something you do regularly.

- 1 Choose the correct option.
 - 1 Adam *qo l qoes* to school.
 - 2 We do / does our homework in the afternoon.
 - 3 Lisa listen / listens to music in the evening.
 - 4 My sister have I has lunch at school.
 - 5 They *tidy / tidies* the house at the weekend.
- Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple.

Julia ¹ gets up (get up) at seven in the morning. She		
² (have) breakfast and she ³		
(go) to school. She ⁴ (have) lessons all		
morning. She ⁵ (do) her homework in the		
afternoon. In the evening, she ⁶ (play)		
computer games. On Saturday morning,		
she ⁷ (tidy) her room. On Saturday		
afternoon, she ⁸ (hang out) with her		
friends.		

Write true sentences about you and your family. Use the words below.

I	my mum	my dad	my parents	my brother/sister

go hang out do get up tidy watch have play

Adverbs of frequency

•••••	They always do their homework.
••••	I am usually late.
•••00	She often plays the piano.
••000	You sometimes get up late.
00000	He never goes to the gym.

Adverbs of frequency (never, often, etc.) go between I/you/ he/she/it/we/they and Present Simple verbs.

They usually have lunch at home.

Adverbs of frequency go after *I/you/he/she/it/we/they* and the verb to be.

She is never at home.

We use adverbs of frequency to say how often we do something.

- Order the words to make sentences.
 - 1 we / have / in the morning / lessons / always We always have lessons in the morning.
 - 2 late for breakfast / she / often / is
 - 3 sometimes / computer games / play / they
 - 4 walk / usually / I / to school
 - 5 are / never / you / at home on Sunday
- Write sentences with the correct form of the Present Simple and the adverbs in bold.
 - 1 I / listen to classical music **never** I never listen to classical music.
 - 2 Timothy / have dinner at eight. usually
 - 3 my friends and I / go to the park often
 - 4 you / be late for school never
 - 5 my cousin Dom / get up early always
 - 6 Leslie and Nicola / play tennis often
 - 7 we / hang out in the park sometimes
- 3 How often do you do these things? Write true sentences.
 - 1 ride my bike to school
 - 2 go to bed after twelve
 - 3 watch TV in the morning
 - 4 have orange juice with my breakfast

Grammar Time

Present Simple negative

Long form	Short form
I do not like snakes.	I don't like snakes.
You do not like snakes.	You don't like snakes.
He/She/It does not like snakes.	He/She/It doesn't like snakes.
We do not like snakes.	We don't like snakes.
You do not like snakes.	You don't like snakes.
They do not like snakes.	They don't like snakes.

To make the negative form, we use *does not/doesn't* with *he/she/it,* but we don't add -s to the main verb.

1 Complete the sentences with don't or doesn't.

- 1 My sister <u>doesn't</u> like parrots. 2 We _____ go to bed early on Saturday. 3 You _____ like spiders. 4 My dog _____ eat a lot.
- 5 The boys _____ play football in the street.
- 6 I ______ visit my cousins every week.

Write negative sentences.

- 1 Granny plays computer games. Granny doesn't play computer games.
- 2 We have breakfast at six o'clock.
- 3 I hang out with my friend after school.
- Rob goes to school at seven o'clock.
- 5 Mum and Dad watch TV in the morning.

Write affirmative (✓) or negative (✗) sentences.

- 1 my dad / like / rabbits ✓ but my mum / want / a pet in the house. X My dad likes rabbits, but my mum doesn't want a pet in the house.
- 2 small animals / eat / a lot X but my hamster / eat / all the time! 🗸
- 3 my sister / play / with our iguana ✓ but my brother / like / it X
- 4 tortoises / walk / fast X and they / play / games X

Present Simple questions and short answers

?	Short answers
Do I play the guitar?	Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
Do you play the guitar?	Yes, you do. / No, you don't.
Does he/she/it play the guitar?	Yes, he/she/it does. / No, he/she/it doesn't.
Do we play the guitar?	Yes, we do. / No, we don't.
Do you play the guitar?	Yes, you do. / No, you don't.
Do they play the guitar?	Yes, they do. / No, they don't.

We form questions with do + I/you/we/they + main verb ordoes + he/she/it + main verb without -s.

1 Match guestions 1–6 with answers a–f.

- 1 Do you want a pet?
- 2 Does Fred play football? 3 Does your cat like milk?
- 4 Do parrots sing?
- 5 Do I play the piano well?
- 6 Does Katie speak Spanish?
- a No, it doesn't. d Yes, I do.
- **b** Yes, he does. e No, you don't.
- c No, they don't. f Yes, she does.

2 Write the questions.

- 1 A: you / speak / any foreign languages? Do you speak any foreign languages?
 - B: I speak English and Spanish.
- 2 A: Clare / have / piano lessons?
 - B: No, she has guitar lessons.
- 3 A: you and your brother / visit / your cousins?
 - B: Yes, when we visit our grandparents.

3 Complete the short answers.

- 1 A: Do you ride your bike to school?
 - B: No, *I don't*.
- 2 A: Does your brother eat a lot?
 - B: Yes, _____
- 3 A: Do your grandparents like pop music?
- 4 A: Do you and your friends hang out on Saturday?
 - B: Yes, ___

8.2

love / like / don't like / hate + -ing

I love playing hockey. I hate getting up early. Do you like swimming? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. What does she like doing? She likes watching TV. We use *love* (or *hate* (when we have strong feelings about something.

1 Write sentences in your notebook.

- 1 Elsie / 🙂 / play / tennis Elsie likes playing tennis.
- 2 1/ 😕 / do / homework
- 3 they / 🙂 🙂 / fly
- 4 we / 😕 😕 / study on Friday

8.2

Object pronouns

Your cat likes me. me I go to school with you. you We know him. him I can help her. her it We love watching it. Play with us. us These boxes are for you. you them You love them. We often use pronouns to avoid repeating the same words. Who is this boy? Do you know him?

Complete the text with the words below.

him	her it	me	them
-----	-------------------	----	------

I don't like skateboarding, but my friends love 1it! I usually go with 2_____ to the skate park, but I just watch. My friend Alistair is really good. I love watching 3_ skateboard. His sister Lisa doesn't skate. So she hangs out with 4_____. I like ⁵_____!

8.3

Ouestion words

Who is Matt?	He's my cousin.
What do you eat for breakfast?	I usually eat pancakes.
When is the football game?	It's this Saturday.
Where are the girls?	They're at school.
Whose bag is this?	It's Mel's bag.
How many cats has she got?	She's got two cats.

1 Choose the correct question.

- 1 A: a Where do you play tennis?
 - b When do you go to the gym?
 - B: On Wednesday and Friday.
- 2 A: a How many oranges are there?
 - **b** What have you got in this bag?
 - B: Two, I think.
- 3 A: a Whose birthday is it?
 - b Who is it?
 - B: Mary's.
- 4 A: a Where does she go after school?
 - b What does she do after school?
 - B: She watches TV.

Complete the questions with question words.

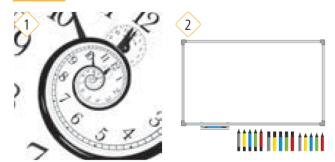
1	A:	Where does she live?	
	B:	In the UK.	
2	A:	students are there in your class?	
	B:	Twenty-six.	
3	A:	jacket is this?	
	B:	My dad's.	
4	A:	do you usually go on holiday?	
	B:	In July.	
5	A:	is that girl?	
	B:	She's George's sister.	

Write the questions.				
1	A:	How many pets have you got?		
	B:	Three. I've got a dog, a cat and a hamster.		
2	A:	?		
	B:	They live in Newcastle.		
3	A:			
	B:	It's Nico's bike.		
4	A:			

B: Mrs Cole is our teacher.

Student Activities

Unit 0 Lesson 0.3 Exercise 5











Unit 1 Lesson 1.5 Exercise 6

Take turns. Describe the photos. Use the example to help you.

A: It's a mum, a dad and three sons. They're on holiday.

B: It's photo A.









Unit 2 Lesson 2.3 Exercise 10

◆) 2.9 ◆) 2.10 Kit's Rap

Is she clever? Yes, she is. Is she fun? She's all that! Is she the best? Her name's Kit Is she the one? and she's a cool cat!

Now you rap. You can rap about a friend!

Unit 3 Lesson 3.2 Exercise 12

Play a drawing dictation game. Describe one of the pictures A-D for your partner to draw.









Unit 3 Lesson 3.3 Exercise 8

Play a memory game.

Student A, choose one of the pictures A–D above.

Close your book.

Student B, ask Student A questions.

Then change roles.

A: Picture A.

B: Chairs?

A: There are four chairs.

Unit 4 Lesson 4.3 Exercise 10

♦) 4.8 **♦)** 4.9 Robots' Song



Have you got super ears? Have you got super eyes? Yes, we've got superpowers, We are super guys! Have you got super arms, Or maybe a super nose? We have got super feet, And twenty super toes! Have you got a super boat? Have you got a bike? No, we've got a super car, And its name is Mike!

Unit 5 Lesson 5.3 Exercise 10

√) 5.9 √) 5.10 Activities Rap

I can act, I can sing, I can draw a cat. I can run, I can swim – can you do all that?

I can act, I can sing, I can draw a cat. I can run, I can swim – I can do all that!

Now you rap. Use different activities you know.

Student Activities

Unit 5 Lesson 5.5 Exercise 5



Unit 5 Lesson 5.7 Exercise 2

1 F 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 T 9 T 10 F

Unit 7 Lesson 7.2 Exercise 11

Student B

- 1 Alex wants to play with his pet.
- 2 Lucas doesn't like birds.
- 3 Lian's mum is allergic to cats and rabbits.

Student A

- 4 Granny wants to go for walks with
- 5 Aunt Megan loves birds.
- 6 Emma doesn't want a big pet.

Unit 7 Lesson 7.3 Exercise 11

√) 7.9 √) 7.10 Questions Song

Do you play computer games? Do you watch TV? Do you hang out with your friends? Then you're just like me! Yes, you're just like me!

Does your mum say, 'Get up now!'? Does she count to three? Do you say, 'Oh, it's not fair!'? Then you're just like me! Yes, you're just like me!

Do you have your breakfast? Do you go to school? Do you like your English class? Then you're really cool! Yes, you're really cool!

Unit 7 Lesson 7.7 Exercise 5

Catfish live in a pond. Foxes live in the forest. Groundhogs live in a hole in the ground. Octopuses live in the sea. Koalas live in trees.

Unit 8 Set for life Exercise 3

Score

1 a = 2 points; b = 0 points; 1 = 1 point

2 a = 0 points; b = 2 points; c = 1 point

3 a = 1 point; b = 0 points; c = 2 points

4 a = 2 points; b = 0 points; c = 1 points

0-3 points Not good at all! 🙁

4-5 points You can do better. 🧐

6-8 points You're good! 🙂