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Macmillan Education Limited 4 Crinan Street London N1 9XW

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Academy Stars Second Edition Level 6 Workbook ISBN 978-1-035-10084-2

Academy Stars Second Edition Level 6 Workbook with Digital Workbook ISBN 978-1-035-10085-9

Text, design and illustration $\hbox{@}$ Macmillan Education Limited 2024

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This edition published 2024

First edition entitled "Academy Stars Level 6 Workbook" published 2017

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Original design by Splinter

Design and page makeup by Composure

Illustrated by Tom Heard (The Bright Agency) pp41, 72; Pablo Gallego (in the style of Amit Tayal) pp13, 21, 30, 31, 31, 85, 90, 94, 105; Eva Morales (Advocate Art) pp4, 6, 26, 28, 36, 41, 65, 95, 114, 116(cl); André Muller (Lemonade Illustration Agency) pp34, 62, 70, 74; Amerigo Pinelli (Advocate Art) pp47, 82, 116(br); Helen Prole (Plum Pudding Illustration Agency) pp10, 16, 20, 41, 50, 51, 53, 56, 57, 58, 70, 72, 111, 116(tl); Ludovic Salle (Advocate Art) pp17, 27, 71, 91, 101, 110, 116(tr).

Animation stills by Blublu animations Ltd p75.

Cover concept by Macmillan Education Ltd, with contributions by Darío Pérez Catalán

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Printed and bound in [TBC] 2028 2027 2026 2025 2024 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

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Lesson 1 / Meet the Academy Stars

1 Complete the sentences with *Paul*, *Julia*, *Laura* or *Sam*. Then check your answers on Pupil's Book page 4.



1	Laura	loves English and creative writing.
2		_ likes geography.
3		is interested in science.
4		wants to find out about different cultures.
5		_ enjoys computer studies.
6		wants to learn how to write poetry and stories.
7		asks what you'd like to learn about this year.
8		wants to learn more about animals.

- 2 Order the words to make sentences. Remember to include full stops.
 - 1 Laura / has / learnt / already / to / play / tennis / how Laura has already learnt how to play tennis.
 - 2 write / Sam / hasn't / how / to / computer / code / yet / learnt
 - ${\bf 3}\quad taken\ /\ photos\ /\ hasn't\ /\ of\ /\ wildlife\ /\ yet\ /\ Paul$
 - 4 already / Julia / started / has / to / the / violin / learn

3 Look at Matt's experiences. Write sentences about what he's done / never done.





1	He's never made	a snowman.
2		a whale.
3		gymnastics.
4		a farm.
5		skiing.
6		in a play.

4 Complete the conversation with the words in the box.

						_			
	ever	have	haven't	I	no	used	yes	you	
1	Mrs	Brown:	Have	you	ever	seen a sh	ooting s	star, Gin	nny?
2	2 Ginny: , I have.								
3	3 Mrs Brown:		Tom, have	Tom, have you ever a compass?					
4	Tom	:	No, I						
5	Mrs	Brown:	Susie, have	you_		liste	ned to r	ap mus	ic?
6	Susi	e:	Yes,		_ have.	I went to	a conce	rt last y	ear!
7	Mrs	Brown:	S	yo	u ever v	isited a sa	fari par	k, Peter	?
8	Pete	r:	, I haven't – but I'd like to!						

Lesson 2 Let's review!

- Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - Johnny was worried / furious about the swan because it couldn't fly. 1
 - I'm too **frightened** / **surprised** to try sailing.
 - The ambulance arrived very quickly after the **accident / rehearsal**. 3
 - 4 The **coach** / **orchestra** plans to have a concert next year.
 - The view from the **robbery** / **skyscraper** was amazing! 5
 - We don't **go camping** / **do gardening** because we don't like sleeping outside.
- Match to make compound nouns. Then write a sentence for each one.

1	sleeping
---	----------

- 2 fire
- **3** cycle
- **4** safety
- 5 first-
- 6 life

- **b** bag

- **c** aid **d** engine **e** equipment
- **f** path
- Have you ever slept in a sleeping bag? 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6



3	Write questions using	How long	? and	l answers with	For or Since.
_					

1 you / play / in an orchestra - six months

How long have you played in an orchestra?

For six months.
2 Tilly / be / interested in swans - March
3 they / like / classical music - two years
4 Mr Bradley / coach / the football team - 2020
5 you / go / camping - last summer
6 he / live / in a skyscraper - a year

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the present simple passive.



1	Skyscrapers <u>are built</u>	(build) in big cities.	
2	Emergency ambulances	(drive) by paramedics.	
3	The safety equipment	(check) every day.	
4	Cycle paths	(made) because the roads are dangerous.	
5	Pedals	(use) to move a bike backwards and forwards	
6	The teams	s (coach) by Miss Jackson.	
7	The band's music	(promote) on social media.	
8	Climbing and sailing	(teach) at the camp.	

Life in the wild

Lesson 1 / Vocabulary

Read the definitions and write the words.

1	to watch an animal carefully to find out something about it	o <u>bserve</u>
2	a group of plants or animals with members that have similar features	S
3	describes something or someone worried or scared	n
4	to be strong and do well even when things are hard	s
5	the act of looking after animals, places or resources so that we don't lose them	c
6	an animal that hunts other animals	p
7	to believe that something is good and won't hurt you	t
8	to keep something safe from getting hurt	p
9	the natural home of an animal	h
10	describes a species in danger of dying out	e

2 🚭 🚺 1.1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

- What animal has Sophia drawn?
 - (A) a blue whale
 - **B** a shark
 - C an octopus
- How many whales are left?
 - **A** 140,000
 - **B** 50,000
 - C 10 to 25,000
- 3 When Sophia saw a whale, she was
 - A amazed.
 - B excited.
 - C sad.

- 4 The captain thinks that
 - A whales should trust people.
 - **B** we need to be kind to the whales.
 - **C** we don't do enough to protect whales.
- 5 Richard is going to do his presentation on
 - A Wednesday.
 - **B** Thursday.



Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

1 Read the text on Pupil's Book pages 8–9 again. Circle T (True) or F (False).

Craig Foster started making films at university.
 He has visited the beach at False Bay since he was young.
 Craig found an octopus hiding inside the seaweed.
 He came nearly every day for a month to observe the octopus.
 A predator shark bit off one of the octopus's arms.

Craig created an organisation to help endangered animals.



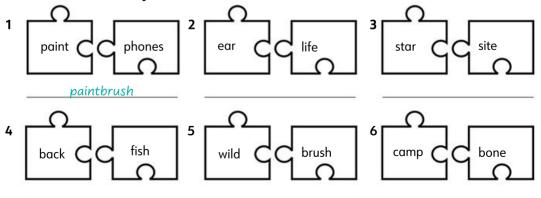
T/F

2 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

	conservation	films	habitat	nervous	species	trust	
1	Craig Foster h	nas been i	nterested in	films	sinc	ce he wa	ıs a child
2	There is a sea	ıweed		on the	bottom of Fo	alse Bay.	
3	There are ma	ny differe	nt	0	f animals liv	ing in th	e sea.
4	The octopus v	was		and scare	ed of Craig.		
5	Craig and the	octopus	learnt to		each o	ther.	
6	The Sea Char	nge Projec	ct is a		_ organisati	on.	

Working with words

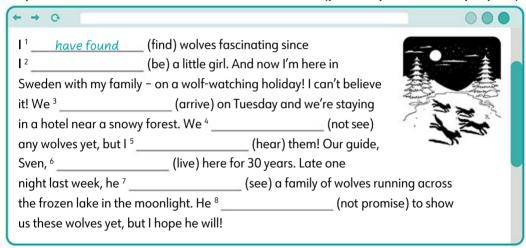
3 In these compound words, the wrong words have been put together. Rewrite them correctly.



Lesson 3 Grammar

- Match to make sentences.
 - 1 Anya Smith has been a vet —
 - 2 She has looked after animals
 - 3 She visited the Sahara Desert
 - 4 Last year, she
 - **5** When she was there,
 - 6 She hasn't been to Australia

- **a** she saw a Siberian tiger.
- **b** since 2011.
- c vet.
- **d** for six years.
- **e** travelled to Poland.
- **f** a year ago.
- 2 Complete the text with the verbs in the correct tense (present perfect or simple past).



3 Choose two things you like. Use the present perfect (with for and since) and the simple past to write about them.

I have loved dolphins since I was five. Last year, I went to an aquarium to see some dolphins. They were so beautiful!
again with to get don't do prints. They were do bedwerrdi.

Lesson 4 Language in use

1	1.2 Listen and choose the correct answers.					
1	When did you go to the bird sanctuary?					
	a For half an hour.	b Last weekend.	c In the summer.			
2	What did you do there?					
	a I watched the sparrows.	b I've seen the parrots.	c We took photos of the swifts.			
3	Have you ever seen birds migrat	ting?				
	a Yes, I have.	b Yes, I did.	c No, I haven't.			
4	What did you think of the sanct	uary?				
	${f a}$ It records where the birds go	. b It was fantastic.	c I loved it.			
5	How long have you been interes	sted in nature?				
	a For a few years.	b Since I started school	l. c Not yet.			
W	rite questions using the pro	mpts.				
1	you / ever / visit / wildlife park?	-				
	Have you ever visited a wildlife		Yes, I have.			
2	when / you / go?	,				
			Last summer.			
3	which animals / you / see?					
			Lions and giraffes.			
4	what / you / learn?					
			Some lions are endangered.			
5	you / finish / your animal projec	t yet?				
			No. I want to add some photos.			
CŁ	Choose a place. Write questions with the prompts. Then answer for you.					
C	quarium bird sanctuary pe	et shop zoo ever / b	oeen? when / go? what / see?			
_						
_						

Lesson 5 Exam practice

1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

		Mateusz	Steve	Joel
1	Who won a special award for photography?	A	В	C
2	Whose work happens in zoos?	Α	В	C
3	Who started travelling after university?	Α	В	C
4	Whose work is not always easy?	Α	В	C
5	Who discovered an animal no one had seen before?	Α	В	C
6	Whose parents helped him with his work?	Α	В	C

Wildlife experts

Mateusz

Mateusz Piesiak has been interested in wild birds since he was a baby, and he has won many photography prizes. He won Young Wildlife Photographer of the Year when he was 15. His parents have helped him travel to wild places. He has travelled to four different continents. While he was in Asia, he took thousands of photos of birds. He has taken photos of other animals since then too.



Steve

Steve Backshall is a wildlife expert who has been interested in animals since he was a child. He grew up on a farm with many animals. After university, he travelled to many countries to observe wild animals. Now he films nature programmes for television. In 2009, Steve and his team discovered a new species in Papua New Guineau – a rat as big as a cat!



Joel

Joel Sartore has been an explorer and wildlife photographer for more than 25 years. He takes photos of different species of endangered animals. Joel often takes photos in zoos, where these endangered animals are looked after and protected. It's easier to take photos in zoos because the animals are not so afraid of humans and they don't get very nervous, run or hide. It's not always easy work, but Joel loves his job.



		You are going to interview one of the people in A	Activity 1. Write an em	ail to
		 person. where you live and what animals are found in your cour why you are interested in their work. one question you would like to ask them about their life 	•	
Le	sso	n 6 / Learning to learn		
		You are going to use the internet to find out abo		
2	Ke Ot 1 2 3	eywords:animal ther keywords:habitat Where does it live? Why is it endangered? How can we help its survival? Read the descriptions of these websites.	vords will be dseru!	
	1	an you trust the information? Circle yes or no. The website is written by people who are not experts.	yes / no	
	2	I read the same information in a book.	yes / no	
	3	The writer presents TV documentaries on conservation.	yes / no	
	4	The text is full of spelling mistakes.	yes / no	
	5	The writer wants to sell me something.	yes / no	

Now search the internet to find out about the animal. Answer the questions in Activity 1. Remember to ask: 'Can I trust this information?'

6 The information has more opinions than facts.

yes / no

Prepare to write

- 1 You're going to write a biography of the conservationist Gerald Durrell (1925–95). Read the notes and match the letters (a-i) to the correct sections.
 - a 1945 worked as zookeeper in England
 - **b** 1925 born in India
 - c wrote more than 30 books showing his love of animals
 - d grew up in Greece where he had owls, donkeys and tortoises as pets
 - e made lots of films about the animals he saved
 - f believed that in order to protect a species, you must protect its habitat
 - g 1946 realised that some species were becoming endangered
 - h was a world-famous conservationist and writer of animal books
 - i 1958 created a new kind of zoo, focused on research and conservation

This talks about:

- 1 who the person was.
 2 early life and start in profession.
 4 other achievements and beliefs.
- Plan your biography of Gerald Durrell. Use the information in Activity 1 and your own research. Write notes.

Paragraph 1

Paragraph 2

Paragraph 3

Paragraph 4

Unit 1

Additional material from your research

in paragraph

in paragraph

Ready to write

3 Write a biography of Gerald Durrell.

Gerald Durrell

4 Read and check what you wrote in Activity 3. Tick (✓).

L	Did I c	rganise t	he info	ormation	into	paragraphs	;?
---	---------	-----------	---------	----------	------	------------	----

Is the information clear?

Is the information in the correct order?

Are the verbs in the correct tense?

Is there a good range of vocabulary?

5 Rewrite the biography in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 4 to improve your work.

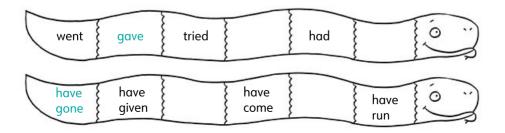
Lesson 7 / Functional language

- 1 🚺 1.3 Listen and complete.
 - 1 There's a building <u>in the background</u>.
 - 2 The two pandas are the _____.
 - 3 There's a branch _____ of the photo.
 - 4 It _____ one of the pandas is trying to climb onto the branch.
 - 5 _____ one panda is pushing the other one.
 - 6 _____ the panda is helping the other panda get onto the branch.



Check-up challenge

- 1 Unscramble the words. Then write a sentence using each word.
 - 1 trodrape <u>predator</u>2 tabihat
 - 3 teagrim
 - 4 deerdengan
 - 5 tropcte
 - 6 labelbunieve
- 2 Complete the verb snakes.



3 Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs.



I ¹ have been	(be) a presenter on the wildlife programme <i>Save our species</i>
since 2011. ²	(you see) it? In the programme, we want to tell
people how important it is	to protect animals that might become endangered, or even die
out. We ³	(observe) more than 100 different species. Last year we
4	_ (visit) zoos that look after endangered monkeys and, since we
started, I ⁵	(observe) more than 50 different types of animal in
their habitat. I ⁶	(not travel) to the Galapagos Islands to see the
giant tortoises yet, but I'm	hoping to go there next. Yesterday the other presenter, Melanie,
7	_ (decide) that she would make a special programme about
predators in danger.	
On Save our species we're	doing all we can do to help people to understand
that conservation is impor	tant. More and more animals are at risk. Many species
8	_ (be) described as endangered since the programme started,
and more species are in do	anger every day, so we need to act fast!

What I can do!		
Put a tick (\checkmark) or a cross (\times).		
find specific information in a text talk about past events and experiences ask and answer about a past experience	make and use compound nouns write a biography describe a wildlife photo	
In this unit, my favourite activity is: Something I did well: Something I could improve:		-

2 Inspiring ideas

Lesson 1 / Vocabulary

1	Ur	scramble the words and complete the sentences.
	1	The telephone company uses an natnean <u>antenna</u> to get messages from your phone.
	2	Every year, better and faster computers are doleevdep
	3	Did you cerevei my text last night?
	4	When we travel by car, we always use the satellite vigaatoni system.
	5	I'd like to invent a new rtpduco that uses mobile phone technology.
	6	Different liagsns go from one mobile to others.
	7	I can't make a call - the phone msyest isn't working.
	8	The first mobile nehop allc was made in 1972.
	9	Please dsne Dad a message to tell him we're at the restaurant.
	10	The internet helps us to stay cdtenenoc with friends and family.
2		2.1 Listen and write one or two words.
	1	a George can't get a signal or <u>send</u> <u>messages</u> .
		b George's friend thinks the phones will connect to the in a different place.
	2	a Julia doesn't want her mum to follow the
		b She thinks that the information isn't received
	3	a The girl wants to buy a
		b She isn't interested in buying to go with it.
	4	Perfect Pizza have developed a new system so customers can
		b Perfect Pizza customers won't need to make a to order pizza.



Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

1 Read the text on Pupil's Book pages 22–23 again. Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 Scientists in **the UK / Germany** had used some kind of mobile phone before 1972.
- 2 Smartphone computers can change pictures into **code** / **signals**.
- **3** Phone companies use an antenna to **receive / signal** messages from your phone.
- 4 Systems / Smartphones are small, special computers.
- 5 Your phone's satellite navigation / code follows your car.
- 6 Every phone has a different antenna / SIM card.
- 7 We used to use **cameras / maps** to move from one place to another.
- 8 Scientists developed / sent more ways to use mobile phone technology.
- 2 Match to make sentences about the text.
 - 1 Smartphones are-
 - 2 Martin Cooper made
 - 3 Smartphone computers change voices
 - 4 Different signals go from
 - 5 Phone technology helps satellite navigation
 - 6 Phone companies use an antenna

- **a** a mobile phone call more than fifty years ago.
- **b** phones with computers.
- **c** to see traffic jams.
- **d** to receive messages from your phone.
- **e** one phone to another.
- f into code.

Working with words

3 Add the suffix -ous to make the nouns into adjectives. Then complete the sentences with the correct adjectives.

C	adventure	courage	humour	danger	fame	mountain
1	She's a very	famo	<u>us</u> actr	ess. She's be	en in lots c	of films.
2	My uncle tell	ls lots of joke	es. He's really		·	
3	Don't be so	scared – you	should be me	ore		-0
4	Take care wh	nen you're cy	/cling. It can b	ре		·
5	I wouldn't be	e a good exp	lorer. I'm not		eı	nough.
6	The place wi	here we ao s	kiina is verv			

1 Complete the table.

	be	do	see	know	take	write
Past simple I	was					
Past perfect I		had done				

_				_		
7	Circle	the	corre	ct form	of the	verbs.

- 1 I rang Peter's home at 6.30 pm, but he left / had left).
- 2 He had told me to ring at 6.30, so I was / had been surprised.
- 3 He wasn't there because he **went** / **had gone** to pick up his grandma at the airport.
- 4 He didn't ring me from the airport because he **forgot** / **had forgotten** about our plan.
- 5 I didn't speak / hadn't spoken to him because he had left his mobile at home.
- 6 I spoke to his brother who decided / had decided not to go to the airport.

3 Complete the text. Write the verbs in the past perfect tense.

When my mum got h	nome last night, the house was a mess! The cat $^{ extstyle 1}$ _	had broken	(broke) a
vase and my dad 2	(not pick) it up. My sister ³		_ (make) the
beds, but she ⁴	(forget) to sweep the floor. I 5		(wash up) but
I 6	(not vacuum) the carpets. The kitchen looked	terrible too beca	use my brother
7	(cook) dinner! But dinner was delicious and w	e all helped to cle	an up later.

4 Write about all of the things you had done by 5 o'clock yesterday.

\$-			
	1. 1.		
However, I had	dn't		

Lesson 4 Language in use

2

Ci	rcle the correct	words to com	iplete the sentences.	
1	'Make lunch for _	,' our dad so	aid as he left the house.	
	a themselves	b ourselves	c yourselves	
2	My brother nearl	y cut with	the bread knife.	
	a himself	b herself	c itself	
3	After lunch, I dec	ided to film	_ singing a song I had written.	
	a yourself	b myself	c himself	
4	'You can't film _	!′ said my bro	other.	
	a myself	b itself	c yourself	
5	'But it's easy,' I ar	gued. 'Jenny tar	ught how to do it.'	
	a yourself	b herself	c himself	
6	My brother filme	d me in the end!	We enjoyed very much.	
	a ourselves	b themselves	s c yourselves	
Y		y talking with		er. a birthday party. What did
Ex	ample:			0 6 00
Kc	ity and David	F		III A
Pe	ople		Activity	Mar a basinas
1	Mia and Betty		A sang 'Happy Birthday'	
2	Helen		B danced	
3	Robert		C took photos	
4	William		D was at a safari park	1
5	Dad		E played the guitar	
			F ate cake	
			G played the piano	

H cut the cake

Lesson 5 Exam practice

1 For each question, choose the correct answer.



Jack Sheridan

Jack Sheridan has always dreamt of being an explorer. His hero is Edmund Hillary, who, with his guide Tenzing Norgay, was the first to get to the top of Mount Everest. Jack decided to take a year out before going to university. He wanted to travel, but wasn't sure where to go. He has just succeeded in getting a place on an exciting expedition in Ladakh in the Indian Himalayas. He will camp and do long walks in the low hills, then climb high into the mountains to do scientific research.

'The leader sent me a video that he had recorded on a similar expedition last year. It looks amazing,' said Jack. He is particularly interested in the range of research you can do and is looking forward to studying the stars, the weather and the geography of this beautiful mountainous region. He thinks the local culture will also be fascinating.

'This sort of journey, into remote and challenging country, seems like a great way to test yourself. You have to plan, be resourceful and work hard in a team. I'm going to film myself while I'm there. It's important to enjoy the moment, but I also want to play it back to remember exactly what it felt like to go on the biggest adventure of my life.'

- 1 Who is Edmund Hillary?
 - A the leader of Jack's Sheridan's expedition
 - **B** a scientific researcher in the Himalayas
 - C an explorer who was first to get to the top of Mount Everest

- What is Jack interested in doing on his expedition?
 - A studying the stars, weather and geography
 - B planning, being resourceful and working hard
 - **C** getting a place on an exciting expedition
- **3** Why does Jack think his journey will be a great way to test himself?
 - A Because he's never been camping high in the mountains before.
 - **B** Because the culture will be fascinating.
 - **C** Because he will have to plan, be resourceful and work hard.
- How does Jack describe Ladakh?
 - A He thinks it's a place he's always dreamt of.
 - **B** He thinks it's part of a remote and challenging country.
 - C He thinks he's not sure it's where he wants to go.
- Why is Jack going to film himself while he is in Ladakh?
 - A Because he will be doing research on how he feels while he's there.
 - **B** Because he wants to send a video to leader of the expedition.
 - **C** Because he wants to enjoy the moments and remember them when he comes back.

Lesson 6 / Learning to learn

- Read the index and answer the questions.
 - On which page can you find information about storms?

page 220

- How many entries are there for 'starfish'?
- Why does 'steam engine' come after 'starfish'?
- On which pages can you find the most important information about the sun?
- You want to find out about whales, but there is no entry for 'whales' in the index. What would you look up?

sea creatures 14, 114-121 shells 117 stars 56-63, 129 starfish 84, 113, 177 steam engine 85, 137 storms 220 sun 14, 62-63, 100 as calendar 147 solar eclipse 35 temperature of 172

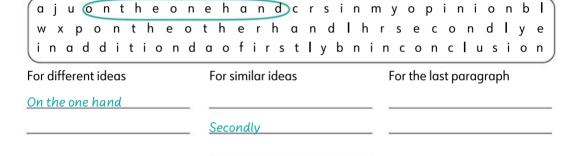
Unit 2

Prepare to write

1 Match the information about the structure of an essay.

Po	ıragraph	giv	es
1	Introduction	а	the positive arguments
2	Advantages	b	your opinion on the topic
3	Disadvantages	— c	general idea about the topic
4	Conclusion	d	the negative grauments

2 Find and circle the expressions used to present an argument. Write them under the correct headings.



3 Read the essay notes on the topic 'Should we make the school holidays longer?'
Write the numbers in the correct columns.

1 more time to travel / spend with family 6 explore new things / be creative
2 longest school holiday = X weeks 7 spend most of the year at school
3 not enough time for lessons 8 forget what we've learnt
4 miss friends / get bored 9 make holidays longer?
5 too hot to learn in summer term

Introduction	Advantages	Disadvantages
_2		

4	Use your own ideas to write two more advantages and disadvantages. Then write a conclusion.
	Advantages:
	Disadvantages:
	Conclusion:
Re	eady to write
5	Write your essay on the topic, 'Should we make the school holidays longer?'.
6	Read and check what you wrote in Activity 5. Tick (🗸).
	Did I structure the essay correctly?
	Did I use suitable expressions to introduce my arguments?
	Is my conclusion supported by my arguments?
	Is the spelling correct?
7	Rewrite the essay in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 6 to improve

Lesson 7 / Functional language

1 🔘 2.3 Listen and order the sentences.

- A The purple one looks really sporty.
- **B** The orange one will look better.
- **C** The purple one looks waterproof.
- **D** They're both nice.
- E I wondered if it looked a bit childish.
- **F** This one is purple and the other one is orange.



Check-up challenge

1 Find the incorrect word in each sentence. Use the words in the box to correct them.

code	journey	ourselves	play	race
receive	remote	sledges	system	waterproof

sledges

- 1 Amundsen used dogs to pull his engines in the race to the South Pole.
- 2 When did you send my message? I texted you last night!
- 3 My watch broke when I jumped into the sea because it wasn't sporty.
- 4 Let's record a video of the match, then we can film it back later.
- 5 The expedition to the South Pole took the explorers on a journey to a very upside-down place.
- **6** My smartphone turns words and pictures into signals.
- 7 Last year we took a race to one of the highest mountains in Germany.
- 8 I don't think he received my phone call the navigation isn't working.
- 9 It was an expedition to see who could get to the finish line first.
- 10 My brother and I like to record himself when we practise playing the guitar.

2	Find the subject reflexive prond	•	ns in th	e word se	arch. Th	nen write th	em wit	h their	
	O 1 T 2 W 3	1	th	ey – thems	selves	5			
	4S H E 5					6			
	6 H E Y	\sim 1				7			
	В 7У О	U				_			
3	Complete with	the corre	ct verb	s in the co	orrect fo	orm: past si	mple o	r past pe	rfect.
	already start	come	fall	get up	go	not hear	try	wake	
I was asleep when a loud noise 1woke me up. I 2asleep on the sofa in the living room. I listened for a minute but I 3 it again. The noise 4 from my brother's bedroom, so I 5 and 6 upstairs. My brother's room was in a terrible mess and there was a broken robot on the floor! He 7 to make the robot from information on the internet. But it had made a loud 'BANG!' and broken into lots of pieces. When I came in, he 8 to pick them up.									
Н	What I can do Put a tick (✓) c		(v)						
	read and summari		(*).		make an	ıd use words v	with	,	_
	use the past perfe	ct to			the suffi			l	
	talk about events use reflexive prond	ouns				opinion essage and contras		l	\dashv
ı	In this unit, my far		vity ic:		•			(_
	Something I did v		-						
	Something I could								5

3 Senses

Lesson 1

Vocabulary

1 Read the definitions and write the words.

	an atmosphere fascinating	a planet giant	a sound recognise	blind sight	familiar smell			
	1 another word fo	r a noise				a sound		
	2 to know somethi	to know something from before						
	3 a very large obje	ect that mo	ves around th	e sun				
,	4 describes somet	describes something very big						
	5 describes somet	describes something very interesting						
(6 the power of see	the power of seeing						
	7 the air around a	planet						
;	B not able to see							
,	9 you use your nos	se to do thi	S					
1	0 describes somet	hing that y	ou know well					

2 🥶 🚺 3.1 For each question, write the correct answer in the gap.

Write one word or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear two friends talking about a TV programme.

TV guide – Wednesday 6 ^t	^h April		
Time:	7 pm		
Name of film:	(1) The	Planet.	
Length of journey:	(2)	months	
Atmosphere on planet:	(3) thick with a strai	nge	
Description of people:	(4) short, no hair an	d	100
Part 2 in cinemas:	(5) next		

Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

1		ead the text on Pupil's Book pages 34–35 again. Then find and correct the istake in each sentence.						
	1	Joni was hoping to find her grandparents . <u>uncle and aunt</u>						
	2	The planet had a dark oxygen atmosphere.						
	3	Jax and Minnie had gone exploring six months ago.						
	4	This was the first planet Joni and her father visited.						
	5	Joni couldn't hear her mother on the radio.						
	6	Joni had seen and heard a waterfall on Earth.						
	7	The planet has been explored before.						
	8	Joni was five kilometres from the ship when she smelled fire.						
2	Fir	nd and write evidence from the text to support these statements.						
	1	The planet might be safe to live on. <u>It has a safe atmosphere.</u>						
	2	Jax and Minnie were familiar with exploring.						
	3	Joni uses her senses well on the spaceship.						
	4	There might be humans on the new planet.						
W	orl	king with words						
3	W	Write the antonym for each word.						
	1	wide 2 noisy 3 safe 4 cool 5 ugly 6 light						
	1	3 5						
	2	6						
4	Co	omplete the sentences with the antonyms from Activity 3.						
	1	Someone will get hurt in there. It's too <u>dangerous</u> !						
	2	I can't see! It's too in here.						
	3	The entrance to the car park was too The car didn't fit.						
	4	The city isn't nice to look at, but the view of the mountains is!						
	5	'You can't talk in here!' said the librarian. 'You have to be!'						
	6	Britain has cool or cold winters and or hot summers.						

1	M	atch the modal verbs to the			
	1	may / might / could be	а	I'm sure it is.	
	2	must be	b	I'm sure it isn'	t.
	3	may not / might not be	c	It's possible it	is.
	4	can't be	d	It's possible it	: isn't.
2	Fir	nd and correct the wrong mo	odal verb in eacl	n sentence.	
	1	It looks like a leopard, but it mig	ht be one.		_ may not / might not
	2	It's got your name on it. It may b	e yours.		
	3	I don't believe it. It could be true			3
	4	Mary has a scarf like that one so	it might not be he	rs.	
	5	I don't think there are any snake	s here, but there co	an't be some.	
	6	Andy usually plays football now,	so he must be at h	ome.	
3		3.2 Listen and write guesse	es and answers t	to the game	•
	1	A It might be a football.	B It may be a pla	net	C It must be Earth.
	-				
	2	Α	В		C
	3	Α	В		C
	4	Α	В		C
	5	Α	В		c
	6	Α	В		C
4		ead the situations. Write abo ust / can't + be. Use your ow		nay (not) / n	night (not) / could /
	1	Somebody has given you a prese	ent. What is it?		
		It can't be a book. It isn't heavy		be a DVD.	
	2	There are some keys on the floor	. Whose are they?		
	3	Your friend has walked ten kilom	netres and hasn't h	ad any lunch.	
	4	You can't find your phone. Is it in	your bedroom?		

Lesson 4 Language in use

1 Write the adjectives under the correct senses.

hard	noisy	pretty	quiet	soft	sour	sweet	ugly
Hara	Holay	picity	quict	3010	Jour	JWCCL	ugiy

It looks	It sounds	It tastes	It feels
,,	noisy		
	<u> </u>		

2 (a) 3.3 Listen, read and choose the correct answers.





- 1 Alice's cakes feel heavy and they taste good / strange.
- 2 Passion fruit cake tastes **fruity / sweet** and sour.
- 3 The cake tasted / looked like old bread.
- 4 The cake didn't look / smell right.
- 5 It tasted like a sour / sweet cheese sandwich.
- 6 Alice thought it tasted disgusting / delicious.
- 3 Imagine your favourite place. Describe it, and what you're doing there, using sense verbs.

I'm in the park near my house. It's sunny and it feels like a holiday. I've just bough	<u>t </u>
some ice cream, which tastes delicious.	

Lesson 5 Exam practice

1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

		Anne	Greta	Eliza
1	Who talks about what scientists on Earth are doing?	Α	В	C
2	Whose ideas talk about different clothes?	Α	В	С
3	Who is worried about children on the new planet?	Α	В	C
4	Whose ideas agree with another student's ideas?	Α	В	С
5	Whose ideas talk about exploring the new planet?	Α	В	C
6	Who is thinking about houses on the new planet?	Α	В	С

A new planet home?



This week in our science class we've been talking about what humans would need to live on a new planet. I think the most important thing is that the planet should have a safe oxygen atmosphere – we need to be able to breathe the air! We might have to wear special clothes if the planet is very cold or very hot, but it would be good to not have to wear a mask. If it's safe to breathe the air, it's safe to explore the planet!



I think the most important thing is to work out how we will build houses on a new planet. If the new planet has got lots of rocks, we might use them to build houses. If the planet has got lots of rivers or seas, we may live on boats. I don't think we will live in buildings like flats. After we choose where people will live, then we should think about where and how children will play and go to school. Or if children should go to the new planet at all!



I think Anne is right – it's important that the planet has a safe atmosphere. The right atmosphere would help trees and plants grow too. Scientists on Earth have been growing plants in space for a long time. If we can grow plants on the new planet, we'll have all the food we need! We should also be able to drink the water on the planet. If we have safe food and water, we can do almost anything.

2	đ	For each question, write the correct answer. Write one word for each gap.				
		Dear Bella,				
		We have finally (0)found Jax and Minnie on a new planet, and guess what! It (1) very different to Earth! The (2) was OK - not too hot or too cold, but it's totally dark. There were lots (3) familiar flowers and I (4) hear the (5) of a waterfall. Dad thinks we (6) be careful. Although the flowers and trees smelled (7) those on our planet, they might (8) bad for us. I keep thinking (9) you. Where are you? I know you (10) not get this message, but I hope you do! Love, Joni				
Le		Complete the text.				
	C	dictionary English online own work out				
When you find a word and can't 1 work out its meaning, you can use a 2 . These are either bilingual (they give the English word in your 3 language, too) or monolingual (all in 4 , with the meaning explained in simple words). You can use dictionaries in book form or 5 .						
<u>-</u>	Underline the adjective in each sentence. Use the context to work out which column it goes in. Use a dictionary to check your answers.					
	1	The garden was <u>charming</u> , with lots of flowers and trees.				
	2 He was a nasty man and didn't like children at all.					
	3 Our weekend at the beach was disappointing because of the rain.					
	4	I wasn't sure about trying breadfruit, but the taste was very pleasant.				
	5	He never thinks he has enough money, so he feels dissatisfied all the time.				
	6 My aunt is trustworthy and never tells a lie.					
		positive meaning charming				

charming

negative meaning

Prepare to write

- How could you structure a science fiction story? Write the questions in order under the correct headings.
 - What happens next?
- e What has changed at the end?
- What's the problem?
- What happens? f
- Who is the main character?
- **q** Is the problem solved?
- Where does he / she live?
- **h** What is he / she doing?

Beginning	Middle	End
Who is the main character?	What's the problem?	

Look at the pictures. Read the questions in Activity 1 again and make notes for the beginning and middle of your story.













Troob wants to play

Beginning: Troob - a small robot who lives with a family on another planet.

Middle: Troob - no one to play with

3	Write some notes about how your story ends. Troob — happy, excited
Re	eady to write
4	Give your science fiction story a title and write the story.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	·
	-
ı	
5	Read and check what you wrote in Activity 4. Tick (✓).
	Does my story have a beginning, middle and end? Did I include good descriptions? Did I use correct punctuation?
	Is my story interesting and fun? Did I check my spelling carefully?
6	Rewrite the science fiction story in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 5 to improve your work.

Lesson 7 / Functional language

1 Complete the text with words from the box.

looks like made of round rectangular smooth sticky tastes used for

Play the GUESSING GAME

- **A:** We sometimes use them to build houses.
- **B:** It's ¹ rectangular . It feels rough. It must be a brick.
- A: People sit at them.
- **B:** It's square. It's 2 wood. It must be a table.
- **A:** It's delicious! It ³ ______ sweet.
- **B:** It feels ⁴ . It might be honey.
- A: We play with it.
- **B:** It's 5 ______. It's made of plastic. It must be a ball.
- **A:** It ⁶ _____ a guitar, but it's smaller and it sounds different.
- **B:** So, it's ⁷ _____ playing music. It could be a violin.
- **A:** You can see through it.
- **B:** It feels ⁸______. It must be a window.

2



Check-up challenge

- 1 Circle the word in each group that is different and explain why.
 - 1 giant / familiar / rectangular / square

 It doesn't describe the shape of something.
 - 2 fascinating / imaginative / delicious / disgusting
 - 3 sticky / bitter / sweet / sour
 - 4 memorise / rectangular / recognise / cope
 - 5 tastes / familiar / sounds / smells
 - 6 soft / smooth / hard / blind

Look and complete the sentences with your ideas.

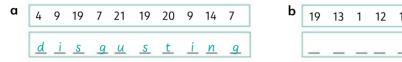






- It may be <u>a shoe</u>. It could be _____. It can't be _____. 1
- It might be ______. It may not be ______. It can't be _____. 2
- It must be _____. It can't be _____. 3

Decode the secret words. Then complete the sentences with the correct words.





18 12 4 2 8212615 1814286

C	14	15	9	19	25



2 9 20 20 5 18

It looks ______.

4 It feels ______.

It tastes _____.

5 It sounds ______.

3 It smells <u>disgusting</u>.

What I can do!

Put a tick (\checkmark) or a cross (\times).

infer information from a text speculate about present situations describe what food looks, tastes and smells like

use antonyms write a science fiction story describe objects

In this unit, my favourite activity is:

Something I did well:

Something I could improve:

4 Get involved!

Lesson 1	Vocabulary
	,

1 Circle the correct words to complete the senter	nces
---	------

- 1 All the rubbish we throw away is bad for the **exhibition** / **environment**)
- 2 The internet is a global / biodiversity resource people all over the world use it.
- 3 We chose a challenging project because we knew our teacher would **support** / **inspire** us.
- 4 The TV documentary **encouraged** / **supported** me to visit the Eden Project.
- 5 Different habitats around the world help create climate change / biodiversity.
- 6 The museum was showing an interesting exhibition / environment about Ancient Egypt.
- 7 Many forests have been lost because of **biodiversity** / **climate change**.
- 8 The ball hit the car, but luckily it didn't damage / support it.
- 9 Watching Usain Bolt benefitted / inspired me to take up running.
- 10 Exercise and a healthy diet damage / benefit your health.

2 (1) 4.1 Listen and complete each sentence with one
--

1	Plogging helps with the problem of	climate	change.
			_

- 2 Plogging is a _____ activity lots of people do it.
- 3 Holly felt ______ by the people in the TV programme.
- 4 Holly damaged her ______ last year while she was jogging.
- 5 There are great benefits from ______, so Holly's mum encouraged her.
- **6** Harry shows lots of ______ for Holly for her new activity.

3 Complete the text with words from Activity 1. Write the verbs in the correct form.

I've just joined an org	ganization called GetInvolved. I w	ent to an ¹ <u>exhibition</u>			
about endangered animals at the museum last week. I didn't know how climate change is					
2	their habitats. This ³	me to find out how I could			
help protect the ⁴	The GetInvolve	ed website ⁵			
you to start your own project. You can post details of it on the site to get other people to					
6	_ you. Your small idea could deve	lop into something big.			

Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

- 1 Read the text on Pupil's Book pages 48-49 again. Match to make sentences.
 - 1 The Eden Project wants to inspire visitors
 - 2 Our planet is damaged
 - 3 Eden wants to make sure
 - 4 Eden recreates the different habitats
 - 5 The activities you can do at Eden
 - **6** Sometimes there are special exhibitions
 - 7 Comments from happy visitors

- **a** by human behaviour.
- **b** might encourage other people to come.
- **c** to support conservation.
- **d** so that new scientific ideas can be researched.
- e to give information on a special topic.
- **f** are designed to be beneficial for the environment.
- g plants and animals won't die out.
- 2 Which places in the Eden Project would you recommend for these people?



My little brother loves exploring and making up stories about what he finds. He's fascinated by insects.



It's my grandpa's birthday next week and I'm looking for a special present. He's really keen on gardening.

2

I'm doing a school project on animals that live in tropical habitats.



My mum doesn't like the cold. Her favourite place is Italy. I want to take her somewhere that makes her think she's on holiday.

Working with words

- 3 Match the underlined words to the correct synonyms.
 - **1** The elephant was <u>enormous</u>.
 - 2 Loss of habitats is a <u>worldwide</u> problem.
 - **3** We like to <u>walk</u> along the cliffs.
 - 4 Cars don't <u>help</u> the planet.
 - 5 What's the <u>answer</u> to the puzzle?
 - 6 Let's make a picture together.

- F_
- solution
- **B** stroll
- **C** benefit
 - **D** global
 - **E** create
 - F huge

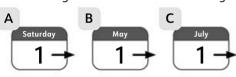
1		Read sentences 1–6 and underline the present perfect continuous verbs. Then match 1–6 to sentences a–f.				
	1 2 3 4 5	I've been doing my homework for an hour. She's been developing those plans for months. Alex has been supporting that team since he was six. You haven't been listening! We've been setting up the exhibition together. a They've never won a game! b It displays our class's work. c It's almost finished. d It's taking her a long time. e There's water everywhere.				
	6	It's been raining hard all day. f That wasn't what I said.				
2	Oı 1	der the words to make sentences. been / our / class / has / doing / a / on / the / environment / project Our class has been doing a project on the environment.				
	2	habitats / Euan and Katie / been / learning / about / have				
	3 researching / I've / animals / endangered / been					
	4	October / doing / we've / it / been / since				
	5	us / has / encouraging / teacher / been / our				
	6 been / our / She's / team / school / football / on / years / for					
3	Cc	omplete the sentences. Use the present perfect continuous and your own ideas.				
	1	My hands are dirty because <u>I've been gardening</u> .				
	2	I'm tired because				
	3	My friends are terrified because				
	4	My mum's exhausted because				
	5	We're late because				
	6	My hair's wet because				

1 🥌 🚺 4.2 For each question, choose the correct picture.

1 What has Greta been doing?



2 How long has Chloe been volunteering?



3 Where has Grandma been helping?



4 Who has Anton been talking to?



2 Complete the conversation with phrases from the box.

handrates have acted as a community.

	low long have volunteer	ring We've been		
	Your ¹ <u>community</u> Thanks!	project sounds gro	eat.	90
A:	2	you been working on it	?	
B:	I've been ³	since last yea	r.	
A:	4	been doing today?		
B:	5	cleaning up the park. F	eople leave a lot o	of rubbish there so we've
	6	every Sunday to pick it	up and make the	park look nice again.
A:	7	helping there today?		
В:	No, we haven't. Today we'v next week.	re ⁸	plants. We'r	e going to plant them

3 Think of two things you've been doing for a while (sports or other activities). Write questions and answers using the present perfect continuous.

How long ?	Question:	
for (X) months / years	Answer:	
since	Question:	
Sirice	Answer:	

Lesson 5 Exam practice

- 1 For each question, choose the correct answer.
 - 1 They are raising money for:
 - A Parkview Leisure Centre
 - **B** Mary Williams
 - C Redcliffe Hospital

charity basketball game

on Friday at Parkview Leisure Centre

Starts at 10.30 am

Everyone gets to play! £5 per person to enter.

If you want to be involved, fill in the form attached. All the money raised goes to Redcliffe Hospital.

Please join us at our charity basketball game at 10:30 am on Friday! We need adults to help with the game. If you'd like to volunteer, contact Mary on 07364 871094. Thank you!

- A Adults who want to help with the game should phone Mary.
- **B** Adults who want to make food after the game should phone Mary.
- C Adults who want to play in the game should phone Mary.

- 3 A Players need to bring trainers and food
 - B Players need to bring trainers and something to drink.
 - C Players need to bring trainers and T-shirts.

Thanks for volunteering to play in our charity basketball game! Please remember to bring:

- a pair of trainers
- shorts or tracksuit trousers
- a bottle of water or other drink

We've got T-shirts for team members and there will be food for all players and supporters after the game.

Monday make posters, basketball practice, Maths test

Tuesday band rehearsal, work on science project

Wednesday Mum's birthday, take books back to library

Thursday basketball practice, English test

Friday present science project, basketball practice, band concert

When has Callum got basketball practice this week?

- A Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday
- **B** Monday, Thursday and Friday
- C Tuesday, Thursday and Friday

- 5 A Callum will be at his grandma's house tomorrow.
 - **B** Callum is going to the charity basketball game with his mum.
 - **C** Callum will come and get Lewis at 9.45 pm.

FROM	Callum	• • •
ТО	Lewis	SEND

Shall we go to the charity basketball game together? My mum can take us in the car, but we'll need to come back by train. We could come and get you at 9.45 am. We'll take the train from Richmond to Paddington. Ring me tonight on my mobile (07625 739281) or tomorrow at my grandma's house (662 8276) to let me know.

6

Train 21: Richmond to Pinner	Arrives	Leaves
Richmond	12:30	1:00
Victoria	1:20	1:35
Paddington	1:50	2:15
Hampstead	2:40	2:55
Pinner	3:30	3:50

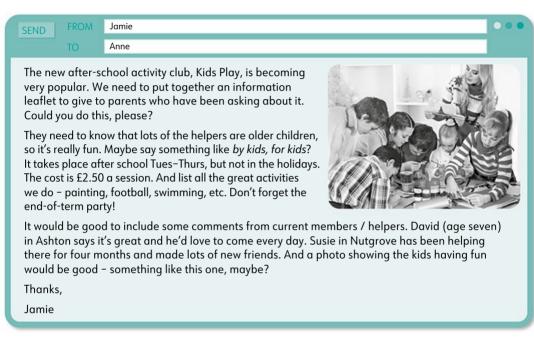
- A The train from Paddington leaves at 2.00 pm.
- **B** The train arrives in Richmond at 12.30 pm.
- C The train leaves Pinner at 3.45 pm.

Lesson 6	Learning to	learn
	3	

1	\bigcirc Read and tick (\checkmark) what you do after comple	ting a piece	∍ of work.	
		never	sometimes	always
	1 I think about what I like about my work and why.			
	2 I list the problems I had when I was doing it.			
	3 I think about how I solved them.			
	4 I identify how I have got better at this type of work.			
	5 I list what I need to do to improve.			
	6 I work out what I need to help me improve.			
2	Ohoose a recent piece of work. Choose three and write notes about your piece of work.	statement	ts from Activity	<i>,</i> 1
3				

Prepare to write

1 Jamie asks Anne to write an information leaflet about Kids Play activity club. Read the email and write notes to help structure the leaflet.



title:	Kids Play
slogan:	
general description:	F
activities:	
special events:	
users' comments:	'It's great. I'd love to come every day.' David (age 7), Ashton.
opening times and price:	

2 Think of additional information to include in your leaflet. Write notes.

Ready to write

3 Write the information leaflet for Kids Play. Include a picture.

Water the second	
(A) The second s	
1	
·	
9.4	
1 ⁻	
1	
1 -	
25	
L _	

4 Read and check what you wrote in Activity 3. Tick (\checkmark).

Į		Is my	leaflet well	structured
---	--	-------	--------------	------------

- Is the information clearly presented (e.g. section headings, bullet lists)?
- Have I made the club sound interesting?
- Is the spelling correct?
- Did I use verb tenses correctly?

5 Rewrite the leaflet in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 4 to improve your work.

Lesson 7 Functional language

1	1 2 3 4 5	4.3 Listen and tick (✓) or cross (×). They have been collecting rubbish. ✓ George wants to donate money to an animal shelter. Daisy wants to have a vote. Zoe doesn't think they should give money to both charities. They don't have time to collect any rubbish.
2	0	4.3 Listen again and write the words.
	1	Firstly, why <u>don't we</u> weigh the rubbish?
	2	That great.
	3	I'm not
	4	That's a fantastic
	5	really think to vote on this.
	6	That's a
Cł	nec	-up challenge
Cl	Co W	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form.
	Co W	mplete the sentences with the correct words.
	Co W	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form. ise encourage support reserve obal damage weigh benefit
	Co W	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form. ise encourage support reserve bbal damage weigh benefit asked for a kilo of apples so the market seller weighed them.
	Co W r g	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form. ise encourage support reserve obal damage weigh benefit I asked for a kilo of apples so the market seller weighed them. We've decided to money for a charity for the elderly.
	Ccc W r cg	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form. ise encourage support reserve bal damage weigh benefit I asked for a kilo of apples so the market seller weighed them. We've decided to money for a charity for the elderly. We must money for a practise every Monday.
	Ccc W r c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form. ise encourage support reserve obal damage weigh benefit I asked for a kilo of apples so the market seller weighed them. We've decided to money for a charity for the elderly. We must money for a charity for the elderly. Damage to the environment is a problem.
	Ccc W r c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form. ise encourage support reserve abal damage weigh benefit I asked for a kilo of apples so the market seller weighed them. We've decided to money for a charity for the elderly. We must aroom where we can practise every Monday. Damage to the environment is a problem. The storm was so bad it trees and buildings.
	Ccc W r c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	mplete the sentences with the correct words. ite the verbs in the correct form. ise encourage support reserve obal damage weigh benefit I asked for a kilo of apples so the market seller weighed them. We've decided to money for a charity for the elderly. We must money for a charity for the elderly. Damage to the environment is a problem.

2	Match to make of the verbs?	orrect sentenc	es. Wha	t do you notice abou	ut the <i>-ing</i> f	orm of all
	1 You've	a travel	lling for th	ree months.		
	2 Ben's been	b 've be	en runnin	g in the school team for	two years.	
	3 The people have	e c 's bee	n hitting t	he ball into the net and	not over it.	
	4	d been	swimming	g a lot this week.		
	5 She	e been	sitting arc	ound the fire for hours.		
3	Write four quest			I verbs in the boxes. The control of	Then write	
	1 How long has s	he been volunte	ering at t	he animal	How long	
	rescue centre?				Have you What have	
	She <u>'s been vol</u>	unteering there	for six mo	onths.	vviideilave	you
	2				do lear	n study
	<u> </u>				volunteer	work
	3					
	Yes, we					
	4					
	They					
	5			22		
	Dan					
-			_			
l	What I can do!					
l	Put a tick (✓) or	a cross (x).				
ŀ	infer information fro	om a text		use synonyms to vary	vocabulary	
ł	emphasise the durat	tion of recent		write an information l	eaflet	
ı	activities			make and respond to	suggestions	
ı	ask about recent eve	ents and actions				
ı	In this unit, my favo	ourite activity is: -				_
	Something I did we	ell:				— I
	Something I could i	mprove:				

5 Travel adventures

Lesson 1

Vocabulary

Read and match.

- 1 When you feel homesick,
- 2 A cowboy rides a horse and
- 3 Cattle are the cows that
- 4 A large farm in the USA with cows
- 5 In summer, sunrise can be
- 6 You experience something when it
- 7 A confident person
- 8 You buy souvenirs
- **9** If you like the outdoors,
- 10 Traditional art and stories

- **a** is called a ranch.
- **b** you miss your family and where you live.
- c happens to you or you are a part of an event.
- **d** looks after cows.
- e to remind you of a place you visited.
- **f** you like doing things outside.
- g help us remember how things were in the past.
- **h** a farmer keeps for milk or meat.
- i is sure they can do something well.
- i as early as 4.30 am.

- 1 You will hear a ranch manager talking to a group of visitors. Why do the visitors need to be careful?
 - A There are big herds of cattle.
 - B They might get sun burned.
 - **C** They are a large group of people.
- 2 You will hear two friends talking about their day. What have they just done?
 - A They've been to the cinema.
 - B They've had a meal.
 - **C** They've done a sporting activity.
- 3 You will hear a girl, Annie, talking about a weekend away. Why did she buy the souvenir?
 - A Because the other items in the shop were too expensive.
 - **B** To give to someone in her family who wasn't there.
 - **C** To remind her of a great holiday.
- 4 You will hear a teacher talking to some students. How do some of them feel?
 - A Pleased because they tried different activities.
 - **B** Tired because they had to get up early.
 - **C** Homesick because they are away from home.

Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

inactive

1	Do	. a d + h	o toxt on D	unil's Pook nas	.os 40-41 .	aaain Than	sirelo 7	'/Truo\ or I	E (Ealso)
1	Read the text on Pupil's Book pages 60–61 again. Then circle T (True) or F (F								
	1 A Wild West experience is a good holiday for people who don't like							ng outdoors	
	2 You can do cultural activities as well as sports and outdoor activities					ivities.		T/F	
	3			all very energetic.					T/F
	4	You h	nave to be go	od at getting up e	early on a rai	nch holiday.			T/F
	5	At the	e ranch you w	vill have the chance	to try new	things.			T/F
	6	Cowb	oys and cowgi	rls look after the vi	llage.				T / F
	7	If you	ı want souver	nirs, you have to b	uy them at t	he airport.			T/F
	8	Only	confident, ac	lventurous people	e should visit	the ranch.			T / F
2	W	rite a	nswers to t	he questions a	bout the ro	anch.			
	1	How	can I experie	nce what it's like t	o work as a	cowboy or co	wgirl?	west it	
				by living outd	loors		_	L 5 9	13 13
	2	How	can I find my	way to the ranch	from the air	port?		W.A.	alg
	3	How	can I cope if I	can't ride a horse	e?			A CANCELLO	2.0
	4	How	can I find out	about Native Am	erican cultu	re?			
	5	How	can I prepare	for the weather?					
	6	How can I buy something to remember my trip?							
W	orl	king '	with word	S					
3	W	rite tl	ne opposite	es of these wor	ds.				
	q	ıctive	correct	experienced	friendly	popular	usual		
		un							
	in inactive								

1	Re	ead and tick (\checkmark) the reported requests a	ınd	commands.	
	1	The ranch guide asked us to meet him at sunrise. 'Don't forget your boots.'		'Please watch carefully.' 'Don't ride too quickly.' He asked us to follow him.	
	3	He told us to find our horse.	8	'Take your time.'	\Box
	4	He told us not to worry.		, ,)
2	Re	ewrite the direct speech in Activity 1 as re	₽po	rted speech.	
	1	He told us not to forget our boots.			
	2	II			
	3				
	4	P			
3		ead Caroline's email to Greg. They're goi ewrite the underlined text as reported sp	_	-	ose.
		SEND TO Greg Wilson			
		Hi Greg, I'm so excited about going to the museum tomorr arrangements. ¹ Please tell Rose the plan. We'll catch the train at 9.30 am. Let's meet at the ² Please be there by 9.15. That will give us time to ³ Bring your headphones. Then we can listen to m if we want to. ⁴ Don't forget money for souvenirs. shop is great! ⁵ Bring lunch! There's a park nearby have a picnic. Does that all sound OK? ⁶ Don't be Caroline	stat buy usic My o	tion. tickets. on the journey dad says the ere we can	
	1	Caroline asked me to tell you the plan.			
	2	She asked us			
	3	11			
	4	2			
	5	b			
	6				

Lesson 4 Language in use

1	Read the sentences and write P (present activity) or F (future arrangement).				
	1	They're going on safari next week.			
	2	I'm finding out information about the cable car times.			
	3	My sister is packing for her trip.			
	4	We're spending a month there.			
	5	What are you doing this summer?			
	6	We're having dinner right now.			
2	1	5.2 Listen and answer the questions.			
	1	What is Fred doing next Saturday? <u>His grandparents are coming for lunch.</u>			
	2	What is Mary doing on Saturday evening?			
	3	What is Dan doing before he goes to university?			
	4	Who is Dan visiting?			
	5	How long is Dan staying with them?			
	6	What is Mary doing this evening?			
3	ar	that are you, your family and friends doing next weekend? Write about your rangements. Use these suggestions or your own ideas. go swimming go shopping have a picnic do homework make a cake			
		go swiffining go shopping thave a picture and the make a cake			
		visit relatives meet friends play football write emails tidy my room			
		n going swimming on Saturday morning. Then my family and I are visiting my andparents in the afternoon.			
	-				

Lesson 5 Exam practice

1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

Sandboarding

If you're ambitious and looking for adventure, why (0) not try sandboarding? Sandboarding is an exciting new extreme sport which is really simple to (1) _____ and lots of fun. It's like snowboarding, but on sand - and you can do it all year round. The best (2) ______ to experience it is to find a company that organises training and trips. For example, we (3) _____ the company Successful Sandboarding to tell us about their trips. They told us (4) book a short session with their expert instructors - we learnt a lot. After their sessions, you're transported **(5)** _____ car to the top of the sand hill. **(6)** _____ you're ready to enjoy surfing down on your board. Most people can do it - you don't need to have done snowboarding before and you just have _____ fall over the first few to be fit. You (7) times, but with plenty of practice you'll soon be a successful sandboarder. So, what are you (8) _____ this weekend?



Example:

0 A do

B you

C not

- 1 A learning
- **B** learn

C learns

- 2 A answer
- **B** kind

C way

- **3** A questioned
- **B** said

C asked

4 A to

B that

C for

5 A in

B by

C on

- 6 A Then
- **B** After
- C When

- **7** A haven't
- B might
- C must

- 8 A playing
- **B** doing
- **C** sandboarding

Lesson 6 Learning to learn

1	\bigcirc Underline the mistake in each sentence. Write v (vocabulary), gr (grammar),
	sp (spelling) or p (punctuation).

- 1 She worked hard and she was very successfull in her exams. <u>sp</u>
- 2 James was the most weak of the three of us.
- 3 My mum asked me to choose a souvenir?
- 4 I'm thinking forward to going on holiday.
- 5 They're go to a cowboy ranch next week.
- **6** You can't have an apple because there aren't plenty.
- 7 My favrite wild animal is the rhino.
- 8 'Don't do that! she said.

vocabulary \rightarrow v grammar \rightarrow gr spelling \rightarrow sp punctuation \rightarrow p something missing \rightarrow ^

I've just come back from Australia I was on holiday in Melbourne my family.

Had you ever been their. I really want too go again. It's boring! Next month

we're visiting to France. That will be interested.

Prepare to write

- 1 Match the parts of a review (1-7) to the information (a-g).
 - 1 general description of the camp
 - 2 feelings before / at start of trip
 - 3 how the guide helped
 - 4 evening activities
 - **5** favourite part of trip
 - **6** benefits of the experience
 - 7 recommendation

- a I didn't feel confident about trying new things.
- **b** I made lots of new friends.
- **c** It's for families and has activities for all ages.
- **d** The best thing was all the watersports.
- **e** It's a fantastic place to go with your family.
- **f** After dinner, there was a family quiz.
- **q** She told us to believe in ourselves.
- 2 Read the leaflet and imagine you went to the adventure camp. Use your own ideas and opinions to write notes.

Family Adventure Camp - fun for all the family from 8 to 80

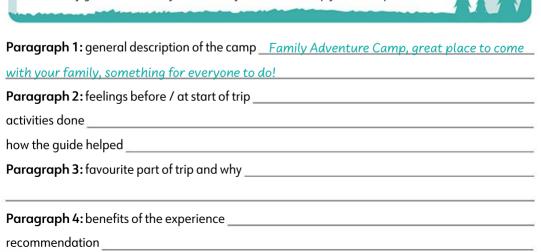
Activities: watersports (sailing, canoeing, waterskiing, swimming), climbing, mountain biking, zip-line

Evenings: quiz, concert, games

Special events: trip to helicopter show, canoeing race

Accommodation: teepees or tree houses

Our friendly guides will teach you the skills you need and help you develop confidence.



Ready to write

3 Write your review.

\leftarrow \rightarrow \square	

4 Read and check what you wrote in Activity 3. Tick (\checkmark).

	Have I organised the information clearly?	Have I expressed my opinion helpfully?
1	Is the information included useful?	Have I checked my text carefully for

	_								
١,	$\overline{}$								
1					ectives				. ~
		Hava	אסטוו	adi	activas	tΛ	add	intor	oct /
-	- 1	I luve i	useu	uui	CCUVES	w	uuu	11116	COL

Have I checked my text carefully for
accuracy?

5 Rewrite the review in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 4 to improve your work.

Lesson 7 / Functional language

5.3 For each guestion, write the correct answer in the gap.

Write one word or a number of a date of a till	ie.
You will hear a teacher talking about a schoo	l trip.

School trip to waterpark

Date of trip: 3rd July

(1) 8:30 Bus leaves:

Weather - hot and (2)

Don't forget (3)

Cost of food at waterpark: (4)____

Bring money for an ice cream or a (5)

Check-up challenge

Read the definitions and write the words.

- tells you what the weather is going to be like
- describes someone who is determined to be successful 2
- a slide that makes you feel like you're flying
- to pay money to borrow something like a car 4
- enough or more than enough
- the opposite of strong 6
- something you can buy in a gift shop 7
- you see this early in the morning 8
- someone who looks after cattle on a ranch 9
- 10 describes something that is much, much more than normal

forecast

- Z _________
- h _____
- p_____
- s_____
- S_____
- e_____

ns on how to make a paper bird.
The teacher asked us to listen to the instructions.
She
<u> </u>
ans for the weekend. Use the present continuous.
ce cream visit / safari park watch film / with Dan
a competition. Then
ara play / school concert have dinner / restaurant
use prefixes <i>un</i> - and <i>in</i> -
write a review
give advice and recommendations

Mid-year review

1	Ci	rcle the word in each group that is difterent an	nd explain why.
	1	volunteer /rainforest/ hero / cowboy	t isn't a person.
	2	cable car / sanctuary / habitat / ranch	
	3	confident / ambitious / determined / sporty	
	4	forecast / record / film / play back	
	5	migrate / journey / expedition / donate	
	6	bitter / soft / hard / rough	
	7	endangered / extreme / at risk / damaged	
	8	damage / support / encourage / inspire	
2	Re	ead the definitions and write the words.	
	1	You might buy this on holiday to help you remember a place that you've visited.	s <u>o u v e n i r</u>
	2	This is where you are when you're not in a building.	0
	3	This is a kind of organisation which helps people or a	nimals. c
	4	This is an animal that hunts other animals.	p

	3	(1) 5.4	Listen to the	questions o	and choose	the correct	t answers.
--	---	----------------	---------------	-------------	------------	-------------	------------

Explorers go on this kind of long trip.

This is all the people that live in one area.

a?	No, we didn't. Our aim is to be more successful next time.	
b <u>?</u>	Since July.	1
c?	Yes, I have. I'd like to encourage everyone to volunteer.	
d <u>?</u>	Because there are so few of them in the wild.	
e 💭	Yes, we have, but there's still a lot to do.	
f?	I've been observing pandas in their habitat.	

5

4 Match to make sentences.



- 1 John has been
- 2 For many years, he's been
- 3 Last year he
- 4 Lasked him to
- 5 He went there
- 6 He had just arrived
- 7 A tiger had escaped from its cage
- 8 He didn't
- **9** The keeper told John
- 10 He told
- 11 They caught the tiger
- 12 On Sunday he's

- a visited a tiger sanctuary.
- **b** and everyone was in danger.
- c leaving on another expedition.
- **d** studying animals since he was a child.
- ${\color{red} e \hspace{0.1cm} \text{to support the conservation project.}}$
- f him to stay silent.
- **q** not to move.
- **h** observing them in their habitats.
- i and John was safe!
- j when he heard someone screaming.
- **k** tell me about his time there.
- I know what to do.

5 Which notice (A-F) says this?

- 1 You can buy a souvenir upstairs.
- 2 You can wear this in a swimming pool.
- 3 Don't walk this way.
- 4 This is for playing musical instruments.
- 5 You can go up the mountain this way.

A DANGER Weak bridge

B Waterproof watch \$80 Gift shop

Exhibition
OPEN

To the cable car

Room reserved for band practice





Rob's visit to the Space Museum

Rc	b is	really excited. He's vis	itin	g the Space Museum	(1) <u>tol</u>	<u>morrow</u> . There's a
(2) exhibitio			n o	n planets there, and a	our teach	er asked him to (3)
a l	oook	on the solar system t	or t	he class in the gift sh	op.	
Rc	b (4) a to	lk a	bout the planets next	t week in	class. His favourite planets are the
tw	o ne	ar Earth: Venus and N	Nars	s. Rob would like to be	e an astro	onaut. He's going to take pictures of
(5)	beside o	spo	acecraft in the museu	m. Rob (6) forward to this
tri	p for	a long time.				
1	Α	yesterday	В	a week ago	C	tomorrow
2	Α	fascinating	В	extreme	С	unbelievable
3	Α	buying	В	buy	С	to buy
4	Α	will	В	makes	С	is giving
5	Α	herself	В	himself	С	itself
6	Α	won't be	В	has been looking	C	is going

7 Complete the text with the words in the bo	x.
--	----

been drawing	can't	drawn	look	might	must	seen	to tell	
Have you ¹	seen	this pi	cture? My	y little brot	her drev	v it a few	W.	
minutes ago. He's	2		all moi	rning. He's	3		_ <0	
about 20 pictures of people and animals – mostly elephants. I'm not sure what this								
one is. I asked him ⁴ me, but he wants me to guess. OK. Well,								
it's got four legs so it 5 be an animal. It doesn't have a long								
nose or big ears, so it ⁶ be an elephant. It's got two stripes								
so it ⁷ be a tiger. But it doesn't ⁸ like a tiger. Perhaps I'n								
ooking at it upsid	e-down. Is	s it a monke	ey? Oh. H	e says it's a	picture	of me!		
Complete the s	entence	s with the	words	in the bo	x.			
bear disaust	tina li	ke like	him s	sour st	ickv	sweet	waterproof	
	9				,			
l It might be a _	L	ear	becau	ise there ai	re a lot d	of them aro	und here.	
2 It could be a lemon because it tastes								
3 He might be Jack's brother because he looks								
it may be hone								
The milk smell								
5 That watch do							u go swimming	
						-	5	
7 I don't want to taste it because it might be For each question, write the correct answer. Write one word in each gap.								
For each o	question ———	, write the	e correc	t answer.	. Write	one word	l in each gar ————	
I've been at this	school (0)	sir	псе	_ I was fiv	e. Next y	/ear		
I (1)		moving to o	a new sch	iool. One o	f my be	st friends		
(2) moving there with me, and I'm sure I'll make plenty								
(3) new friends, too. I'm looking forward (4) it.								
My favourite subject at school is science. We (5) just finished a								
fascinating proje	ct about s	space and I	′ve (6) _			reading a	bout it a lot.	
People used to the	hink the su	ın and all tl	he (7)			and stars r	moved round	
the Earth. Then (8)		1530	, one scien	tist said	that wasn't	t true. He	
(9)	S	tudied then	n carefull	y and he b	elieved	that the Ea	rth moved	
round the sun. M	anv peop	le (10)		be	elieve hi	m, but he w	vas riaht.	

6 Sell, sell, sell!

Lesson 1 / Vocabulary

1	Read	and	unsc	ramh	le the	words

1	To advertise the concert, we made some yee-haticcng <u>eye-catching</u> posters.
2	I didn't agree at first, but Jack's argument was very spruvasiee
3	My brother spends his free time talking to friends on lacios diame
4	She wants to buy trainers, but isn't sure which dranb to choose.
5	That game hasn't had good wervies shall we try this one?
6	The red jumper will apelap to my mum. She likes bright colours.
7	I remember starting school when I was four. It's my earliest yomrem
8	I'm going to khecc tou this book - my cousin really enjoyed it.
9	Next year I want to play the guitar like a olaefspoirsn
10	He says he's telling the truth, but we don't usttr him.

- 1 Katy wants to try
 - A the boots with the stars on them.
 - (B) the boots with the stripes on them.
 - **C** the expensive leather boots.
- 2 Katy reads a review on a website that
 - A she often uses.
 - **B** professional sportspeople use.
 - C doesn't give reviews from people who wear them.
- 3 Katy thinks that the
 - A chocolate cake is good.
 - **B** chocolate cake isn't cheap.
 - **C** hot chocolate is expensive.

- 4 Oliver thinks that
 - A social media is persuasive.
 - **B** the hot chocolate was amazing.
 - **C** the café reviews are correct.
- 5 Oliver has to be home
 - A by half past four.
 - **B** by three o'clock.
 - **C** by half past two.

Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

1		ead the adverts on Pup ich product.	il's Book pages 70-7	1 again. Tick (✓) two true phras	ses foi
	1	Flyboot a are made of rubber b can fly for 20 metres		c are light to weard use batteries	
	2	The Watch Watch a plays sound from your p b costs £1,000 GO-GO Guitar	ohone 🔲	c shows films on your watchd everyone knows about this brand	
	,	a takes three weeks to ledb lights up the chords you	\simeq	c plays four popular songsd costs £2,500	
2	Re	ad the three adverts. 1	Then circle the correc	t words.	
	1	The advertiser wants me to feel nervous / excited / creative.	Flyboot Iook really goo will make you for is the most income		
	2	The advertiser wants me to feel confident / smart / colourful .	The Watch Watch Makes your home a ci Everyone can watch.	nema. Professional, cinema-quality so	ound.
	3	The advertiser wants me to feel determined / imaginative / professional		yers of any age. d it really works.	

You'll learn how to play most modern music.

Working with words

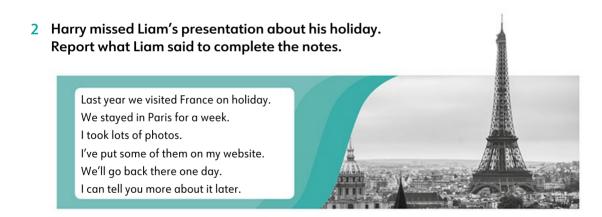
- 3 Underline the alliteration in the slogans.
 - 1 Take time, make memories.
 - 2 Don't just do it. Do it differently.
 - **3** Photography fun for all the family.
 - 4 Suncream to stay safe? Sure! Share with everyone!

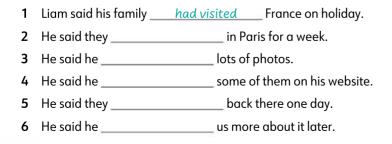
1 Read Ginny's message. Choose the best words to complete the sentences.



I read an interesting advert for a film yesterday. I saw it in a magazine. You'll enjoy this film! I've checked for reviews on social media. All the reviews have been good so far. I can't go to the cinema tomorrow. How about Friday?

1	Ginny said she _	an int	teresting adve	rt for a filn	n yesterday.
	A reads	B	had read	C	has read
2	She said she	_it in a m	nagazine.		
	A had seen	В	would see	C	has seen
3	She said we	the film.			
	A could enjoy	В	would enjoy	C	had enjoyed
4	She said she	for revie	ews on social r	nedia.	
	A to check	В	checks	С	had checked
5	She said all the re	views	good so fa	r.	
	A would be	В	had been	C	is
6	She said she	_to the c	inema tomorra	ow.	
	A couldn't go	В	hadn't gone	C	didn't go





L	esson 4 Language in us	se
1	6.2 Listen and choose	the correct question tags.
	a, will they?	
	b , was it?	
	c , did they?	
	d, didn't it?	
	e, hasn't it?	
	f, weren't they?	
	6.3 Listen again and cl	neck.
2	Complete the text with the	e correct question tags.
		Hi, Millie. I've just been telling Ben about that fantastic game
		we played last month – I think it was called Safari Zebra,
	The second second	1
		shopping centre, ² ? It was really good, but it
		wasn't expensive, ³ ? We loved it! The graphics
	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	were really impressive, ⁴ ? Mary and Louisa have
	(2000)	bought it too, ⁵ ? They're always copying us!
		We'll get Safari Zebra 2 when it comes out, ⁶ ?
		You're very quiet today, Millie. Am I talking too much?

Write sentences with the words and question tags. Write one more to ask a partner.









happy yesterday / was he?

lost / didn't she?

need / will we?

swimming / haven't they?

1	We won't need an umbrella, will we?
<u>'</u>	we won't need an amoretta, with we.
2	
3	
4	
_	

1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

Check out the newest and best shoes on the street ... the Torch Trainers!

You might think there's nothing new about trainers – it's all been done. Well, we have news for you: Torch Trainers are better than ANYTHING you've seen before!

Torch Trainers have special batteries powered by the sun. When it's dark outside, Torch Trainers light up to help you on your way. No more running back home when you see the sunset – Torch Trainers make it safe to run at night! But they're great for daytime exercise too. Put on our trainers, and you'll be ready to go any time of day – and every day!



These eye-catching trainers are made of leather and recycled rubber, and look fantastic. You can wear Torch Trainers in the rain, in the snow, in the sun and in the sand. They're light and come in five different colours, and they're not expensive. Read what people are saying about Torch Trainers, the newest and best shoes on the street:

'My trainers are brilliant. It's fantastic to run at night and feel safe' – Nina, 22

'An incredible invention - different to any trainers I've tried' - Harry, 19

- 1 What does the advert say about the trainers?
 - A) they're better than anything seen before
- B you've seen them before
- C there's nothing new about them
- 2 Why does the advert repeat the words 'newest and best on the street'?
 - A to persuade people to buy the trainers
- B to appeal to people who want to run
- C to make people read the advert twice

- 3 What materials are the Torch Trainers made from?
 - A leather and cotton
- B leather and rubber
- C leather and denim

- 4 How do the Torch Trainers work?
 - A They are operated by batteries.
- **B** They are operated by the weather.
- **C** They are operated by electricity.

- 5 Why are the Torch Trainers good for everyday wear?
 - A They are cheap and won't break.

feel safe.

- **B** They make runners
- C They can be used in all kinds of weather.

2 For each question, choose the correct answer.

			v film review a _l	-					
	Ello 1	Ella told us about a new film review app she had bought recently. She said that she 1had tried other apps before. They weren't well-designed so they weren't							
	2_								
	ln	this	app, the importar	nt inforn	nation stands o	ut ⁴		_ it is highligh	ted. For an
		app to really work, it needs to be 5 to use. A really good app always 6 and appeals to lots of buyers. The most realistic apps are the ones you use							
			day because they			ayers. The	e most realistic	upps are the	ones you use
_	1	Α	would buy	В	looked	(C)	had tried		
	2	Α	realisti c	В	effective	0	persuasive		
	3	Α	had	В	made	С	found		
	4	Α	because	В	so	С	but		
	5	Α	easy	В	clever	С	eye-catching		
	6	Α	stands out	В	highlights	С	presents		
Le	:55	on (6 Learning	to lea	rn				
	4	R	ead and compl	ete the	text on how	to orgo	ınise your stı	udy time.	
	c	han	ge effectively	laz	y phones	quiet	rewards	thinking	when
			organise your stuc			·		J	d vou
	wi	ll ha	ve more time avai	ilable fo	r family, friends	s and hob	bies. First, dec	ide ²	
			k. Fix a time and n ou have the equip					to work	. Make
	an	d vi	deo games. You co	an't lear	n properly if yo	u are ⁵ _		about other th	nings.
	Don't forget to arrange 6! Plan treats for yourself for working hard.								
	Remember: stick to your plan. Don't ⁷ things just because you feel a bit ⁸ or want to do something else.								
,	0	Ti	ck (✓) the poi	nts vou	could impro	ve. The	n choose a st	trateav fron	n Activity 1
			out.	nes you	could impro	ve. IIIe	ii ciioose a s	irategy iron	TACCIVICY T
	Wl	hen			Equipment		Re	ewards	
	Wl	here			Distractions				

Prepare to write

1 Read the advert and find examples of features 1-6 below.

	ad the devertenta find examples of reactives 1 obelow.	
)	Prize parties	•
1	Looking for fun, FUN, FUN? We've got everything you need	
	Birthday party? Wedding? Surprise party? You can trust us to help you. Just tell us what you're celebrating!	
	We have everything you need for an exciting party – including our extremely popular Sports heroes and Jungle themes!	
	We can provide:	
	* eye-catching decorations	
	* beautiful bright plates and cups * brilliant birthday cakes and candles	1
	Visit our impressive shop or our award-winning online store.	9
	Prize Parties • We put the prize in SUR PRISE !	

1	interesting or funny text	fun, FUN, FUN
2	adjectives to make the product appealing	
3	slogan	
4	'you', 'we', etc, to involve the reader	<u> </u>
5	alliteration	
6	bold / words in capital letters to highlight features	

2 Choose a product from Prize parties. Plan an advert and think about what information to include. Write notes.

Name of product:	
What it is:	
Adjectives to persuade the reader:	
Slogan:	
Ideas for 'you' / 'we' statements:	
Ideas for alliteration:	
Ideas for highlighting important information:	

Ready to write

3 Write your advert. Include a picture.

1

4 Read and check what you wrote in Activity 3. Tick (✓).

\sqcup	Is my advert i	nteresting and	/ or funny?
----------	----------------	----------------	-------------

Is my slogan effective?

Have I included persuasive adjectives?

Are punctuation, bold and capitals used effectively?

Have I used 'you' and 'we' to involve the reader?

5 Rewrite the advert in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 4 to improve your work.

1	Zoe	doesn't want to go	to the be	ach.	
2	8	likes bowling.			
3	·	thinks the submar	ine dive is	too expensive.	
4	• %	doesn't want to go	to the cin	ema.	
5	32	thinks indoor skyd	iving woul	d be exciting.	
6	·	suggests going to	the water	oark.	
-					
he	eck-up challenge				
ī	eck-up challenge	vords. Then write a			
ī	Inscramble the v	•	sentence	e using each word	d.
ι	Jnscramble the v	vords. Then write a	sentence	e using each word	d.
l 1	Jnscramble the v shragcpi _ tulmi-repyal _	yords. Then write a	sentence	e using each word	d.
լ 1 2	Jnscramble the v shragcpi tulmi-repyal dants tuo grainteetinn	yords. Then write a	sentence	using each wor	d.
1 2 3	Jnscramble the v shragcpi tulmi-repyal dants tuo grainteetinn craletiis	yords. Then write a	sentence	using each wor	d.
1 2 3	Jnscramble the v shragcpi tulmi-repyal dants tuo grainteetinn craletiis	graphics	sentence	using each wor	d.
1 2 3 4 5	Shragcpi - tulmi-repyal - dants tuo - grainteetinn - craletiis - vemirssipe -	graphics	sentence	using each wor	d.
1 2 3 4 5	Shragcpi - shragcpi - tulmi-repyal - dants tuo - grainteetinn - craletiis - vemirssipe -	graphics	sentence	using each word	d.
1 2 3 4 5	Jnscramble the v shragcpi tulmi-repyal dants tuo grainteetinn craletiis vemirssipe Complete the sen	graphics graphics utences with the cor	rect ques	stion tags. They weren't happ	d.
1 2 3 4 5 6	shragcpi - tulmi-repyal - dants tuo - grainteetinn - craletiis - vemirssipe - They didn't visit P	graphics graphics utences with the cor	rect ques	stion tags. They weren't happ	d.

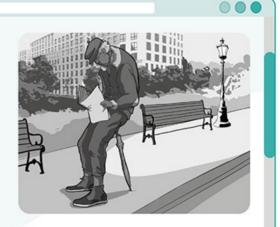
3 Write the review. Report Annie's points about the Umbrella seat.

Hi! It's Annie here. This week I've been looking at present ideas for grandparents. My top recommendation is the **Umbrella seat**. Keeps you dry, keeps you comfortable ...

She said she had tried it at the weekend.

- I tried it at the weekend.
- I went to a concert in the park.
- I enjoyed sitting on it!
- Grandparents will love it!
- They can use it in the rain.
- They can use it as a chair!
- I've given one to my grandpa!

See you later!



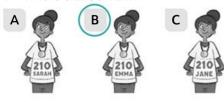
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
What I can do!			
Put a tick (\checkmark) or a cross (x) .			
understand persuasive techniques		identify and use alliteration	
report what someone said	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	write an advertisement	$\overline{\Box}$
use question tags to ask for confirmation		reach a decision about a class outing	
In this unit, my favourite activity is: _			
Something I did well:			_
			_
	_		

7 Winning ways

Lesson 1

Vocabulary

- 1 () 7.1 For each question, choose the correct answer.
 - 1 Who is Claire's mum?



3 What prizes did Laura win?



When do the friends have to enter the race by?



4 What was the weather like during the marathon?



- 2 Circle the words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 She felt very **tough** / **proud** of her friend for winning the race.
 - 2 It's difficult to win a competition if you don't prize / practise.
 - 3 She was calm / tough because she rehearsed her dance for months.
 - 4 Did you **enter / prepare** the Glee Club competition this year?
 - **5** He won the **prize** / **marathon** in last year's Spelling Bee.
 - 6 How would you persevere / prepare for a marathon in a wet country?
 - 7 Don't give up! You must **prepare** / **persevere**!
 - 8 The best runners can complete a marathon / medal in about two hours.
 - **9** If you try hard, you can **persevere** / **achieve** anything.
 - 10 I think extreme sports are **mental** / **tough** because you have to be very, very fit.

Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

1	Re	ad the text	t on Pupil's Book po	ages 82-83 agair	. Complete th	e sentences.
	1	The Marath	on des Sables is the _	toughest I	ace in the world	
	2	Eleven	childr	ren enter the Nation	al Spelling Bee ir	n the USA.
	3	You need to	learn five	for the Na	tional Glee Club	Competition.
	4	The winner	of the National Spellir	ng Bee wins a	of	f about \$50,000.
	5	The Marath	on des Sables is run ac	cross the	Deser	t.
	6		teams enter	ed the National Glee	e Club Competiti	on.
2	Fir	nd and corr	rect the mistake in	each sentence.		
	1	Leo learnt 5	0 new words every da	y for a month	20	
	2	Chloe rehec	arsed every Friday fron	n 5 o'clock to 6.30		_
	3	Diego carrie	ed medicine for insect	bites during the Mai	rathon des Sable	S
	4	Some simple	e words in Spanish ha	ve the same sound b	out different spel	ling.
	5	The Marath	on des Sables is run in	five days		
	6	Glee groups	s from the all over the n.	•		Club
W	orl	king with v	words			
3	Ur	nscramble t	the words to find th	ne hidden nouns (and adjectives	.
	1	kradsnes	darkness	dark		
	2	snselli	i			
	3	ogdossen	g			
	4	ensszali				
	5	stenfis	f	_		
	6	ghtouessn	t			

1 Tick (✓) if the reported question is correct or cross (x) if it isn't.



	1	'How long is the race?' John asked her how long was the race.
	2	'Who can enter the race?' He asked her who could enter the race.
	3	'Where are the runners?' He asked her where the runners were.
	4	'When do you train?' He asked her when did she train.
	5	'What do you need to do?' He asked her what she did need to do.
	6	'How fit is Kim?' He asked her how fit Kim was.
	7	'Why can't you eat before a race?' He asked her why couldn't she eat before a race.
2	Re	ewrite the incorrect sentences in Activity 1.
	1	John asked her how long the race was.
	2	
	3	
	4	
3		ragine you interviewed a sports star. Write two more questions. en report what you asked and what he / she replied. 'How often do you practise?' 4
	2	'How often do you practise?' 'What are you most proud of achieving?' 5
	3	what are you most proud or achieving: 5
	,	'What do you want to do in the future?'
	1	'What do you want to do in the future?' Q: Lasked him how o ten he practised.
		'What do you want to do in the future?'
		'What do you want to do in the future?' Q: Lasked him how o ten he practised.
	1	'What do you want to do in the future?' Q: Lasked him how o ten he practised. A: He said he practised every day.
	1	'What do you want to do in the future?' Q: Lasked him how o ten he practised. A: He said he practised every day. Q:
	1	'What do you want to do in the future?' Q: Lasked him how o ten he practised. A: He said he practised every day. Q:
	1	'What do you want to do in the future?' Q: Lasked him how o ten he practised. A: He said he practised every day. Q:
	1 2 3	'What do you want to do in the future?' Q:
	1 2 3	'What do you want to do in the future?' Q: Lasked him how o ten he practised. A: He said he practised every day. Q:

Lesson 4 Language in use

1 Circle the correct words to complete the reported	ed speech.
---	------------

1 'Can you do capoeira?' He asked if I **could** / **can** do capoeira.

2 'Is it a mixture of sport and dance?' He asked **if** / **that** it was a mixture of sport and dance.

3 'Do you have to be athletic?' He asked if **I** / **he** had to be athletic.

4 'Is it old or modern?' He asked whether it **was / were** old or modern.

5 'Are you good at acrobatics?' He asked if **you were / I** was good at acrobatics.

6 'Can I join the team?' He asked if he **can / could** join the team.

2 Complete the reported questions.

Henry asked ...

1 'Is taekwondo a martial art?' if taekwondo <u>was a martial art</u>.

2 'Can we try skiing?' if we _____.

3 'Are the Olympics every four years? ______ every four years.

4 'Is judo an old or a modern sport?' _____ an old or a modern sport.

5 'Do you have to be fit to play handball?' if you ______ to play handball.

6 'Is canoeing a popular sport on TV?' _____ a popular sport on TV.

3 🚺 7.2 Listen and report the questions that Lily asked Fred.

Lily asked Fred ...

1 <u>if he was going</u>	to training.
--------------------------	--------------

2 ______ every day.

3 _____ win this year.

4 ______ to his matches.

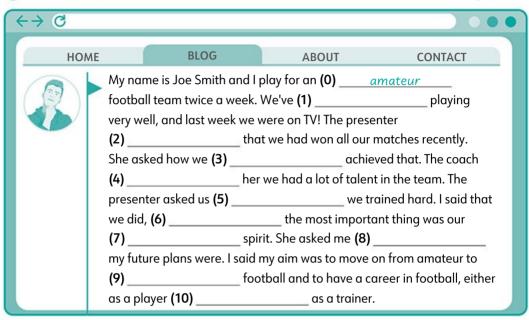
5 _____ an Olympic sport.

6 ______ in any other sports.



Lesson 5 Exam practice

1 For each question, write the correct answer. Write one word for each gap.



- 2 You are going to sports training with your friend Sam tomorrow. Write an email to Sam.
 - Say: what time you want to meet
 - what activity you want to do first
 - what you would like Sam to bring for snacks to eat

Write 25 words or more.

То:		
		SEND

Lesson 6 / Learning to learn

1 Sircle the correct words to complete the text.



Take notes on a talk

When you're listening, 1 **try** /**don't try** to write down everything you hear. Read the activity questions first and think about what information will be 2 **important** / **easy** to listen for.

As you listen, make ³ **short** / **long** notes about the main ideas. Write them in ⁴ **lists** / **graphics** with bullet points or numbers. Show the most ⁵ **interesting** / **important** words by underlining or highlighting them. You can also use ⁶ **arrows** / **bullet points** to show connected ideas.

I want to find out ...

- 1 what it's like -
- 2 when
- 3 who
- 4 how many
- **5** why
- **6** where
- 7 how often
- 8 how much

so I need to listen for ...

- a people and / or names
- **b** expressions of frequency
- **c** numbers
- d adjectives
- **e** prices
- f places
- **q** words like 'because' and 'so'
- h times and dates

Prepare to write

1 Read the plan for a personal account about a new activity. Circle the ideas you like or add your own ideas.

Name of activity: <u>Extreme Zip-line</u>
What happens
First, Easy Zip-line. Where? in the park / in the forest /by the beach Good way to have fun / build your confidence /
Then Extreme Zip-line. Where? at the top of a mountain / building / Get there by cable car / bus /
Safety
Equipment: put on helmet / harness / Clothes: have to wear warm clothes / gloves / Mustn't wear flip-flops / shorts / Rules: take off necklaces / rings /
Before
Guide prepares by attaching you to wire / giving safety talk / Get ready: check pockets empty / switch on camera on helmet /
During
What happened: drop very fast / fly through air / What I did: scream loudly / wave / How I felt: as fast as an eagle / as scared as a mouse /
After
My body: legs shake / heart beat fast /
Opinion
At first it felt terrifying / horrible /
Then it was amazing / awesome /
I would do it again / never do it again /

Ready to write

Use the notes to write a personal account of your experience.

On Saturday I tried the Extreme Zip-line for the first time.	7

3

\sqcup	Did I use the notes to give my report a clear structure?

- Have I expressed how I felt in an interesting way?
- Are the verbs in the correct tenses?
- Is the spelling correct?
- Did I use correct punctuation?

Rewrite the personal account in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 3 to improve your work.

Lesson 7 / Functional language

1 🕠 7.3 Listen to the questions and match them to the answers.

- You could try the Saturday morning class,
 which is a mixture of gymnastics and acrobatics.
 It's not competitive and it's a lot of fun!
- **b** It's an hour, every Sunday at 11.00.
- c How about 'Bend it, Shake it'? That's gymnastics done to music. It's particularly good for improving your fitness and balance. I'd recommend that one.
- **d** On Monday evenings, you can train to take part in the Gymnastics Medal Challenge.
- e No we supply everything.



marathon

Check-up challenge

1 Find and correct the incorrect word in each sentence.

achieve balance career competitive flexibility injured marathon martial art mixture strength

- 1 I'm training to run in a programme.
- 2 If you do your best, you can be proud of what you enter.
- **3** To be good at acrobatics, you need lots of athletic.
- 4 The leopard couldn't run fast because it was tough.
- 5 You need a talent of mental strength and physical fitness to do endurance events.
- **6** To be successful in their sport, professional players need to be very proud.
- 7 Her team spirit as a tennis player ended when she broke her arm.
- 8 I lost my strength in gym class and fell over.
- 9 Capoeira is my favourite marathon.
- 10 Spinning helps you build flexibility.

2 Underline the questions that use *if I whether* when they are reported.

- 1 <u>Is team spirit important?</u>
- **2** When do the runners have to arrive?
- **3** Are most of the runners from Europe?
- 4 Where does the race start?
- **5** Why can't your team win more races?
- **6** Does everyone have to be over 18?
- 7 Can you try harder?
- 8 How tough is the training?



3 Write the questions in Activity 2 as reported questions.

ın	ey asked nim
1	<u>if team spirit was important.</u>
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
•	
8	

What I can do!	
Put a tick (✓) or a cross (×). understand important details in a text report what someone asked report questions with if and whether	Use the suffix -ness write a personal account from notes ask for information about classes
In this unit, my favourite activity is: Something I did well: Something I could improve:	

8 In cyberspace

Lesson 1

Vocabulary

1 Read the definitions and write the words.

- 1 a kind of social media that lets you talk to others
- 2 describes something that you can't trust
- 3 something you use to log on to certain websites
- 4 the imagined place where internet communication takes place
- 5 controls that allow you to choose who sees your personal information
- 6 someone you don't know
- 7 something that damages files on your computer
- 8 to remove or get rid of
- 9 a file that is sent with an email
- 10 to get into someone's computer without permission

\bigcirc 8.1 Listen and write T (True) or F (False).

- 1 The lesson is about danger online.
- 2 You should tell your friends if a stranger tries to contact you.
- **3** Daisy keeps her information private.
- 4 Tell a friend your password if you think you might forget it.
- 5 It's a good idea to visit some chat rooms with your parents.
- 6 Daisy and Charlie's parents look at what they have on their phones.
- 7 Someone tried to hack into Daisy's phone.
- 8 Daisy didn't delete the attachment, so her phone got a virus.

_	b	_	+	_	10	10
L	rı	ш	L	a	μ	$\boldsymbol{\rho}$

s_____

P----

c_____

p_____s___s

s_____

v____

u_____

α_____

h____



Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

- 1 Read the text on Pupil's Book pages 96–97 again. Match to summarise the text.
 - 1 You should never arrange
 - 2 You mustn't open
 - 3 Always be suspicious
 - 4 Your personal information can be used
 - **5** Passwords need to be secret and

- a of prizes you didn't try to win.
- **b** to meet someone you met online.
- c shouldn't be easy to guess.
- **d** to hack into your online accounts.
- e attachments if they might not be safe.
- 2 Read the first two sections of the text again and find the underlined words. Use the context to work out their meaning and circle to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Social media sites often have a <u>minimum</u> age of 13.
 - To use these sites, you need to be more than 13 / exactly 13 / at least 13.
 - 2 Here's some information that will help you be safe in <u>cyberspace</u>.
 The information will help you when you are on the internet / public transport / your phone.
 - 3 So, why would you do it in a <u>chat app?</u>
 Don't share your information **on the street / in an email / on social media**.
 - 4 You wouldn't talk to <u>strangers</u> in the street don't talk to them in cyberspace either. You shouldn't talk to <u>anyone</u> / <u>people you don't know</u> / <u>your family</u> in cyberspace.
 - 5 It might be a virus, which could break your computer, and steal or <u>delete</u> the information on it. A virus could **remove / copy / share** the information it finds on your computer.

Working with words

3 Read the pairs of definitions and write the homonyms.

t	ablet	virus	character	monitor	mouse
1	somet feel ill	hing that	makes people	-	virus
2		on who ch properly	ecks things are		
3	a smal	l, grey anir	mal with a long t	tail	
4	a lette	r, number o	or symbol		
5	a kind	of medici	ne		

Read and circle the correct forms.

Last night something suspicious happened at our school ...

- Our computers hacked / were hacked.
- My password was stolen / were stolen. 2
- The privacy settings weren't changed / changed.
- No strangers **seen / were seen** near the computer room. 4
- Lots of information was deleted / were deleted.
- A virus **sent / was sent** as an attachment.
- My files wasn't copied / weren't copied.



Complete the text with the correct forms of the passive.

My friends Sam and Luke are g	ood at running. They ¹ _	were asked	(ask) to use their		
talent to help a local charity. A	race ²	(organise) to raise money for the			
charity. I ³	$_{ t }$ (not inspire) to run with	them, but I really	wanted to be involved.		
I realised that a way of collecting	ng the money ⁴	(need	d), so I designed a website.		
It told everyone about Sam and	d Luke and the charity. Pe	eople ⁵	(encourage)		
to get involved by donating ma	oney, and they ⁶	(sho	w) how to do it		
easily on the website. Lots of m	noney ⁷	(raise)! Sam (and Luke		
8 (suppor	t) by all their friends at th	e race too!			

- Read the advertisement for a holiday. Imagine you stayed at the hotel, but it wasn't good. Write about what happened.
 - Our rooms / never clean 1
 - The food / not cook / well 2
 - The games room / close / in the evenings
 - Children / not allow / to use the pool
 - The activities / not organise / well

Five-star family holidays at a top hotel

- great rooms
- delicious food
- swimming pool
- fun games room
- outdoor activities



1	Our	rooms	were	never	cleaned.

2

5

Lesson 4 Language in use

1	Circle and	l match	aach	modal	to its u	60
	Circle and	ı matcn	eacn	moaaı	to its u	Se.

- 1 I might change my password. ——
- 2 I may not upload the photos today.
- 3 I could type when I was five.
- 4 I couldn't download the app yesterday.
- 5 It must be a virus.
- 6 This can't be the correct username.

- **a** present deduction (negative)
- **b** past ability (negative)
- **c** future possibility (affirmative)
- **d** past ability (affirmative)
- **e** future possibility (negative)
- **f** present deduction (affirmative)

2 🚺 8.2 Listen and write one word.

- 1 Lily <u>might</u> be able to help Jack.
- 2 Jack _____log in to a website this morning.
- 3 Lily thinks his password ______ be wrong.
- 4 She thinks there ______ be a problem with the website.
- 5 She ______ log in yesterday.



3 Complete the sentences with your own ideas and the appropriate modals.

must	may / may not	could / couldn't	might / might not	cantbe		
Past abi	ility					
When I v	was five, I <u>couldn'</u>	<u>t play baseball</u> , bi	ut l			
When I v	was at kindergarten,	I	, but I			
Future p	oossibility					
When I le	eave school, I		, but I			
When I g	go on holiday, I		, but I			
Present	deduction					
lt isn't wo	orking. It		, but it			
Mum's n	at at hama Sha		but sho			

Lesson 5 Exam practice

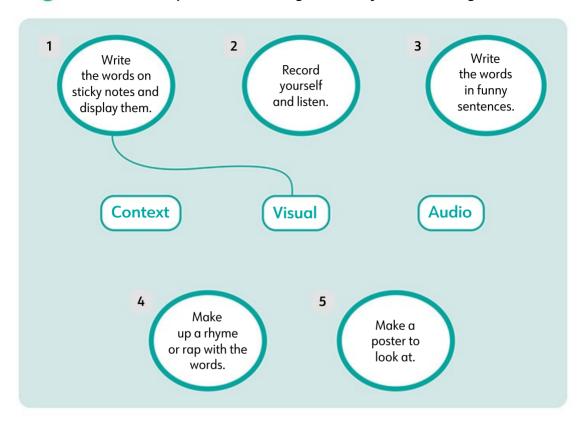
1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

Cyberbullying

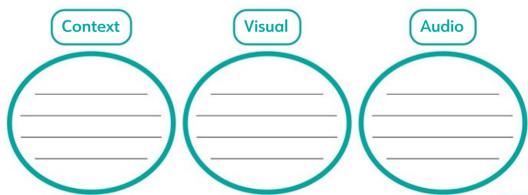
		•				
1	Α	emails	В	rumours	С	jokes
2	Α	have	В	give	C	say
3	Α	was	В	is	C	has
4	Α	presents	В	secrets	C	messages
5	Α	forwarded	В	downloaded	C	hacked
6	Α	rehearse	В	ignore	C	explain
7	Α	may	В	might	C	must
8	Α	secrets	В	passwords	C	lies
9	Α	give	В	share	C	make
10	Α	victim	В	user	C	creator

Lesson 6 / Learning to learn

1 🚱 Match the techniques for memorising vocabulary to the headings.



2 Add one more technique for each heading below. Choose two new techniques to help you learn the vocabulary in Unit 9.



Prepare to write

1 Match the sentences to the features of a report.

	fact	heading	quote	reference to support a fact	subheading	
1	E-rec	ıders			h	neading
2	Whe	n did they be	come popu			
3	In 20	12, global sa	les of the e			
4	A rep	ort found the	at people v	vere reading e-books on laptops		
5	'In th	e future, mor	e people v	vill buy e-books than books.′		

Read the notes about mobile phone technology. Number the paragraphs in the correct order.

The history of mobile phone technology
1992 – cheaper and lighter phones available (around £1000)
1992 – first text message sent / 2000 – first camera phone sold
1999 – first phone with GPS (global positioning system) map technology sold in Europe
2007 – iPhone released by Apple – looked good, easy to use, played music, used 'touch' screen
2009 – Motorola releases first phone with Google Maps, WhatsApp created
2011 – Apple releases FaceTime app for video calls on iPhones
1983 – first mobile phone for general use released by Motorola / large and expensive (around £2700)
– not many sold / people amazed / stopped to look when saw owners making calls
mobiles now smartphones – music, camera, upload files, send group texts and video calls, use chat
apps, online banking and ticket booking / Nick Sanderson called them 'cyberspace in your pocket' /
have changed the way we live / leaving home without phone is like
introduction / today we all use mobile phones / easy to communicate with family and friends /
mobile phones have been around since 1983 / fascinating history

	1	the	e he	ading									4	a reference
	2	a s	subh	eadir	g						_		5	a quote
	3	a f	act								_			
Re	: ac	ly t	to v	vrite										
4	W	rite	e a i	repoi	t ab	out	the l	histo	ory c	of m	obi	le p	hc	ones. Remember to use subheadings.
	4													
	<	,	-											
	٩.	•	-											
	5	•	1 _											
)	ş —											
	2	•	-											
	<	,												
	4	•	:-											
	S	•	_											
	>	•	1 -											
	2	•	-											
	<	,	-											
	4	•												
	-													
5	Re	ead	an	d che	eck v	vhat	you	wro	ote i	n Ad	ctiv	ity 4	4. T	Γick (√).
) D	id I	use su	itabl	e sub	head	dings	?					Did I use the passive voice correctly?
) D	id I	orgar	ise th	e inf	ormo	ation	in po	aragi	rapl	ns?		Is the spelling correct?
) D	id I	incluc	e all	the f	eatur	es of	f a re	port	?			
6			ite wo		epor	t in y	your	not	ebo	ok.	Use	e th	e p	points in Activity 5 to improve

Lesson 7 / Functional language

1 🚭 🔘 8.3 For each question, write the correct answer in the gap.

Write one word or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear a computer shop assistant talking to a customer.

Cyberhelpers

Type of computer: <u>Merlin 5</u>

Problem started: last (1)

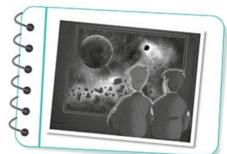
Attachment name: (2) ____ Me

Description of problem: (3) _____ some files,

blocked access to internet

Day and time: tomorrow at (4) _____

Customer name: (5) _____ Brown



Check-up challenge

1 Complete the text with the correct words.

Block bullies cyberspace links password privacy settings rumours upload

¹ Cyberspace can be a dangerous place if you're not careful.

² _____ communications from people who make you feel bad or who share

3_____.

Email from someone you don't know? Don't open any attachments or 4

Report ⁵ ! Don't ignore nasty messages.

Share only with your friends – use ⁶ ______ to control your information.

Always keep your ⁷ _____secret.

Funny now – but embarrassing later? Be careful what you ⁸_____.

Easy if you remember all the rules!

Stay CYBERSAFE!

2	Underline the verbs. Then write A (activ	e verb) or P (passive verb).
	1 They <u>used</u> a false username.	6 They ignored the nasty rumours.
	2 The virus was sent as an attachment.	7 It was played by many kids.
	3 The files were deleted accidentally.	8 Someone changed her privacy
	4 They uploaded the photos.	settings.
	5 They stole my password.	9 Somebody hacked my computer.
3	Rewrite the active sentences in Activity	2 as passive sentences.
	1 A false username was used.	4
	2	5
	3	6
	fast and swim well when he was only five, but he ride a bike. He was scared and he fell off a lot. In now he's a professional cyclist. He's racing toda 3 couldn't / might not win, he 4 must / may fine The race started an hour ago and I'm waiting at Here they come! I can see red – Dan's helmet is 5 can't / might be him at the front. COME ON, believe it! It 6 can't / can be true. But it is! Dan's	But he persevered and any and although he aish in the first three. It the finishing line. Is red. That DAN! Oh! I don't
	What I can do! Put a tick (✓) or a cross (×). read a text for detailed understanding talk about events and processes in	understand and use homonyms write a research report
	the past use modal verbs to discuss a situation	express certainty and uncertainty
	In this unit, my favourite activity is:	
ı	Something I did well:	
	Something I could improve:	

9 Fun with films

	107	
Lesson 1	Vocabule	ary

1	Ur	nscramble the words to complete th	ne s	sentences.					
	1	Cinderella is the best fantasy and croname film I've seen this year.							
	2	I enjoyed the new film, but I wanted to se	ee r	nore ntacio					
	3	I didn't like the characters, but the tlop _		was re	ally int	eresing.			
	4	This nevriso of <i>Cine</i>	der	ella is my favourite.					
	5	The actor who plays the hero is ognutdo	ınst	i					
	6	Avatar is a censcei onifcit		film.					
	7	Some of the actors in the atsc		weren't profess	ional.				
	8	The explorers want to hrsace		the rainforest fo	r a nev	species of bird.			
	9	Avatar is set in a ytaansf		world.					
	10	The actors were dressed in historical soc	set	mu					
2		9.1 For each question, choos trah talking with her friend William.							
	Pe	ople	Ту	pe of film					
	1	William	Α	adventure	Ε	fantasy			
	2	Uncle Richard	В	science fiction	F	cartoon			
	3	Sarah	C	crime	G	action			
	4	Oliver	D	romance	Н	a new version			
	5	Katy							
3	Co	omplete the text with words from A	ctiv	rity 1.					
	Of	ten when a book is made into a film, the $^{ m 1}$	_	<u>plot</u> is cho	anged,	but the film			
	2_	of The Lord of the Rin	gs s	stays very close to the bo	ooks by	JRR Tolkien. The			
	3 _	is designed to show a	ı far	ntasy world called Middl	e-eartl	n, where a group of			
	frie	ends called the Fellowship try to stop peop	ple	getting a ring and using	it to w	in power. There is a			
	lar	ge ⁴ of actors dresse	ed ir	n amazing ⁵		And the special			
	۵ff	osts are 6							

Lesson 2 / Reading comprehension

- Read the reviews on Pupil's Book pages 108-109 again. Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - Cinderella is a romantic fantasy/ fantasy adventure film. 1
 - Ella's family are / aren't nice to her. 2
 - The Cinderella reviewer is impressed by the **plot** / **actors**.
 - The reviewer recommends the film to people who prefer a traditional / modern version of the story.
 - In Avatar, the Na'vi live on a **peaceful / dark** planet.
 - The people on Earth sent **technology** / **a rocket** to Pandora.
 - Jake and his family move from the **moon** / **forest** to the sea.
 - Avatar uses outstanding special effects / costumes.



1	The costumes in <i>Cinderella</i> are fantastic.	✓	4	James Cameron had the idea for the first <i>Avatar</i> film in 1994.	
2	The main character is called Ella.		5	Avatar is a science fiction film.	
3	The film is an old story, but it's done very well.		6	The film is complicated and a little difficult to understand.	
or	king with words				

W

4

Unscramble the verbs and write the nouns.

1	llttsuirae	illustrate	illustration	4	mmrecoend			
2	inormf			5	pesrent			
3	amigine			6	cosnevre			
Cł	Choose four nouns from Activity 3 and write a sentence with them.							

3

1 \bigcirc 9.2 Listen and tick (\checkmark) or cross (\times).

1 paint scenery	×
2 write script	
3 tell actors what to do	
4 deliver costumes	
5 set up lights	
6 sell tickets	



2 Order the words to make sentences.

1 version / the / first / changed / has / been
2 in / the / has / shown / the / USA / film / been
3 been / the / chosen / hasn't / yet / cast
4 sets / the / been / designed / have
5 has / a / been / script / written / great
6 yet / special / created / effects / been / haven't / the

3 Imagine you're planning a film party. Write sentences about what has and hasn't been done.

1	check the equipment $\mathbf x$	The equipment hasn't been checked.
2	prepare the food \checkmark	
3	pour the drinks x	
4	organise music 🗸	
5	invite everyone 🗸	
6	decorate the classroom \mathbf{x}	
7	choose the films \checkmark	

Lesson 4 Language in use

Q	9.3 Listen and complete the sentences.	
1	The film will be directed	_ by Joel Matherson.
2	The plot	on the first film.
3	The costumes	by a famous designer.
4	The cast	_ in January.
5	The release date	until May. BRACELET
	omplete the text with the future passive for e just read a review which predicts that The Queen	
mo kn	ost exciting film this year. It looks like the perfect cr ow if it ¹ <u>will be solved</u> (solve) or whether th (find). At the start, the detective It no one has the bracelet. Then the queen receives	ime We really don't e thief ve interviews lots of suspects, a message from the thief.
	rself.' The detective doesn't want the queen to go.	est. The queen must come and get it The queen becomes angry and shouts,
	ut you ⁵ (capture) by the thief, e detective pretends to be the queen – and meets	
	her surprise, the thief is a young girl who works in a e bracelet – she only wanted to speak to the queen	
	nd now I ⁶ (not allow) to stay,' seen about the girl, and she promises that the fami	she says sadly. But the detective tells the ly 7 (help).
	rite about a film you would like to make. Usetails of these features:	se the future passive to give
(announcing of cast release date
	I'm going to make a film about	
1	It will be directed by	
2		
3		
4		
_		

1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

Meet the dinosaurs - again

Jurassic World is the mo	st successful film in the series that	71/2
(0) began	with <i>Jurassic Park</i> in 1993. These	
films are set in a theme	park where dinosaurs	
(1)	brought back to life. The plots of	STATE OF
the first two films were I	pased (2) books	23 1
by Michael Crichton, bu	t new scripts have been	
(3)	for all the films since then.	- 77
In <i>Jurassic World</i> , two b	rothers, Zach and Gray, are visiting	3///
(4)	theme park when the most	
dangerous dinosaur esc	apes. Will they	Jurassa Wass N
(5)	_attacked by this terrifying animal?	2-16/10/10
We're (6)	they won't, but it's still	N THEATERS (P.S. (S) AND IMAX S
exciting!		
The film (7)	announced in 2004, but the	studio took 10 years
to revise the script and s	start filming. Since its release, it (8)	
enjoyed by millions of p	eople and it is one of the most success	ful films of all time.

-		1	۱_
Exa	m	ρı	e

0	Α	is beginning	В	has begun	C) began
1	Α	been	В	have been	C	have
2	Α	on	В	of	C	by
3	Α	written	В	wrote	C	write
4	Α	in the	В	α	C	the
5	Α	been	В	being	C	be
6	Α	expect	В	sure	C	hope
7	Α	was	В	has	C	has been
8	Α	had been	В	has been	C	is

Lesson 6 Learning to learn

ı	4	Tick (\checkmark) the sentences with	n good a	dvic	e for working together effect	ively.
	1	Make suggestions.	✓	6	Tell other people what to do.	
	2	Explain your ideas clearly and persuasively.		7	Ask questions.	
	3	Tell people if they are bad at something.		8	Make everyone talk.	
	4	Encourage everyone to share their ideas.		9	Disagree with other people.	
	5	Recognise what people are good at.		10	Listen carefully and appreciate others' ideas.	



Matt



I know a lot more about this topic than anyone else in the group. So I told everyone exactly what they had to do. Paul was in our group – he's too quiet, so I said he should just read his book.

Georgia



We started by getting ideas from everyone. Sam couldn't think of one at first, but I reminded him of the project we did last week and then he had lots! We chose the best ideas and each person did what they were best at.

More effective team member	:	
Advice for	:_	
	AA.	

Prepare to write

	Tick (✓) the features you would find in a film review.						
	1	type of film	✓	6	description of the main character	s 🗌	
	2	what the reviewer didn't like	7	7	who directed the film		
	3	how much the tickets cost		8	who else has seen the film		
	4	where you can see the film		9	description of the setting		
	5	summary of the plot	10)	what the reviewer liked		
2	Re	ead the film review notes.	. Then write the o	ch	aracters.		
		Title: Matilda					
		Type of film: comedy, adve	nture, fantasy				
		Director: Danny DeVito					
		Main character: little girl co	alled Matilda Worm	nw	ood /	0	
		played by Mara Wilson				m. 48	
	25	Setting: a small town in the	USA				
	Plot: Matilda is very clever and nice / parents not nice - don't look after her / goes to						
		school – lovely teacher (Mis	s Honey) but evil he	ea	d teacher (Miss Trunchbull) –		
	1	children all scared / Matildo	a very brave – plays	tr	icks on Miss Trunchbull – makes th	e	
		children cheerful again / M	atilda has clever pla	an	- with help of whole school, gets r	id	
		of Miss Trunchbull / Matildo	a's family run away <i>i</i>	/ /	Natilda stays and lives with Miss Ho	oney	
	Good points: Matilda very special - you will love her / the script is very						
	entertaining / lots of funny events / in the end, good stops evil						
	Not so good: original book by Roald Dahl is better / sometimes a little scary						
		Rating:★★★☆					
	Go	ood characters <u>Mat</u>	tilda				
	Bad characters						

Ready to write

3 Use the notes in Activity 2 to write a review of Matilda.

+ + 0	000
-	
-	
-	
1	
<u> </u>	
9	
4	
-	
-	
-	

- 4 Read and check what you wrote in Activity 3. Tick (\checkmark).
 - Did I organise the information in paragraphs?
 - Did I include interesting adjectives?
 - Did I express the opinions clearly?
 - Is the punctuation correct?
 - Did I use linking words like who, and and but?
- 5 Rewrite the review in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 4 to improve your work.

1 Circle the correct words to complete the text.



'I'd like to tell you about *Finding Nemo*,

1 an animation / a version about sea creatures.

The film is 2 set / made in the sea around Australia.

When you watch it, you will be taken underwater.

The 3 main / important characters are two fish –

Marlin and his friend, Dory.

The ⁴ **plot** / **set** is exciting. Marlin worries about his son Nemo and tries to protect him too much. Nemo swims away and is captured by a diver. Then he is ⁵ **lost** / **taken** to a dentist's office in Sydney as a pet. Marlin and Dory go to look for Nemo and have many adventures along the way.

My favourite ⁶ **character** / **cast** is Dory because she's very funny. She's always forgetting things. My favourite ⁷ **script** / **scene** is where Nemo and his father meet again. Marlin looks so happy, it's really lovely.

I'd 8 release / recommend this film because it's exciting and it makes you realise how important friends and family are.'

Check-up challenge

1 Read the definitions and write the words.

1	the person on a film set who tells the actors what to do	d <u>irector</u>
2	a 3D image made by light	h
3	the place where films are made	S
4	unhappy or angry because someone has something that you don't have	j
5	the people who watch a film, TV programme or play	α
6	excellent, better than others	0
7	the main events of a film or book	p
8	to make a statement for everyone to hear or read	α
9	the clothes worn by actors in a film or play	c
0	the words of a play or film	S

2 Complete the table.

present	present passive	present perfect passive	future passive	
does writes	is written	has been made		
			will be chosen	Ļ

3 Use the prompts to write the zookeeper's notes. Use the present perfect passive or future passive.

	\ \ \ =	has been done L = will l	pe do	me later
	1	feed the lions	✓	The lions have been fed.
J	2	clean the monkeys' cage	L	The monkeys' cage will be cleaned later.
	3	brush the crocodile's teeth	✓	
Z	4	give the rhino its medicine	✓	
	5	wake up the owls	L	
	6	put the bear cub to bed	L	
//,	7	catch the kangaroo	✓	
	8	find the lizards	L	

What I can do!		
Put a tick (✓) or a cross (×). recognise a writer's opinion talk about what has / hasn't been done talk about film-making processes	make and use words with the suffix -ation write a film review give a talk about a film	
In this unit, my favourite activity is: Something I did well: Something I could improve:		

10 A brighter future

Lesson 1 / Vocabulary

- 1 Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 (Young people) / public speakers can make the world a better place.
 - 2 Take a deep **brain** / **breath** before you start speaking.
 - 3 She can show you how to not be a nervous **speaker / teacher**.
 - 4 Param Jaggi's invention fights traffic / pollution.
 - 5 I think everyone can make a difference / invent something important to the world.
 - 6 Actors are usually very good at **public** / **English** speaking.
 - 7 Children's thoughts / brains are growing before the age of five.
 - 8 The Algae Mobile turns pollution into oxygen / water.
 - 9 One good idea is to practise your talk in front of a door / mirror.
 - 10 Many people are **anxious** / **excited** about speaking to lots of people.

2 🥶 🚺 10.1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

- You will hear a girl, Julia, talking with her dad. How does she feel?
 - A worried
 - **B** sad
 - **C** scared
- You will hear a teacher talking to her class about their homework. What does she want them to do?
 - A complete it quickly
 - B choose how they want to do it
 - C ask their parents to see her if they can't do it
- 3 You will hear two friends talking. What have they just done?
 - A They've been for lunch.
 - B They've done a sport.
 - **C** They've been to a concert.



- 4 You will hear two friends talking about a journey to school. Why didn't Hugo cycle?
 - A There's too much pollution.
 - B It's too far.
 - C The weather was bad.
- 5 You will hear two friends talking about homework. What subject are they studying?
 - A English
 - **B** art
 - C maths

Lesson 2 Reading comprehension

1	Read the texts on Pu	pil's Book pages	122-123 again.	Match to make sentences.
		p p	,	

- 1 TED talks are short videos —
- 2 Param Jaggi's invention uses plants
- 3 Molly Wright believes that playing a game with a child
- 4 The Algae Mobile was made
- **5** Keep your talk to no more
- **6** You should practise your talk

- **a** to fight pollution from cars.
- **b** that talk about important things.
- **c** two or three times if you can.
- **d** than 10 minutes.
- e in a factory and won prizes.
- f could change the world.

2 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

	anxious	brains	company	difference	funny	idea	objects	
1	Many pe	ople are _	anxi	ous	_about pub	olic speak	ing.	
2	Write do	wn one big			and thr	ee smalle	er ones for y	our talk.
3	It's impo	rtant to pla	y with childrei	n because thei	r			_are growing.
4	We can all make a			_ if we sho	_ if we share our ideas.			
5	Param Jo	aggi now h	as his own					
6	Taking _			with you	to your talk	can help	you explair	n your ideas.
7	Finish yo	ur talk with	a joke or			_ idea if y	ou can.	

Working with words

3 Order the words to write similes.

- 1 as / as / bird / free /a as free as a bird
 2 giraffe / as / tall / a / as
 3 like / her / is / sunshine / smile
 4 a / hungry / as / as / horse
- 4 Match the adjectives and nouns. Then write a simile with each pair.

bright	col	d ho	t sour
fire	ice	star	lemon

as b	<u>right as</u>	<u>a star</u>	
			_

- 1 Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 If I(had) / have my teacher's number, I'd ring her.
 - 2 If she didn't work so hard, **she'd fail / she failed** her exams.
 - 3 School was / would be more fun if we did more sport.
 - 4 Sam wouldn't be happy if he **moved** / **would move** to another school.
 - 5 If our class tidied / didn't tidy the playground, it wouldn't be such a nice place.

In our class, we've been thinking about which charities it is important to support.

- 6 The school would be a better place if more people will volunteer / volunteered.
- 7 If you would be / were more careful, you wouldn't spill things.
- 8 I'd visit / I visited New York if I lived in the USA.
- 2 Complete the text.

funding.

This is who	at we discussed:		
Health	If scientists 1	didn't research	(research) medicines, more people
	would catch dis	eases.	
	We ²	(develop) more inventions if there was more

Animals If we protected more endangered species, fewer animals

(become) extinct. Animal habitats would be safer if we

_____(get rid of) pollution.

Education If we ⁵ _____ (give) everyone the chance to learn, more people would find jobs.

people would into jobs.

We ⁶ _____ (inspire) more people if we shared our vision.

Old people If we organised visits, old people ⁷ _____ (not be) lonely.

Old people would find shopping easier if we ⁸ _____ (help) them.

3 Choose three of the ideas below. For each idea, write two sentences about what you would / wouldn't do.

win £1 million	visit the Antarctic	be fitter	have more time	live in Australia

Lesson 4 / Language in use

1	M	atch	the	sentences
	IV	uccii	uie	sentences

I'm bored. __C
 I have to go. ____
 I can't afford it. ____

I'm not very fit. _____

I don't know.

- $\textbf{A} \quad I \text{ wish I did.}$
- **B** I wish I could.
- C I wish I wasn't.
- **D** I wish I didn't.
- E I wish I was.



2 Complete the conversation with the correct form of the verbs.

- **A:** We can't find anywhere to play football.
- **B:** I wish we ¹ <u>could find</u> somewhere to play.
- **A:** There's so much concrete everywhere.
- **B:** I wish there ² _____ so much concrete here.
- **A:** People drop litter everywhere!
- **B:** I wish they ³ _____ their litter
- A: There aren't enough parks here.
- **B:** I wish there ⁴ _____ more parks.
- A: I can't think of anything else to do.
- **B:** I wish we ⁵ _____ of other activities.

A: We have to take a bus to the leisure centre.

B: I wish we ⁶ ______ to use public transport.

3 (1) 10.2 Listen and write an 'I wish' sentence.



1	l wish my project was here.
2	

3 _____

6

Lesson 5 Exam practice

1 For each question, choose the correct answer.



Concerts for children

Concerts for children is a charity that uses music to motivate children who have difficulties with learning. The charity believes that music is essential for everyone and that it is important for children to learn about it. It's aim is to develop the children's skills and self-confidence. It realises that sometimes in places with a lot of poverty, or where children need special help to learn, they can miss out on the chance to experience live music. So the charity sends professional musicians to schools to perform for the children. Schools report that this experience really benefits their pupils. They love listening to the music and finding out from the musicians how it can make their lives happier.

The charity listens to children, too. When it hears children say, 'I wish I could play an instrument', it makes it happen. If a school doesn't have musical instruments or music teachers, the charity either provides these resources or gives the school funding to pay for them. The children practise together and work towards putting on their own concerts for friends and parents. As well as learning a new skill, children also discover how to work in a team and they have a lot of fun. The charity is grateful for all donations. If it had more money, it would be able to help even more children.

- 1	what does the charity encourag	e cni	liaren to ao?		
	A buy music	В	teach music	(C)	enjoy music
2	What does the charity believe?				
	A that music can help children feel more confident	В	that music should only be played by professionals	С	that music will help pay for children's schools
3	Who can sometimes miss out on	the	chance to hear live music?		
	A children in big cities with no music teachers	В	children who live in poverty or need help to learn	С	children who don't know how to play instruments
4	How do the children feel about t	he c	oncerts the professional music	ians	perform for them?
	A they don't enjoy the kind of music that is played	В	they love listening to the music	С	they want to join the musicians
5	What can children learn in music	clas	sses?		
	A how to do better in their other classes	В	how to find money for a teacher and instruments	С	how to use a new skill and work in a team
ess	Learning to learn Tick () the best sentence	(a c	or b) to use when you're g	ving	j feedback.
1	a / I couldn't hear you.		b You could spec	ık a b	it louder.
2	You don't know very mar English words, do you?	y (b Be careful not same word too		
3	You made one or two mistakes with your verbs		b Your grammar	was	terrible.
4	Sometimes what you said wasn't clear.		b I couldn't unde pronunciation		
5	You're getting better all the time.		b When are you	going	g to improve?

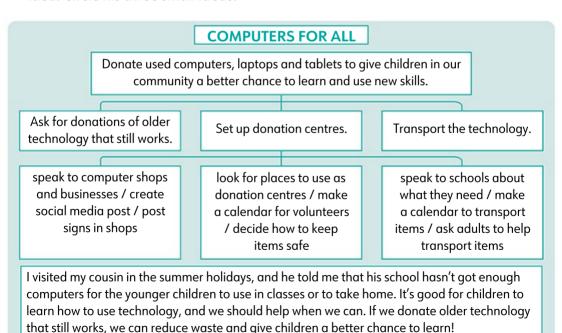
Prepare to write

2

1 Match the advice about giving a talk to the correct categories.

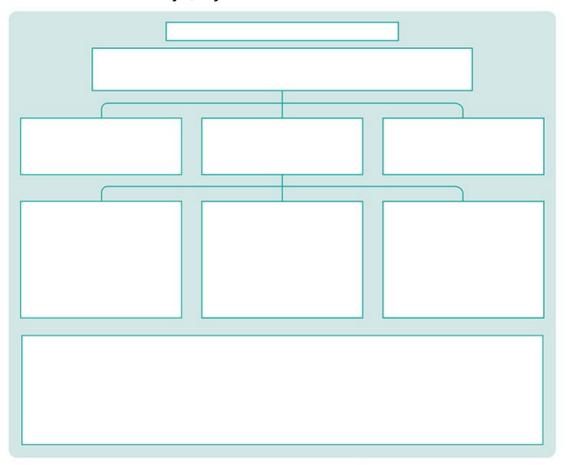
a b c	plan your talk rehearse in front of a mirror put your notes on the desk		e	wri	e your talk to a friend te one big idea and three sma k at the people you're speakin	
pare ad a	: Pra	ctise: b) (eser	Perform:	
This	really made me think about .			4	I am passionate about	
	esn't really matter, but ther reason why			5	I don't know why I'm talking to you today about	

3 Read Amr's notes for his talk about starting a new charity. Underline Amr's big idea. Circle his three small ideas.



Ready to write

4 Write notes for a talk you will give to your classmates about starting a new charity. Use the ideas in Activity 1, or your own ideas.



5 Read and check what you wrote in Activity 4. Tick (\checkmark).

- 1	D: 11	• • •			· 1		. 1	- 11		_
	ו אונו	WILL	ana	hia.	חסח	and	throo	cmalle	rida	nc/
-	Diai	wille	OHE	DIU.	lucu	unu	unee	smalle	i iuc	us:

- Did I share my inspiration for my idea?
- Is there enough information in my notes to give my talk?

6 Rewrite the notes for your talk in your notebook. Use the points in Activity 5 to improve your work.

Lesson 7 / Functional language

- 1 🚺 10.3 Listen and circle the correct words.
 - 1 Uncle Andy admires / inspires Helen.
 - 2 His adventures are fascinating / admirable.
 - 3 He's passionate about different cultures / protecting endangered animals.
 - 4 His books are fascinating / make a difference to people.
 - 5 He is **supportive of / committed to** Helen's ambitions.



Check-up challenge

- 1 Circle the word in each group that is different and explain why.
- - 2 make a difference / committed / passionate / essential
 - 3 concrete / hoop / oxygen / litter
 - 4 run out / lack / plenty / not enough
 - 5 litter / concrete / resources / pollution
 - 6 admirable / messy / passionate / supportive
- 2 Look and complete the sentences with your own ideas.









- 1 If you were more committed, <u>you'd be a better player.</u>
- 2 ______ if you went shopping more often.
- 3 ______, I'd use it right now!
- 4 ______, it wouldn't be so messy.

3	Re	ewrite the sentences using <i>if</i> .							
	1	My phone doesn't work, so I need a new one.							
		If my phone worked, I wouldn't need a new one							
	2	2 I wish I could buy a new phone, but I don't have enough money.							
		IfI							
	3	I don't have enough money because I spend so much on games.							
		I'd have							
	4	I don't want to use my mum's phone because it isn't a smartphone.							
		I'd use							
	5	I can't call my friends because my phone doesn't work.							
		If my							
	۱۸/	rite sentences about you using <i>I wish</i> + the verbs.							
•	~								
	1	have be can travel live can go know							
	1	I wish I had							
	2	I wish I							
	3								
	4								
	5								
	6								
	WI	hat I can do!							
	Put	t a tick (✓) or a cross (×).							
	ma	ke inferences and draw conclusions understand and use similes							
	talk	about unreal or unlikely situations write notes for a talk							
	talk	about things I'd like to be different give a talk about someone I admire							
	In t	his unit, my favourite activity is:							
		mething I did well:							
	Something I could improve:								

End-of-year review

1 Write the words in the correct columns. Four words don't fit in the categories. Write these in the fifth column, and give them a heading.

			_	_	
	animation disgusting link privacy settings	athletic hack marathon slogan	brand hologram martial art studio	competitive jealous messy username	director layout nasty well-designed
Film	Nega adjec	•	erspace	Advertising	
		pr	ivacy settings	-	
				-	
				-1	ST 3
Und	erline the incorre	ect word in ea	ch sentence.	Then write the	correct words.
	oeal audience sionate persuas			emories portive	
1 A	n eye-catching adv	ert will make a b	rand <u>achieve</u> to	people.	appeal
	he email I received on lots of money!	was very proud.	I believed I had		
3 P	eter is suspicious ak	oout running. He	trains every day	<i>/</i> .	
	is entertaining that rithout it.	t we have more f	unding. We can	't finish the film	
5	Ve have lots of happ	y souvenirs of th	ne time we spen	t together.	
	attie released the c		out opening it b	ecause she	
7 T	he actors were outs	tanding, but the	set was very ba	dly written.	
8 T	heir project needs n	nore funding or	they will run out	of poverty.	
	he predator enjoye	•	_	, ,	

2

3	Tic	ck (\checkmark) the correct sentences. Underline $lpha$	ınd d	correct the mistakes in the others.
	1	The virus was sent as an attachment.		
	2	The script was wrote three years ago.		<u>written</u>
	3	The email hasn't be sent.		
	4	The party has been planned for next week.		
	5	The park will be tidied up tomorrow.		
	6	The winners' names will been announced tomo	rrow	·
	7	The files were deleting accidentally.		
	8	My computer has been hack.		
	9	You'll be taken to the park by bus.		
1	0	Those messages has been blocked.		
4	Cc	omplete the five conversations. Circle a, k	oor	c.
	1	Someone's in the kitchen.	а	It wasn't, was it?
			(b	It must be Ben.
			c	You might enjoy cooking.
	2	Why haven't you finished your project?	а	I wish I had written it sooner.
			b	My files have been deleted by a virus.
			c	It hasn't been done.
	3	The product will be released in May, won't it?	а	Yes, it will.
			b	It won't be finished.
			c	They're going to do that.
	4	Who has been chosen for the team?	а	It could be true.
			b	They aren't sporty.
			c	The fastest runners.
	5	I can't afford it.	а	I don't have enough money either.
			b	Would you like some?
			c	Change your privacy settings.

5 🕦 10.4 Listen and write the direct questions as reported questions.



1	He asked <u>where she was from</u>	
2	He asked	biggest win.
3	He asked who	·
4	He asked	the following year.
5	He asked	every day.
6	He asked her when	TV again.

- 6 Use the prompts to write sentences.
 - 1 if I / be / more competitive, I / take part / in a marathon

 If I was more competitive, I would take part in a marathon.

I wish I / can / run / as fast as you

2 if the film / have / a better script, it / win / an award

I wish I / be / a film director

 ${f 3}$ school / be / better if we / not study / maths

I wish I / go / to your school

4 they / sell / more if the advert / be / more appealing

I wish I / can / afford to buy one

7 For each question, choose the correct answer.

A dream job						
Daniel Shaw has been working at Xoonox as a video game designer (0)since						
2014. He loves his job because it's so creative. He has been able to (1)	his					
talent for creating amazing special effects. He also likes being part (2)						
a team. His first game, the award-winning <i>Hidden Planets</i> , (3)						
released three years ago. It has (4) bought by players all over the						
world. The reviews on social media said Xoonox (5) created an						
outstanding product. Its graphics (6) described as 'impressive' and						
'eye-catching'. Now Daniel is working on a multi-player game set in a fantasy world called						
Cyberland. It (7) be released early next year. He told us this game						
(8) be even more popular than <i>Hidden Planets</i> .						

Ex	Example:					
0	Α	in	B	since	C	for
1	Α	develop	В	developing	C	develope
2	Α	in	В	of	C	on
3	Α	was	В	is	C	has been
4	Α	gone	В	had	C	been
5	Α	did	В	was	C	had
6	Α	might	В	were	C	was
7	Α	is	В	will	C	couldn't
8	Α	could	В	can't	C	can



8	Complete the sentences	using the co	rrect form o	of reported	speech.
---	------------------------	--------------	--------------	-------------	---------

1	Everyone saw the advert. The company said <u>everyone had seen</u>	_the advert.
2	'The cast have been outstanding.' The director said the	outstanding
3	'It will be tough.' The coach said tough.	
4	You can download the chat app.' He told me	the chat app.
5	'I've had to persevere.' The runner said to pe	ersevere.
6	'There won't be enough resources.' The charity said	enough resources.
7	'The play was entertaining.' The reviews said the	entertaining.
8	'We can use CGI for the animation.' The designers saidthe animation.	CGI for

Game



12

Have another go!

What has and 13 hasn't been done?

Write a script. ✓ Choose actors. ✓ Make the film. X



1992: first text message / send 2000: first smartphone

produce

10

You asked Sue:

'What's in the bag?' 'How often do you volunteer?'

> Report your questions.



Miss a turn!



Add the question tags:

A: The match started at 2 pm. ...?

B: Yes. You'll be there later, ...?





Continue the dialogue with two more questions.

A: Have you ever been to an aquarium?

B: Yes, I have.





Complete the sentence in two different ways.

I couldn't log in yesterday because I had / hadn't ...



Go back one space!



How would your life be different if you were older now?

Make two sentences.





Go forward one space!

Why are you so tired?
Give two possible
answers using the
present perfect
continuous.

Your friend isn't at school today. Make two sentences with must, can't or might.

Game rules

Players: two - six people

You will need:

Spinner with six sides Counters of different colours

- 1 Put all your counters on the Start square.
- 2 The youngest person playing can go first. Spin the spinner, read the number it lands on and move your counter the number of spaces.
- 3 Read the question in the square to your friends.
 Answer the question (with no help!). Then, ask your friends to check in the Pupil's Book / Workbook whether your answer is correct.
- 4 If you answered correctly, keep your counter on the square.
- 5 If you answered incorrectly, go back to the last square you were on.
- 6 Watch out! There are some squares that will help you move forward, and some which will take you back!
- 7 The winner is the first person to reach the end of the board.

Good luck!

Unit 1 // Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

at risk	observe
background	predator
behaviour	prey
bottom	protect
chance	record
conservation	sanctuary
danger	species
endangered	survival
foreground	survive
get rid of	swift
habitat	top
migrate	trust
nervous	unbelievable

Present perfect and past simple (Pupil's Book page 11)

Use the **present perfect** ...

- 1 for an experience at some time in our life up to now. We **do not** say when it happened.
- 2 for something that happened recently and has a result in the present.
- 3 with for, since, already, yet and just.

Use the **past simple** for finished actions. Add a specific time (for example *last weekend*) to say when.

She's taken photos since 2002.

She **took** this photo **last winter**.

Present perfect and past simple questions (Pupil's Book page 12)

Use the **present perfect** to ask about an experience in someone's life. If the answer is 'yes', use the **past simple** for all the questions that follow.

Have you ever **visited** the bird sanctuary? Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.

When did you go? I went last weekend.

How long have you been interested in birds? For six years.

Unit 2 // Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

product	
race	
receive	
satellite	
navigation	
send	
signal	
sledge	
South Pole	
sporty	
system	
waterproof	
	race receive satellite navigation send signal sledge South Pole sporty system

Past perfect (Pupil's Book page 25)

Use the **past perfect** to say that something happened **before** another action or event in the past.

When his mum arrived, Peter had invented a new drink.

He was happy because he hadn't invented anything before.

Reflexive pronouns (Pupil's Book page 26)

Use **reflexive pronouns** when the object of the sentence is the same as the subject. The pronouns are: *myself* (*I*), *yourself* (*you singular*), *himself* (*he*), *herself* (*she*), *itself* (*it*), *ourselves* (*we*), *yourselves* (*you plural*), *themselves* (*they*).

I'm teaching **myself** to play the guitar.

He films himself giving lessons.

We could record ourselves singing.

They film **themselves** teaching different things.

Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

atmosphere		recognise
bitter		
Dittel		rectangular
blind		rough
cope		round
destroy		sight
disgusting	10	silent
familiar		smell
fascinating		smooth
giant		soft
hard		sound
imaginative		sour
memorise		sticky
planet		

Modals of deduction (Pupil's Book page 37)

Use **modal verbs** to make a deduction about a present situation: can't = I'm very sure it's **not** true could, may (not), might (not) = I'm not sure, but it's possible must = I'm very sure it's true

It **can't** be a banana. It's blue. It **may not / might not** be a leaf. It smells nice. It **may / might / could** be a leaf. It **must** be a flower.

Looks / feels / tastes / smells (like) (Pupil's Book page 38)

looks / feels / tastes / smells + adjective looks / feels / tastes / smells + like + noun

It looks round. It tastes familiar. It smells disgusting. It feels hard.

It **looks like** a fruit. It **feels like** a pepper. It **tastes like** tomatoes. It **smells like** cheese.

Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

benefit	exhibition	
bin bag	form a band	
biodiversity	global	
charity	inspire	
climate	raise money	
change		
community	rubbish	
damage	slogan	
donate	- 8	2.5
elderly	volunteer	
encourage		
environment		2

Present perfect continuous (Pupil's Book page 51)

Use the **present perfect continuous** to emphasise the **duration** of an action. Use it to talk about ...

- 1 an activity that started in the past and is still continuing now.
- 2 a recently finished activity, especially one that has a result now.
- 3 with for and since to show that the activity is still continuing now.

They've been planting trees. Look at their hands! He's been lying here since 10 o'clock. He hasn't been helping them.

Present perfect continuous questions (Pupil's Book page 52)

How long have you **been volunteering** at this community project? For about two years. **Have** you **been working** hard today? Yes, I have. / No, I haven't. **What have** you **been doing?** I've been preparing lunch.

Unit 5 // Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

ambitious	 homesick
cable car	look forward
cattle	to
confident	outdoors
cowboy /	plenty
cowgirl	 ranch
determined	 rhino
experience	souvenir
extreme	sunrise
forecast	traditional
gift shop	weak
hire	

Reported requests and commands (Pupil's Book page 63)

Please **tell** me a story. **I asked** you **to tell** me a story.

Don't sing! I told you not to sing.

Present continuous for future arrangements (Pupil's Book page 64)

Use the **present continuous** to talk about future arrangements.

Where are you going on holiday? We're going to Cape Town.

What are you doing at the weekend? I'm going up Table Mountain.

Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

appeal	 memory
award-	multi-player
winning	 persuasive
brand	 professional
check out	 realistic
depend on	 review
effective	 social media
entertaining	stand out
eye-catching	 submarine
graphics	talent
highlight	well-
	 designed
layout	

Reported speech – past simple, present perfect, will and can (Pupil's Book page 73)

When you report what people say, you usually change the verb:

```
past simple \longrightarrow past perfect can / can't \longrightarrow could / couldn't
present perfect \longrightarrow past perfect will / won't \longrightarrow would / wouldn't
```

'We have developed a great product.'

They said they had developed a great product.

They said I could fly over the city.

They said I could fly over the city.

We didn't make any mistakes!'

They said we wouldn't find a better offer.

They said they hadn't made any mistakes.

Question tags (Pupil's Book page 74)

Use **question tags** at the end of a sentence to confirm information.

affirmative verb ---- negative question tag negative verb ----- affirmative question tag

The graphics looked impressive, didn't they? It wasn't difficult, was it?

The reviews have been good, haven't they? We won't have to take turns, will we?

Unit 7 // Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

achieve	marathon	
acrobatics	martial art	
amateur	mixture	
athletic	persevere	
balance	practise	
career	prize	
competitive	proud	
endurance	strength	
enter	team spirit	
fitness	tough	
flexibility		
injured		

Reported Wh-questions (Pupil's Book page 85)

In reported Wh-questions ...

- 1 move the tense **back** in the same way as reported statements:

 am / is / are \rightarrow was / were present simple \rightarrow past simple \can / \can't \rightarrow \couldn't
- 2 the subject comes **before** the verb.
- **3 do not** use a question mark or an auxiliary verb (do / does / did).

How long is the race? She asked me how long the race was.

Where do you train? She asked me where I trained.

Why can't I run faster? She asked why she couldn't run faster.

Reported yes / no questions with if and whethe (Pupil's Book page 86)

In reported yes / no questions ...

- 1 move the tense back.
- 2 the subject comes **before** the verb.
- **3** use *if* or *whether* before the subject.

'Do you know about capoeira?' He asked us if we knew about capoeira.

'Is it like karate?' He asked if it was like karate.

'Can we try it?' He asked if we could try it.

Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

attachment	password	-
blocked	privacy	
bully	settings	
chat app	rumour	100
cyberspace	stranger	
delete	suspicious	-
download	upload	_
hack	username	_
ignore	victim	- 10
link	virus	
log in	weird	_
nastv		

Past simple passive (Pupil's Book page 99)

Use the **past simple passive** to talk about past events when you want to emphasise the action (rather than who did it).

My computer was hacked last night.

My password wasn't copied.

All my exercises were stolen.

My personal details weren't stolen.

Modal verbs review (Pupil's Book page 100)

You can use **modal verbs** in different ways:

To talk about past ability: could / couldn't

To make a deduction about a present situation: must / could / may (not) / might (not) / can't

To talk about a possible future situation: could / might (not) / may (not)

I **could** log in yesterday, but I **couldn't** log in this morning.

It **can't** be a virus. You **might** have the wrong password.

I might upload my article, but I may not post the photos.

Unit 9 // Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

action	hologram
animation	jealous
announce	outstanding
audience	plot
based on	release
cast	romance
CGI (computer-generated imagery)	science fiction
costumes	script
director	search
fantasy	studio
guilty	version

Present perfect passive (Pupil's Book page 111)

Use the passive to emphasise what happened (rather than who did it). Use the **present perfect passive** to talk about things in the past that happened very recently or are still continuing.

The cinema hasn't been painted.

The seats haven't been delivered.

The film stars have been invited.

Future passive (Pupil's Book page 112)

Use the **future passive** to emphasise what will happen (rather than who will do it).

It will be based on a real-life story.

The cast won't be announced until they start filming.

Vocabulary and grammar reference

Translate the words into your language.

admirable	 messy
anxious	 mirror
brain	 oxygen
breath	passionate
committed	pollution
concrete	public
essential	 resources
hoop	 run out of
lack	speaker
litter	supportive
make a difference	

Second conditional (Pupil's Book page 125)

Use the **second conditional** to talk about an **unreal present** or **unlikely future** situation and its imagined result.

If I had my phone, I'd take a photo.

If you took a photo, I wouldn't forgive you.

If it didn't have my shoe, I'd chase it.

I wish + past tense / could (Pupil's Book page 126)

Use *I wish* + past tense *I* could to say how you would like a present situation to be different. Change the verb: affirmative present simple \longrightarrow negative past simple $can't \longrightarrow could$

The playground **is** messy. **I wish** it **wasn't** so messy.

We **live** in the city. I wish we didn't live in the city.

We **can't** play basketball. **I wish** we **could** play basketball.

Irregular verb list

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
be	was / were	been
begin	began	begun
bite	bit	bitten
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
dig	dug	dug
do	did	done
draw	drew	drawn
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feel	felt	felt
fight	fought	fought
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
forget	forgot	forgotten
forgive	forgave	forgiven
get	got	got
give	gave	given
go	went	gone
grow	grew	grown
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hide	hid	hidden
hurt	hurt	hurt
know	knew	known

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
learn	learnt	learnt
leave	left	left
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
meet	met	met
pay	paid	paid
put	put	put
read	read	read
ride	rode	ridden
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
sing	sang	sung
sit	sat	sat
show	showed	shown
sleep	slept	slept
steal	stole	stolen
speak	spoke	spoken
spit	spat	spat
stand	stood	stood
swim	swam	swum
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
wake	woke	woken
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written